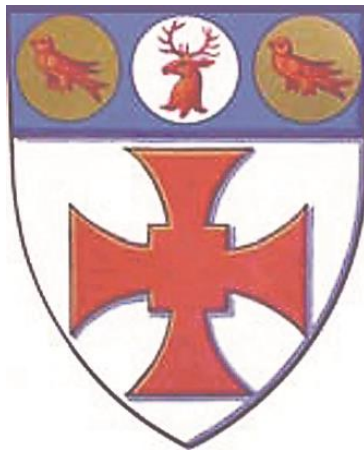


The Anglican Synod of the Diocese of British Columbia



**Constitution, Canons and Regulations of the
Anglican Synod of the Diocese of British Columbia
May 2023**

DECLARATION OF PRINCIPLES

First Made December 16, 1875

We, the Bishop, Clergy and Laity of the Diocese of British Columbia, assembled in Synod, and intending, under God's blessing and guidance, to consider and determine upon such matters as shall appear necessary for the welfare of the Church in this Diocese, desire in the first place to make a Declaration of Principles upon which we propose to proceed.

1. We desire that the Church in this Diocese shall continue as heretofore in full communion with the Church of England.
2. We recognize and accept the Canon of Holy Scripture as received by the Church of England as the Rule and Standard of our Christian Faith. We acknowledge "The Book of Common Prayer and Administration of the Sacraments" together with the Thirty-nine Articles of Religion of the Church of England to be a true and faithful declaration of the doctrines contained in the Holy Scripture. We maintain the three-fold order of the Christian Ministry, as set forth in the "Form and Manner of Making, Ordaining, and Consecrating of Bishops, Priests and Deacons", to be Scriptural and Apostolical, and we declare our firm and unanimous resolution, in dependence on Divine aid, to preserve those doctrines and that form of Church Order, and to transmit them unimpaired to our posterity.
3. Provided that nothing herein contained shall prevent the Synod, so far as the Synod may see fit, from accepting any alteration in "The Book of Common Prayer and Administration of the Sacraments", or of the Thirty-nine Articles of Religion, or in the Authorized Version of the Bible, that may from time to time be adopted by the Church of England in Canada, or any prayer or Thanksgiving to be prepared by the Bishop, which any special purposes may render desirable.

THE ANGLICAN BISHOPS' CORPORATION ACT

(44 Viced.)

(Cap. 2)

A.D.1881

An Act to constitute the Bishops of British Columbia, Caledonia, and New Westminster Corporations Sole (25th March, 1881)

Whereas, the Bishop of British Columbia has been constituted a Corporation sole by Royal Letters Patent, and has in that capacity received, held and conveyed real estate.

And whereas, the Diocese of British Columbia has been divided into three Sees, the Bishopric of British Columbia, the Bishopric of Caledonia, and the Bishopric of New Westminster:

Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the consent of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia, enacts as follows:

1. The present Bishop of British Columbia is, and he and his successors in office duly elected or acknowledged by the Synod of his Diocese, or otherwise duly appointed and consecrated, by lawful authority Bishops of British Columbia, shall be a Corporation sole with perpetual succession, retaining the name of the Lord Bishop of British Columbia as heretofore used, with the power to acquire and hold lands, and all real estate conveyed to or vested in the Bishops of British Columbia, whether in trust or otherwise, shall be vested in the said Corporation sole, with power, subject to all existing trusts, to sell, convey, lease, mortgage, or otherwise deal with the same or any part thereof.
2. The present Bishop of Caledonia and his successors in office, duly elected or acknowledged by the Synod of the Diocese of Caledonia, or otherwise duly appointed and consecrated by lawful authority Bishops of Caledonia, shall be a Corporation sole with perpetual succession retaining the name of the Lord Bishop of Caledonia as heretofore used, with power to acquire and hold lands, and all real estate conveyed to or vested in the Bishop of Caledonia, whether in trust or otherwise, shall be vested in the said Corporation sole, with power, subject to all existing trusts, to sell, convey, lease, mortgage, or otherwise deal with the same or any part thereof.
3. The present Bishop of New Westminster and his successors in office, duly elected or acknowledged by the Synod of the Diocese of New Westminster, or otherwise duly appointed and consecrated by lawful authority Bishop of New Westminster, shall be a corporation sole with perpetual succession, retaining the name of the Lord Bishop of New Westminster as heretofore used, with power to acquire and hold lands, and all real estate conveyed to or vested in the Bishop of New Westminster, whether in trust or otherwise, shall be vested in the said Corporation sole, with power, subject to all existing trusts, to sell, convey, lease, mortgage, or otherwise deal with the same or any part thereof.
4. The extent of real estate held by the said Bishops in their corporate capacity respectively within the Province of British Columbia, shall not exceed 5,000 acres at any time.
5. Nothing in this Act contained shall, or shall be deemed to confer any spiritual or ecclesiastical rights whatsoever upon the said Episcopal corporations hereby continued or created.
6. The Short title of this Act shall be "Anglican Bishops' Corporation Act."

THE SYNOD INCORPORATION ACT
(52 Viced.) (Cap. 30) A.D. 1889
**An Act to incorporate the Anglican Synod of the Diocese of
British Columbia**

Whereas a petition has been presented from the Bishop and the Synod of the Diocese of British Columbia, such Diocese consisting of Vancouver Island and other islands adjacent, praying that the Synod should be incorporated, and it is expedient to grant the prayer of the said petition.

Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia, enact as follows:

1. The Synod of the Diocese of British Columbia shall be, and the same is hereby, made and constituted a body politic and corporate, under the name of "The Anglican Synod of the Diocese of British Columbia", hereinafter called the Corporation.
2. The said Corporation shall consist of the Bishop of the said Diocese and his successors, to be from time to time appointed in such manner as is or shall be provided by the said Synod, or the Provincial Synod of the Ecclesiastical Province hereinafter to be formed, and of such other persons as are or may become members thereof, according to the constitution of the said Diocesan Synod, as the same exists at the time of the passing of this Act (which constitution is set forth in Schedule A of this Act) or as the said constitution may from time to time, be altered by the said Provincial Synod, or by the said Diocesan Synod, acting with the powers vested in it by the Provincial Synod aforesaid.
3. Such Corporation shall have perpetual succession and a common seal, with power to change, alter, break, and renew the same when and so often as they shall think proper, and the said Corporation may, under the same name, contract and be contracted with, sue and be sued, employed and be impleaded with, answer and defend in all Courts and places whatsoever; and the said Corporation shall be able and capable in law, respectively, to purchase, take hold, give, receive, enjoy, possess and retain all messuages, lands, tenements, and immovable property, money, goods, chattels, and movable property which have been or hereafter shall be paid, given, granted, appropriated, devised, or bequeathed to it, or purchased by it, in any manner or way whatsoever, to, for, or in favor of the eleemosynary, ecclesiastical, and educational use and purposes, within the Province of British Columbia, of the Church of England, including thereby the uses and purposes of any parish, mission, institution, school, or hospital, connected with the Church of England in British Columbia.
4. The Corporation shall, in addition to the powers conferred upon it by the next preceding section of this Act, and subject to the provisions thereof, have the power to sell, convey, exchange, alienate, mortgage, lease or demise any lands, tenements and hereditaments held by the said Corporation, whether simply by way of investment for the uses and purposes set forth in the next preceding section of this Act or not; and the Corporation may also, from time to time, invest all or any of its funds and monies, and all or any funds and personal property which may be vested in, or acquired by the Corporation for eleemosynary, ecclesiastical, or educational purposes aforesaid, in and upon any mortgage security or lands, tenements and hereditaments, and in other securities in any part or parts of British Columbia; securities authorized by the Trustee and in any Act and amendments thereto; and in any securities authorized by the laws of the Dominion of Canada, for the investment or lending by Canadian Life insurance companies of their funds; and for the purposes of such investment may take, receive, and accept a mortgage or mortgages, or any assignment or assignments thereof, whether such mortgage or assignment be made and executed directly to it in its own corporate name, or to some other corporation, or body politic and corporate, or to some company or person or persons in trust for it, and shall have and enjoy the same, and as large, full and ample powers and rights of sale and foreclosure, action and suit upon and for the purpose of enforcing the covenants, stipulations, conditions, and agreements, and all matters and things contained in such mortgages, or any of them, and in as ample a manner, as if it were a private person able and capable in the law; and furthermore may sell, grant, assign and transfer such mortgages or any of them, either wholly or partly. All investments heretofore made by the Anglican Synod of the Diocese of British Columbia are validated and confirmed.

5. The said Corporation shall, in the case of land held by it, be able to set apart a portion of such land for the purpose of making a road, or to make a free grant of a portion not exceeding one acre in extent for the purpose of a school, hospital, or other necessary public object.
6. It shall be lawful for the Corporation of the Bishop of British Columbia, or any other person or persons, to transfer any property, real or personal, held in trust by him or them for the aforesaid eleemosynary, ecclesiastical, or educational uses of the Church of England, or the Church of England in British Columbia, to the said Corporation, to be held in trust for the same purposes.
7. The said Corporation may exercise all its power by and through the Executive Council as established by the constitution aforesaid, or such other boards or committees as the said Corporation may from time to time appoint by resolution for the management of all or any of the affairs or property of the said Corporation, but in accordance only with the trusts relating to any property to which special trust is attached; the said Synod may also appoint a treasurer or treasurers, and make such regulations for the management and administration of its property as it shall see fit. The Corporation shall also have the right of appointing any officer or other needful agent or agents for the management of its affairs, and shall have all other rights necessarily incident to a body corporate.
8. The terms "Church of England", or "the Church of England in British Columbia", in all deeds, instruments and documents that have been heretofore, or that may hereafter be, executed, dealing with real or personal property within the province of British Columbia, shall mean, unless a different construction is gathered from the deeds, instruments or documents, that portion of the Church of England within the Province of British Columbia.
9. Any conveyance of real estate, or any interest therein vested in the Corporation shall be deemed to be duly executed for that purpose if the same has affixed thereto the seal of the Corporation, verified by the signatures of the Bishop for the time being the Diocese of British Columbia, or his commissary duly appointed, and the secretary of the aforesaid Executive Council, and a discharge of a mortgage, if executed in the same way, shall be deemed to be properly and effectively executed.
10. In all Acts of the Legislature of this Province heretofore passed relating in any way to the Church of England, or to any of the ecclesiastical or educational institutions in any way connected herewith, and in all deeds, documents, and other writings heretofore executed where reference is made to the Diocesan Synod of British Columbia, either in direct terms or by implication, or to any officers or committees thereof, the same shall hereafter be construed as if the Corporation hereby incorporated, and the committees and officers thereof, were
 - a. the body and the committee and officers referred to in such an Act, deed, document or writings, instead of such Synod, committees and officers.
11. Any conveyance of real estate, or any interest therein, vested in the Corporation of the Bishop of British Columbia, shall hereafter be deemed to be duly executed for that purpose, if the same has affixed thereto the seal of the Corporation of the Bishop of British Columbia, verified by the signature of the Bishop for the time being of the Diocese of British Columbia, or his commissary duly appointed, and discharge of a mortgage, if executed in the same way, shall be deemed to be properly and effectually executed.
12. All Acts and parts of Acts inconsistent with this Act are hereby repealed.
13. Nothing in this or any other Act contained shall be construed as implying that the Imperial Statute 9 George the Second, Cap. 36, has any force or effect in British Columbia.
14. This Act may be cited as the "Anglican Synod of British Columbia Incorporation Act, 1889".

SOLEMN DECLARATION

1893

In the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost. Amen

We, the Bishops, together with the Delegates from the Clergy and Laity of the Church of England in the Dominion of Canada, now assembled in the first General Synod, hereby make the following Solemn Declaration:

We declare this Church to be, and desire that it shall continue, in full communion with the Church of England throughout the world, as an integral portion of the One Body of Christ composed of Churches which, united under the One Divine Head and in the fellowship of the One Holy Catholic and Apostolic Church, hold the One Faith revealed in Holy Writ, and defined in the Creeds as maintained by the undivided primitive Church in the undisputed Ecumenical Councils; receive the same Canonical Scriptures of the Old and New Testaments, as containing all things necessary to salvation; teach the same Word of God; partake of the same Divinely ordained Sacraments, through the ministry of the same Apostolic Orders; and worship One God and Father through the same Lord Jesus Christ, by the same Holy and Divine Spirit who is given to them that believe to guide them into all truth.

And we are determined by the help of God to hold and maintain the Doctrine, Sacraments, and Discipline of Christ as the Lord hath commanded in His Holy Word, and as the Church of England hath received and set forth the same in "The Book of Common Prayer and Administration of the Sacraments and other Rites and Ceremonies of the Church, according to the use of the Church of England; together with the Psalter or Psalms of David, appointed as they are to be sung or said in Churches; and the Form and Manner of Making, Ordaining, and Consecrating of Bishops, Priests and Deacons"; and in the Thirty-nine Articles of Religion; and to transmit the same unimpaired to our posterity.

...Page VIII - The Book of Common Prayer, Canada

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THE CONSTITUTION OF THE SYNOD
ARTICLE I - DEFINITIONS AND INTERPRETATIONS

(a) This constitution and the canons of the Synod and all regulations made thereunder shall be interpreted in their plain and literal sense provided that words of an ecclesiastical meaning and words of a financial meaning shall be construed in their specific context as shall other words having technical meaning.

(b) Without restricting the generality of the foregoing in this constitution, in the canons and in all regulations made thereunder the following definitions shall apply unless the context otherwise requires:

“Act of Synod” is a direction given by the Synod to one or more of its officers or other persons or body to perform some special act(s). It remains in force until it has been complied with or until the next session of Synod.

“Assisted parish” is a parish which, after completion of a full parish review, is found to be unable to finance its own operations and pay its assessment.

“Administrator” is the person appointed or elected as provided in the canon in the vacancy of the See or the incapacity of the bishop.

“Bishop” is the bishop of the Diocese of British Columbia, or any bishop coadjutor, bishop suffragan, bishop assistant, administrator or commissary acting for the time being in the bishop’s place and stead upon the bishop’s authority or the authority of the metropolitan.

“Bishop assistant” is a bishop appointed by the diocesan.

“Bishop coadjutor” is a duly elected and employed bishop with right of succession.

“Bishop suffragan” is a duly elected and employed bishop who may have territorial jurisdiction as ordered by the bishop of the Diocese.

“Canon” is an enactment of the Synod declared so to be upon its adoption.

“Church” is the Anglican Church of Canada.

“Clergy/cleric” unless otherwise qualified is every person in holy orders from the Anglican Church of Canada and the ELCiC and those churches in full communion with the Anglican Church of Canada, whose name is on the clerical register of the Diocese of British Columbia.

“Commissary” is a cleric of the Diocese of not less than ten years’ standing appointed under the hand and seal of the bishop, for such duties as the bishop may define.

“Communicant” is any parishioner who has communicated, where having an opportunity of so doing, at least three times in the preceding year.

“Congregation” is the ecclesiastical division recognized by the bishop.

“Council” is the diocesan council.

“Dean” is appointed by the bishop, and is the senior cleric of the Diocese, regardless of years of service.

“Delegate”

- (a) (i) the clergy under provision of Article III (b)
- (ii) a lay representative under the provision of Article V
- (iii) a youth lay delegate under the provisions of Article III (g).

(b) is a clerical or lay representative to the General and/or Provincial Synod duly elected by the Diocesan Synod.

“Diocesan” is the bishop of the Diocese.

“Diocese” is the Diocese of British Columbia, unless otherwise qualified.

“Elector” is a parishioner not less than 16 years of age.

“Incumbent” is the cleric who has the cure of souls in a parish and who is licensed and appointed by the bishop to perform ecclesiastical duties therein.

“Memorial” is an address containing an exposition of facts and circumstances and soliciting attention thereto.

“Memorials in churches” include metal, stone or wooden plaques, ornaments, fixtures, articles of furniture, furnishings, lights, windows, or anything of a like description.

“Minister” is synonymous with incumbent (q.v.).

“Motion” is a form of words by which it is sought to elicit an expression of opinion, regarding some proposal contained therein.

“Order - rules of” are the rules adopted for the governing of the proceedings of the sessions of Synod, namely the rules set out in canon 2 and regulation 2.1.02.

“Parish” is an organized congregation or group of congregations within the Diocese of British Columbia.

“Parishioner” is any baptized person who shall have been in regular attendance at a church of the Diocese for a period of not less than three months.

Note 1 - No parishioner may vote in more than one parish in a 12-month period.

Note 2 - The “church” in question will be the parish where a vote is to take place and the “three months” will be the 3 months immediately prior to the calling of a meeting where a vote is to take place.

Note 3 - A communicant who for health reasons or other reasonable cause cannot attend the church shall be considered a parishioner for voting purposes.

“Petition” is a written or printed request addressed to a person or body of persons for the redress of some wrong or for the granting of some favour.

“Rector” is the incumbent of a self-supporting parish.

“Region” is a group of parishes within the Diocese linked together for the purposes of administration and mutual assistance save where the context directs otherwise as in the case of Christ Church Cathedral.

“Regional dean” is the cleric appointed by the bishop as the head of the region.

“Regional chapter” is composed of the licensed clergy within the region.

“Regional conference” is a meeting of appointed and elected clerical and lay members of a region.

“Regulation” is an instruction or order specifying the manner in which certain duties of officers and members of the Synod shall be performed, and in which the powers, authorities and duties specified in certain articles of the constitution and canons of the Synod may be carried out.

“Rule” prescribes some mode of procedure under a canon.

“Seniority of clergy” shall be determined by the length of continuous service as a licensed cleric of the Diocese.

“Session” is the annual and/or special meeting of the Synod, and covers the period from opening to final adjournment.

Note: A “special session” called for any purpose, is a continuation of the regular session, e.g. “second session of (say) 63rd Synod.

“Sittings” are the daily periods of the sessions of Synod.

For example:

1st day: morning sitting	2nd day: morning sitting
afternoon sitting	afternoon sitting
evening sitting	evening sitting
and so on.	

“Synod” is the Diocesan Synod of the Diocese of British Columbia.

“Vestry” is the annual or special meeting of parishioners duly convened and constituted for the transaction of business in accordance with the canons on that behalf.

“Year - financial” is from January 1st to December 31st each year.

ARTICLE II - JURISDICTION OF THE SYNOD

The Diocesan Synod may deliberate and decide on all matters affecting the interests of the church in the Diocese, but shall have no competence to change doctrine or worship as set forth in the official formularies of the Anglican Church of Canada, except as delegated by General Synod.

Upon a vote of two-thirds in each order, the Diocesan Synod may send a memorial to the General Synod concerning doctrine or worship. The memorial must be put forward for discussion by delegates to the General Synod.

ARTICLE III - THE COMPOSITION OF SYNOD

The Synod shall consist of:

- (a) The bishop of the Diocese and any duly elected bishop coadjutor, bishop suffragan or bishop assistant.
- (b) The clergy, who are for the time being, subject to the episcopal jurisdiction of the bishop according to canon XVIII of the General Synod of the Anglican Church of Canada and are licensed to a definite sphere of work within or without the Diocese, and are not members of another Anglican Diocese. Clergy who are under suspension or who are awaiting trial under canon shall not be eligible to sit in Synod until the suspension has been lifted, or the trial and any subsequent appeal has been disposed of. Retired clergy of the Diocese who are serving as interim priest-in-charge may attend Synod and vote. Clergy who have retired from active work in the Diocese may retain membership in the Synod for not longer than six months after the date of such retirement.
- (c) Ministers of other denominations who are licensed by the bishop for special work in ministering to congregations in partnership with the Anglican Church of Canada. Such ministers, unless members of denominations which are in full communion with the Anglican Church of Canada, shall not have a vote in a Synod called to elect a bishop; and provided also that such a minister may not be a delegate from this Diocese to Provincial or General Synods nor participate in the election of delegates from the Diocese to Provincial and General Synods.
- (d) The chancellor, the vice-chancellor, the registrar, the lay secretary and the treasurer.
- (e) The diocesan president of Anglican Church Women.
- (f) Lay delegates elected by parishes or congregations as specified hereunder:

(1) Every parish shall be entitled to elect delegates on the following scale:

Up to 100 electors	1 delegate
From 101 to 200 electors	2 delegates
From 201 to 300 electors	3 delegates
From 301 to 400 electors	4 delegates
From 401 to 500 electors	5 delegates
Over 500 electors	6 delegates

- (2) Any congregation which is not a parish or part of a parish, but is recognized by the bishop, and having not less than ten registered electors (of whom six shall be communicants) shall be entitled to elect one delegate at the annual meeting called for that purpose by the minister in charge of the congregation.
- (3) With the consent of the bishop, any parish or congregation providing just cause may elect as a lay delegate one who is a non-resident but who is otherwise qualified within the Diocese.
- (g) Youth lay delegates elected by the regions as follows:
Each region at a regional conference shall elect from the persons nominated by its constituent parishes at their annual general meeting, two delegates as youth lay delegates, between 16 and 25 years of age inclusive, and that they be that age on the date of their nomination at the annual general meeting of the parishes, and who shall have been communicants of at least one year's standing, the provisions of articles IV, V, VI, and VII with respect to residency, substitutes, filling of vacancies, and certificates of election respectively, shall apply mutatis mutandis.

ARTICLE IV - QUALIFICATION OF LAY DELEGATES

The lay delegates and youth lay delegates shall be communicants of at least one year's standing, and of the age of sixteen years and upwards, and resident within the Diocese for three months immediately preceding the election.

ARTICLE V - ELECTION OF LAY DELEGATES

The lay delegates should be elected at the annual meeting of the parishioners and they shall continue in office until others are elected. If no election is held at the annual meeting, then the minister shall call a meeting for such purpose at such time and place as he/she thinks proper. If no such meeting is held the lay delegates shall continue in office. At the same time and in the same manner an equal number of substitutes, having the same qualifications as lay delegates, may also be elected. The certification of election of lay delegates shall also contain the names of such substitute or substitutes. In case a lay delegate is unable to attend a session of the Synod, a substitute may take his/her place, and sit and vote in Synod as a lay delegate of the parish.

ARTICLE VI - FILLING LAY DELEGATE VACANCIES

If any lay delegate or substitute shall be unable to attend, the minister shall proceed to call a new election, or in an emergency, the minister and wardens shall appoint a substitute, subject to the ratification of parish council before the beginning of Synod.

ARTICLE VII- CERTIFICATE OF ELECTION OF LAY DELEGATES

The chair of the meeting at which lay delegates are elected shall send a certificate of election to the Synod office, on the form issued by the Synod office.

ARTICLE VIII - REGULAR SESSIONS

The Synod shall meet on a summons from the bishop and at such a time and place within the Diocese as the council shall direct. The Synod shall meet at least once every two years.

ARTICLE IX - SPECIAL SESSION

- (a) The bishop, or, in the case of the bishop's absence, the commissary or the administrator have power to call a special session of Synod on any occasion when he/she may deem it necessary for the welfare of the Diocese, at such time and place as he/she, in consultation with the council, shall direct; or
- (b) A special session of Synod shall be called upon a written requisition signed by ten of the clergy and ten of the lay members of Synod, specifying the object of the session, provided that no such session shall be held until at least six months after the last preceding session of Synod, except in the case of the election of a bishop.

ARTICLE X - NOTICE OF SYNOD

Notice of every session of Synod shall be signed by the executive officer, clerical and lay secretaries, or by one of them if only one shall be available, and shall be sent to all entitled to attend Synod. This shall be sufficient notice to each member of Synod. The notice (convening circular) may contain a list of all members of Synod by parishes, and may be accompanied by copies of all notices of motion which have been received and approved by council for the consideration of Synod. The notice shall be in possession of all members of Synod at least four weeks previous to the date of the session of Synod.

ARTICLE XI - PRESIDING OFFICER

The bishop shall preside at every session of the Synod. When the bishop is not present, the bishop coadjutor or the bishop suffragan, or the bishop assistant, or the commissary in that order of precedence shall preside; failing any of these the Synod shall elect its own presiding officer. The presiding officer, during a sitting of Synod, may, when he/she desires to leave the chair temporarily, appoint any member of Synod to preside during such absence.

ARTICLE XII - QUORUM OF SYNOD

- (a) The quorum for the transaction of any business in the Synod (except for the election of a bishop) shall consist of not less than one-fourth of the whole number of qualified clergy and one-fourth of qualified lay delegates; but any less number shall have power to adjourn until a quorum can be obtained.
- (b) When a quorum has been declared to be present, it shall be considered that such a quorum is always present throughout the sittings of Synod. Any member of Synod may, before any question is put, ask for a count of the clerical and lay members present to determine whether or not a quorum exists.

ARTICLE XIII - MAJORITY AND VOTE BY ORDERS

- (a) No act or resolution of the Synod shall become valid without the concurrence of the bishop (except when the election of a bishop coadjutor, bishop suffragan, or bishop assistant is involved) and a majority of the clerical and lay members present.
- (b) Ordinarily the votes of the whole Synod shall be taken collectively but previous to any vote being taken, at the desire of the bishop or at the request of any two members of Synod, the votes of each order (clergy and lay) shall be taken separately, and, a majority of each order shall be necessary.
- (c) In the case of dissent by the bishop when presiding, the matter shall stand over to the next regular session of the Synod, when, if the act or resolution is concurred in by two-thirds majority of each order voting separately, it shall become effective.

ARTICLE XIV - APPOINTMENT, ELECTION AND DUTIES OF THE SECRETARIES

- (a) An executive secretary to Synod shall be appointed by diocesan council with the concurrence of the bishop. The secretary shall remain in office until she or he resigns, dies, is removed, or is incapable of performing the duties of the office.
- (b) The duties of the executive secretary shall be determined by diocesan council by regulation.
- (c) The Synod shall elect clerical and lay secretaries. Their duties shall be determined by diocesan council by regulation.

ARTICLE XV - DIOCESAN COUNCIL

There shall be a diocesan council of the Synod (as successor to, and known in the Synod Incorporation Act as, the executive committee), which shall have the powers and functions where appropriate of the Synod between regular sessions thereof, except those acts which are reserved to be performed by the Synod itself. The composition of its membership and other matters relating to the conduct of its business shall be defined by canon and such regulations as may be passed from time to time thereunder.

ARTICLE XVI - AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION AND CANONS

- (a) All suggested alterations to the constitution or any new article thereof must be approved by the council and then laid before the Synod at the next regular session. If approved by the majority of the members of Synod present and voting by order and concurred in by the bishop such changes and additions shall lie over until the next regular session of the Synod, when, if again approved by a majority of each order and concurred in by the bishop, they shall be confirmed and take effect at once.
- (b) A motion to amend the constitution standing for confirmation as provided in the next preceding section cannot be altered except by consent of the Synod, and, in the absence of such consent must be accepted or rejected as a whole. Should any such amendment alter the principle of the main motion it must lie over until the next regular session of the Synod for confirmation.
- (c) All suggested alterations to the canons approved by the council shall be laid before the Synod at its next regular session and, if approved by the majority of the members of Synod, voting by order, and concurred in by the bishop, shall be forthwith enacted and be in full force and effect from the date of such approval.

CANONS AND REGULATIONS OF THE DIOCESE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

CANON 1 - THE BISHOP

CANON 1.1 - DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Duties and responsibilities will be as set out in ordinals.

REGULATION 1.01 - STIPEND

The diocesan bishop's stipend shall be set at 20% above the average of the stipends of the five highest-paid clergy of the Diocese in the previous year, with the proviso that the bishop's stipend not be reduced in any year.

REGULATION 1.02 - BENEFITS

For entitlement to other benefits see regulation 5.6.01.

CANON 1.2 – ADMINISTRATION DURING VACANCY, INCAPACITY, OR ABSENCE

CANON 1.2.1 – VACANCY IN THE SEE

A vacancy in the See is created when the bishop:

- (1) dies;
- (2) resigns pursuant to Canon 1.3;
- (3) retires pursuant to Canon 1.3;
- (4) has been convicted and removed from office under the discipline canon of the General Synod;
- (5) abandons the ministry to which he or she was ordained; or
- (6) becomes permanently incapacitated within the meaning of Canon 1.2.2.a.

CANON 1.2.2 – INCAPACITY

- a. A bishop is declared incapacitated, whether because of mental or physical incapacity, when he or she is unable to perform the required duties of the office, whether temporary or permanent, as certified by two qualified medical practitioners and confirmed by the diocesan council.
- b. A declaration of a bishop's incapacity will be ended when he or she is certified by two qualified medical practitioners, and confirmed by the diocesan council, to have returned to the state of being able to perform the required duties of the office.
- c. Diocesan council will consult the metropolitan through any process of declaring capacity or incapacity.
- d. If a vacancy occurs in the See or the bishop is unable to perform the required duties by reason of mental or physical incapacity, temporary or permanent, certified and confirmed as above, the administration of the diocese shall devolve upon, in the following order:
 - (1) the coadjutor;
 - (2) the bishop suffragan;
 - (3) the bishop assistant;
 - (4) the dean;
 - (5) the archdeacon of Columbia;
 - (6) the next senior archdeacon; and
 - (7) the senior member of the clergy on the diocesan council,

who shall be the administrator until the installation of a bishop or until the bishop has been found capable of

performing those duties in accordance with Canon 1.2.2.b.

CANON 1.2.3 – THE ADMINISTRATOR

- a. The powers of the administrator shall be the same as those of the bishop, except, if the administrator is not a bishop, those sacramental acts, which pertain to the office of bishop, namely: ordination, confirmation, consecration and de-consecration of buildings and other sacred items.
- b. The administrator shall account and report fully to the bishop, following upon the bishop’s installation or return to office.

CANON 1.2.4 – COADJUTOR, SUFFRAGAN, AND ASSISTANT BISHOPS

- a. Whenever the bishop of the diocese shall, in writing, signify to the Synod of the diocese, through the diocesan council, that the bishop is desirous of having a bishop coadjutor or bishop suffragan, the matter shall be first presented to Synod and its concurrence obtained. This having been done, the election shall be held. Procedures shall be identical to those in the election of a bishop as outlined herein, and the metropolitan shall preside.
- b. The diocesan bishop may appoint a bishop to the office of assistant bishop with the consent of the diocesan council, who will make provision for remuneration as necessary.
- c. The diocesan bishop may appoint a retired bishop to the office of honorary bishop assistant, who shall receive no remuneration from this appointment.
- d. The bishop coadjutor, if there is one, shall become the bishop of the Diocese whenever a vacancy occurs in the See without further election or action.

Canon 1.2.5 – Bishop’s Commissary

- a. The bishop or the administrator may at any time appoint a commissary to act in the absence or incapacity of the bishop or the administrator, for such duties as the bishop or the administrator may define.
- b. Any commissary appointed by the former bishop shall be deemed to have resigned upon the resignation or death of the former bishop.
- c. Any commissary appointed by the administrator shall be deemed to have resigned upon the installation of the new bishop.
- d. The bishop or the administrator may at any time terminate the appointment of a commissary.

[Canon 1.2 repealed and adopted; 100th Synod, 2021]

CANON 1.3 – RESIGNATION OR RETIREMENT OF A BISHOP

Subject to the canons of the Ecclesiastical Province of British Columbia and Yukon, the bishop may resign or retire by notifying the diocesan council of an intention to submit a notice of resignation or a notice of retirement, as applicable, to the metropolitan.

[Canon 1.3 repealed and adopted; 100th Synod, 2021]

CANON 1.4 – ELECTION OF A BISHOP

CANON 1.4.1 – DECIDING ON WHETHER TO HOLD AN ELECTION OF A BISHOP IN THE DIOCESE

- a. Provided that there is no coadjutor, if the bishop gives notice of an impending resignation or retirement, or upon a vacancy occurring in the See other than by way of resignation, the following preliminary process will be undertaken in advance of the election of the ordinary but this process will not begin more than six months prior to a vacancy of the See occurring.
- b. In any of the situations contemplated by paragraph 1.4.1.a, the secretaries of Synod and the executive secretary shall, within ten days, send a certificate of vacancy to the metropolitan of the province stating the desire of the diocese to hold an election.
- c. The metropolitan shall strike a committee of people from the Diocese of British Columbia, which shall also include substantial representation from the Ecclesiastical Province of British Columbia and Yukon, outside of the Diocese of British Columbia, to evaluate the viability of the Diocese and make recommendations either to proceed with an episcopal election or recommend an alternate method of episcopal oversight, and such committee shall within forty-five days report its recommendations to the metropolitan.
- d. If the metropolitan decides to proceed with an episcopal election, and the diocesan bishop is still in office, the metropolitan will decide whether some or all of the procedures may begin immediately or must wait until the See is vacant.

CANON 1.4.2 – SUMMONING THE ELECTORAL SYNOD AND APPOINTMENT OF ELECTORAL COMMITTEES

- a. The diocesan council shall, within thirty days of receiving the metropolitan’s decision to hold an election, summon an extraordinary session of Synod, to meet at the cathedral city of the diocese in no less than sixty days, nor more than ninety days from the date of such summons, for the purpose of electing a successor to the See.
- b. During the vacancy of the See there shall be no session of Synod for any purpose other than an election.
- c. At the meeting of diocesan council which issues the summons under Canon 1.4.2.a, the chancellor or the chancellor’s designate shall convene the “Electoral Nominations Committee”, which shall consist of:
 - (1) the chancellor or the chancellor’s designate as chair;
 - (2) two lay members of Synod and two clerical members of Synod, chosen by diocesan council; and
 - (3) one additional member (lay or ordained) appointed by the metropolitan which member is:
 - (i) a resident of the ecclesiastical province but not of the Diocese of British Columbia, and
 - (ii) a member of General Synod, the Provincial Synod of the Ecclesiastical Province of BC & Yukon, or a diocesan synod within the ecclesiastical province.
- d. If any member of the Nominations Committee consents to be a candidate for the election, he or she must inform the chair forthwith of his or her resignation from the committee. The chair of the Nominations Committee will have the right to appoint a member of Synod to the committee in place of the former member, unless the resigned member was appointed by the metropolitan, in which case the metropolitan will make the replacement appointment.
- e. The primary responsibility of the Nominations Committee is to prepare a list of candidates under the terms set out in Canon 1.4.3, and to solicit, prepare, and distribute information about the candidates for the electors.
- f. A record of the meetings of the Nominations Committee will be kept, but will remain confidential for a period of not less than fifty years.
- g. The registrar will convene an “Electoral Procedures Committee”, which shall consist of:
 - (1) the registrar as chair;
 - (2) the lay secretary;
 - (3) the clerical secretary; and
 - (4) the executive secretary.

- h. If any member of the Electoral Procedures Committee consents to be a candidate for the election, he or she must inform the chair forthwith of his or her resignation. The chair of the Electoral Procedures Committee will have the right to appoint a member of Synod to the committee in place of the former member.
- i. The primary responsibility of the Electoral Procedures Committee is to deal with all aspects of the election other than nominations. This includes the preparation of a diocesan profile, which may be delegated to a subcommittee appointed by the Electoral Procedures Committee.
- j. The diocesan council must give its approval to the diocesan profile before it is published.
- k. The work of the Electoral Procedures Committee may begin before that of the nominations committee, at the direction of the metropolitan, so that there may be sufficient time to properly consult and prepare the diocesan profile.

CANON 1.4.3 – CANDIDATES

- a. It shall be in the power of the electoral Synod summoned pursuant to Canon 1.4.2.a to elect to the vacancy any ordained priest of the canonical age of (1) this diocese, (2) any other Diocese of the Anglican Church of Canada, or (3) licensed to any church in communion with the same and expressing willingness to swear allegiance to the Crown.
- b. The Nominations Committee shall create a list of candidates in the following two ways:
 - (1) It will solicit from any sources inside or outside the diocese that it deems appropriate names of potential suitable candidates. Names received in this manner will be considered and vetted in such manner as the Nominations Committee may decide and at its sole discretion may or may not be added to the list of candidates.
 - (2) The Nominations Committee will add to the list of candidates the name of any person not disqualified under Canon 1.4.3.c. for whom a written nomination has been received by the Nomination Committee no later than 20 days from the date of the summons referred to in paragraph a. of Canon 1.4.2 above, provided the nomination has been supported by at least two lay members of Synod and two clerical members of Synod, and has been consented to in writing by the proposed candidate.
- c. In its deliberations the Nominations Committee may decline to include a name on the list of candidates because he or she:
 - (1) will not have achieved the full age of thirty years on the day of the election;
 - (2) is not a Priest in Holy Orders of the Anglican Church of Canada or of some church in full communion therewith;
 - (3) is deficient in learning, training or experience;
 - (4) has either directly or indirectly secured or attempted to secure the Office by an improper means;
 - (5) is guilty of any crime or immorality; or
 - (6) teaches or holds or has within five years previously taught or held anything contrary to the Doctrine or Discipline of the Anglican Church of Canada.
- d. The chancellor shall request within a week of the issuance of the summons that each member of diocesan council suggest in writing the name of at least one potential candidate for the Nominations Committee to consider. This may be done at the meeting of diocesan council which issues the summons, or in any other way the chancellor sees fit. The names of proposed candidates will be collected but not aggregated or published at any meeting, but kept confidential and transmitted to the Nominations Committee.
- e. The Nominations Committee will consider the candidates proposed by diocesan council and, at its discretion, may take such steps as it deems appropriate to determine whether to add any or all of those names to the list of candidates.

- f. The chancellor shall contact the metropolitans of the ecclesiastical provinces in the Anglican Church of Canada and shall invite them each to propose one candidate, after consultation with their provincial house of bishops.
- g. The absence of any member of the Nominations Committee who has been unable to attend all the meetings will not invalidate its report; but the committee shall not sit unless there is a quorum of two-thirds of its membership.
- h. Before issuing the list of candidates the Nominations Committee will confirm that each person on this list gives his or her consent.
- i. The Nominations Committee will issue a list of candidates within thirty days of the issuance of the summons. It may be issued by publication on the diocesan website and through any other means approved by diocesan council.
- j. The Nominations Committee will not disclose whether a candidate was placed on the list of candidates by the Nominations Committee or by a nomination from members of Synod.
- k. The Nominations Committee will ask candidates for a curriculum vitae or resume, and other information at the discretion of the Nominations Committee, and will publish that information for every candidate at the same time, which shall be no more than three weeks after the list is issued.
- l. Candidates may withdraw from the list of candidates at any time up to the casting of the first ballot.

CANON 1.4.4 – PROHIBITION AGAINST FLOOR NOMINATIONS

There will be no nominations of candidates from the floor.

CANON 1.4.5 – CHAIR OF ELECTORAL SYNOD

- a. The metropolitan shall preside at the electoral Synod unless the metropolitan requests of the chancellor to be excused, in which case the diocesan council shall request a bishop of the Ecclesiastical Province of British Columbia and Yukon to preside over the electoral Synod.
- b. The chair of the electoral Synod shall be without a vote.

CANON 1.4.6 – ABSENCE OF ELECTORS

- a. No election shall be vitiated by the absence of any of the parties summoned, or by the failure of any parish to elect a lay delegate.

CANON 1.4.7 – THE ELECTION

- a. On the day and at the place appointed, Holy Communion having been first celebrated, the chair shall call the electoral Synod to order.
- b. The registrar will make a report regarding registration. A quorum for the holding of an extraordinary session for the election of a bishop shall be two thirds of the members of the clergy, and two thirds of the lay representatives to Synod. If a quorum is not present the members present shall adjourn to a day within one week chosen by the chancellor and announced at the time the adjournment is declared, and posted on the diocesan website. If a quorum is not present at the time and place announced for the adjournment, similar adjournments shall be made and announced in the same manner from time to time, until a quorum is present.
- b. If the required number of members of the electoral Synod has assembled, the chair of the Nominations Committee will make a report on the names of the candidates.
- c. After time for prayer, voting will then commence.

- d. In the election of a bishop, voting shall be by the orders. The members of the clergy and lay members entitled to vote at meetings of Synod shall vote separately by ballot. A majority of the votes in each order in any one ballot shall determine the successful candidate provided that at least two-thirds of the members of the clergy and at least two-thirds of the lay members of Synod entitled to vote are present and vote.
- e. Balloting procedures will be in accordance with any policy and procedures proposed by the Electoral Procedures Committee and approved by diocesan council.
- f. After any ballot a candidate may withdraw by so signifying in writing to the chair. The chair shall announce the withdrawal before the preparation of the next ballot.
- g. Scrutineers shall have a vote.
- h. If there has been no election after the third ballot and there are more than five nominees, then:
 - (1) the number of names appearing on the fourth ballot shall be reduced to those five nominees who on the preceding ballot received the largest number of votes, on the basis of the percentage of the members of the clergy added to the percentage of the lay members who voted for each nominee;
 - (2) for each succeeding ballot after the fourth and until a nominee has been elected or until two names remain, the nominee who received the least number of votes on the immediately preceding ballot counted on the said percentage basis shall not appear; and
 - (3) immediately prior to any ballot on which there remain the names of two nominees, the presiding officer may prescribe that if an election shall not have occurred after a number of ballots then specified by the presiding officer, being not less than two, then the election shall be adjourned for another sitting.

CANON 1.4.8 – CONFIRMATION OF THE ELECTION BY THE PROVINCIAL HOUSE OF BISHOPS

- a. Upon an election being made, confirmation thereof shall be sent by the secretaries of Synod to the metropolitan within seven days. The metropolitan shall in turn notify the other bishops of the Province who, within ten days, shall register with him or her their concurrence or objection. Objection to the election of a bishop may be taken on any of the following grounds:
 - (1) that the person elected is not of the full age of thirty years;
 - (2) that he or she is not a Priest in Holy Orders of the Anglican Church of Canada or of some church in full communion therewith;
 - (3) that he or she is deficient in learning, training or experience;
 - (4) that he or she has either directly or indirectly secured or attempted to secure the Office by an improper means;
 - (5) that he or she is guilty of any crime or immorality; or
 - (6) that he or she teaches or holds or has within five years previously taught or held anything contrary to the Doctrine or Discipline of the Anglican Church of Canada.

The decision of the House of Bishops shall be final.

CANON 1.4.9 – SECOND SITTING OF ELECTORAL SYNOD AFTER ADJOURNMENT OR SUSTAINED OBJECTION

- a. In the event (1) an electoral Synod is adjourned pursuant to Canon 1.4.7.i.(3) or (2) the House of Bishops sustains an objection to the election of a bishop pursuant to Canon 1.4.8.a, then diocesan council shall, in consultation with the metropolitan, call a second sitting of the electoral Synod not less than thirty days and not more than ninety days after such adjournment or sustained objection.
- b. At least seven days before the next sitting of the electoral Synod, members and the Nominations Committee may place new names in nomination, following the same procedure in Canon 1.4.3. The list of nominees may not include

any candidates from the previous sitting of the electoral Synod, except for the final three candidates from such electoral Synod, but excluding any elected candidate not confirmed by the provincial House of Bishops.

CANON 1.4.10 – INSTALLATION

- a. Except for a coadjutor bishop, a newly elected bishop does not assume the powers of the ordinary until ordained a bishop (if not already in episcopal orders) and installed as such by the diocesan officers, according to custom.
- b. A coadjutor bishop assumes full power upon the vacation of the See by the previous diocesan bishop, but a service of installation should follow promptly.

[Canon 1.4 repealed and adopted; 100th Synod, 2021]

REGULATION 1.4.01 – ELECTION OF BISHOP

1. Registration, Seating of Electors, and Scrutineers

- a. The election shall take place at the cathedral of the diocese if practicable, otherwise in a parish church of the diocese in the cathedral city designated for the purpose by the chair of the electoral synod.
- b. On the day and at the place selected personal registration of delegates will normally commence before the celebration of Holy Communion and be completed prior to the convening of the first session of the electoral Synod.
- c. Upon registration, those entitled to vote will be given an identification badge which they must wear during the entire period of the election. As soon as the names of the members of the clergy and lay representatives entitled to vote shall be ascertained, the list shall be signed by the chair of the electoral Synod. The delegates shall then be seated alphabetically by orders. Following the celebration of Holy Communion all persons who are not duly registered delegates shall withdraw from the election floor and may observe the proceedings from designated areas.
- d. The chair shall appoint scrutineers to take the ballot, as follows:
 - (i) For the clergy vote, two clerical members of Synod and one lay member of Synod.
 - (ii) For the lay vote, two lay members of Synod and one clerical member of Synod.
- e. The list of those entitled to vote shall be handed to the chair and scrutineers, and anyone not on that list shall not be entitled to vote.
- f. These procedures are the responsibility of the Electoral Procedures Committee.

2. Balloting Procedure

- a. This procedure calls for the chancellor and registrar and two lay and two clerical scrutineers, who are all Synod delegates, appointed by the chair.
- b. The following procedures assume that paper ballots are used. They may be printed with the names of the candidates for that ballot, with boxes beside them where an elector may indicate their preference, or the electors may be provided with blank pieces of paper and asked to write the name of their preferred candidate. At the discretion of the chair and upon the advice of the electoral procedures committee, other means of voting may be used, such as electronic voting, in which case the following procedures will be adapted at the direction of the chair.
- c. At the head of the centre aisle in the cathedral, there shall be one table on each side of the aisle, one for clergy, one for laity.
- d. At the clergy table, the chancellor and one lay scrutineer, and at the lay table, the registrar and one clerical scrutineer.

- e. The chancellor or registrar calls out the names of the delegates, using the delegate checkoff sheets as reference; the names can be called out more or less simultaneously with just enough staggering to avoid actual auditory interference.
- f. The delegate comes forward. The chancellor or registrar checks off the name, and the scrutineer gives one ballot to the delegate.
- g. There are three tables on each side for marking ballots; the delegate goes to one of them and marks the ballot, folds it, takes to a fourth table (one on each side) on which is the ballot box, places the ballot therein and returns up the side aisle to their seat.
- h. There is a scrutineer on each side, who monitors the three balloting tables and the ballot box on that side as well.
- i. When the process is complete, the scrutineers take the ballots into a suitable nearby room for counting.
- j. The chancellor will announce the results of each ballot.

[Regulation 1.4.01 adopted; 100th Synod, 2021]

REGULATION 1.4.01A – ELECTION OF BISHOP BY ELECTRONIC MEANS

- a. Where an election of a bishop, bishop coadjutor or bishop suffragan is to take place entirely by electronic means as permitted by Regulation 2.1.05, the provisions of all other regulations to the canons, including Regulation 2.1.05, shall apply except where they conflict with a provision of this regulation, in which case the applicable provision of this regulation shall govern.
- b. The members of the clergy and lay representatives entitled to vote shall register electronically in advance of the commencement of the Synod as instructed by the returning officer.
- c. At or immediately preceding the commencement of the electoral synod, a list of those members entitled to vote shall be compiled by way of an electronic quorum vote, and signed by the presiding officer.
- d. After time for prayer, voting shall commence as directed by the presiding officer.
- e. The returning officer shall advise the presiding officer, chancellor and registrar of the total number of ballots cast and the number of ballots cast for each candidate.
- f. The presiding officer shall instruct the returning officer to display the results of each ballot.

[Regulation 1.2.01A adopted by Diocesan Council June 25, 2020]

[Ratified; 100th Synod, 2021]

CANON 1.5 – REGIONS AND ARCHDEACONS

- a. Regions

The parishes of the Diocese shall be grouped in regions for the purpose of

- promoting the spiritual life within each region,
- supporting common ministries within the region, and
- considering matters affecting the Diocese as a whole.

- 1) The regions shall be defined by the bishop.

- 2) Primary funding for regional ministries shall be from the parishes of the region, and some funds may be made available from the diocesan budget.
- 3) Priorities for regional ministry shall be established at the annual conference of clergy and laity within the region.

b. Authority and Governance

1. Each region accedes to the authority of the bishop of British Columbia, the actions of the Diocesan Synod, the constitution and canons of the Diocese of British Columbia and the Anglican Church of Canada.
2. Each region shall be governed by an executive committee the composition of which shall be set out in the regulations to this canon.

d. Archdeacons

- 1) The bishop shall appoint regional archdeacons. Regional archdeacons shall hold office at the pleasure of the bishop. However, all appointments shall terminate upon the accession of a new diocesan bishop. Regional archdeacons shall be assigned to one or more regions (which may then be called an archdeaconry).
- 2) In consultation with the diocesan council, the bishop may appoint an executive archdeacon, who will assist the bishop directly in the oversight of the Diocese.
- 3) In consultation with the diocesan council, the bishop may appoint the executive archdeacon as executive officer.
- 4) Archdeacons shall be installed by the bishop, or by the dean under the mandate of the bishop.

REGULATION 1.5.01 REGIONAL CONFERENCE

- 1) In each region there shall be a conference which shall meet at least once during the calendar year, on a date to be set by the regional archdeacon after consulting with the regional chapter and the lay vice-chair. The conference shall comprise:
 - All active clergy in the region holding the licence of the bishop;
 - The churchwardens, treasurer, and the lay delegates and alternates to Diocesan Synod from each parish within the region.
 - Up to four additional lay delegates from each parish within the region.
- 2) The regional archdeacon shall convene and preside at all meetings of the conference, except that at the request, or in the absence of the regional archdeacon, the lay vice-chair may convene and preside at meetings of the conference.
- 3) The regional conference
 - shall elect from the persons nominated by its constituent parishes at their annual general meeting a youth lay delegate or delegates to Synod as set out in article III (g) and shall notify the diocesan office of such election;
 - shall prior to a Diocesan Synod nominate one clerical and one lay person from among its members who are members of Synod to serve on the diocesan council as set out in canon 3 a. 2 a.;
 - may consider any matters of common concern relating to the parishes within the region, and make pertinent recommendations to diocesan committees;
 - may allocate funds to support regional ministries and projects;
 - shall send copies of its minutes, and notices of forthcoming meetings, to the bishop.
- 4) If necessary, the region shall have a special conference to nominate a person to fill any vacancy of a representative to the diocesan council.

REGULATION 1.5.02 REGIONAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEES

1. Each region shall be governed by an executive committee comprising: the regional archdeacon, the regional lay vice-chair, a second lay person, and another cleric chosen by regional clergy. The regional lay vice-chair and second lay person will be elected at the first meeting of the regional conference following a regular Synod.

REGULATION 1. archdeacon shall convene and chair the regional chapter, which consists of all of the active clergy within the region holding the licence of the bishop. The regional chapter will meet at the call of the regional archdeacon.

REGULATION 1.5.04 - ARCHDEACONS

a. The duties of a regional archdeacon may include:

- 1) Welcoming and orienting new incumbents and other clergy to the archdeaconry.
 - 2) Installing a new incumbent in “The Celebration of a New Ministry,” and, in the absence of the bishop, preside at the service.
 - 3) In general, providing pastoral support to clergy in their work, and especially in times of crisis.
 - 4) Providing pastoral support to parishes in a time of crisis, especially when clergy are suspended, removed, or die.
 - 5) When an incumbency comes to an end, meeting with the cleric for an “end of ministry” interview.
 - 6) Within their archdeaconries, the archdeacons, after consulting with the appropriate regional and parish wardens, shall ensure that the ministrations of the church are carried out regularly in parishes where there is no incumbent.
 - 7) Inspect rectories during vacancies.
 - 8) Conduct “transition days” in parishes.
 - 9) As members of the cathedral chapter, archdeacons shall assist, as best they may, in the worship and work of the cathedral.
 - 10) Serve on committees as the bishop’s appointee.
 - 11) Meet with the bishop, the dean, and the other archdeacons on a regular basis.
- b. Where a territorial archdeacon is unable to carry out a duty for any reason, the bishop shall ask the diocesan archdeacon or another archdeacon to act for them.
- c. The bishop may assign the title of archdeacon emeritus to an archdeacon who has ceased to hold office.

5.03 REGIONAL CHAPTER (CLERICUS)

The regional

REGULATION 1.5.05 - REGIONAL LAY VICE CHAIR

- a. Purpose: The regional lay vice chair works in partnership with the regional archdeacon in the planning of regional mission and ministries, regional conference, and regional programs.
- b. The regional lay vice chair is a volunteer position elected by regional conference after each synod.

- c. The term of office of the regional lay vice chair is from Synod to Synod and may be renewed once.
- d. The duties and responsibilities include:
 - working with regional chapter for setting of agenda and discussion of regional mission
 - responsible to the bishop and regional archdeacon
 - chairs regional conference in absence of regional archdeacon
 - empowering greater communication between the parishes of the region, and from the regional executive committee and the regional conference to parishes and parish councils.
- e. Travel costs will be paid in accordance with the diocesan standard from the diocesan travel budget.
- f. The qualifications for the lay vice-chair shall be the same as for delegates to Synod.

REGULATION 1.5.06 – CONDUCT OF REGIONAL CONFERENCES BY ELECTRONIC MEANS

- a. The regional archdeacon may direct that at any regional conference a member may participate by means of a telephonic, an electronic or other communication facility that permits all participants to communicate adequately with each other during the meeting. A member so participating in a meeting is deemed for the purposes of the Canons to be present at the meeting.
- b. The regional archdeacon may direct that any regional conference shall be held entirely by means of a telephonic, an electronic or other communication facility that permits all participants to communicate adequately with each other during the meeting.
- c. In any regional conference where members participate by electronic means, those provisions of Regulation 2.1.05 that are not in conflict with this Regulation shall apply, with the necessary grammatical and contextual changes.

Policy - FINANCES FOR REGIONAL MINISTRY

1. Regional ministry will normally be funded by the parishes of the region who are proposing the work, project, program or outreach. A cost sharing formula should be established between the parishes and each parish council should formally agree to its portion. Some funding may be made available from the diocesan budget but only when the majority of the cost is committed to by the participating parishes or other funding sources.
2. Applications should be made to the program sub-committee of diocesan council through the diocesan office and must indicate a breakdown of the total cost of the planned ministry, the amount of funding already agreed to by each parish and other funding sources and the amount expected from the Diocese. Diocesan financial support should not be assumed and approval may not be a commitment longer than the current year.

[Canon 1.5; 101st Synod 2023]

CANON 2 - SYNOD

CANON 2.1 - PROCEEDINGS OF SYNOD

- a. Each session shall normally begin with a public celebration of the Holy Communion.

- b. Where the public celebration of the Holy Communion is deemed not viable, a session may begin with an alternative public service of worship in a form authorized by the bishop.

[Canon 2.1 amended 101st Synod 2023]

- c. After Holy Communion on the first day of the session, the presiding officer shall take the chair and may deliver the bishop's charge or part thereof.
- d. The order of business shall be determined by the regulations to this canon in effect for the time being.
- e. The rules of order governing the conduct of business of the Synod shall be those contained in the regulations to this canon but in the absence of such rules or where such rules are silent regarding any matter of dispute or doubt, the rules governing the parliament of Canada shall apply.
- f. Delegates to the Synod shall register at a time and place designated in the notice calling the Synod. A credentials committee may be appointed by the presiding officer to examine and verify the certificates of delegates and thereafter report its findings to the Synod. There shall be a registration committee which will report to the registrar. Upon a quorum being reported as being present, the presiding officer shall declare the Synod organized for business.

REGULATION 2.1.01 - ORDER OF BUSINESS

- a. When the presiding officer has declared the Synod organized for business the business shall include:
1. Registrar's report.
 2. Election of honorary clerical and lay secretaries if desired.
 3. Appointments by the presiding officer, which may include:
 - Registration committee
 - Credentials committee
 - Agenda committee
 - Expenditures committee
 - Media committee
 - Resolutions committee
 - Scrutineers. (It is not essential that the scrutineers be members of Synod).
 4. Tribute to former Synod members now deceased.
 5. Notices of motion (if any).
 6. Report of the nominating committee (previously distributed) is received and the presiding officer shall call for further nominations from the floor of the Synod. When all persons entitled to vote have been given the opportunity to make further nominations, the presiding officer shall declare that nominations are closed and the ballot shall be prepared. Names of candidates shall be shown in alphabetical order on the ballot papers.
 7. Report of the diocesan council.
 8. Financial report with balance sheet and auditor's report.
 9. Election of the treasurer.
 10. Unfinished business from the last Synod.
 11. Reports of committees, councils, boards and other organizations.
 12. Consideration of correspondence:
 - Notices of motion
 - Memorials
 - Petitions.
 13. Other reports.
- b. An address by the presiding officer shall be in order at any time.
- c. The minutes of the Synod shall be confirmed by a committee appointed by the bishop.
- d. The complete proceedings of Synod shall be published as soon as possible and a copy sent to all members of Synod.

REGULATION 2.1.02 - RULES OF ORDER AT SYNOD

- a. When the presiding officer stands, all members shall sit and be silent.
- b. When any member is about to speak for the information of the Synod, they shall rise and address the presiding officer.
- c. (1) All motions and amendments to be considered by the Synod shall be in writing and (excepting such as may be proposed by the bishop or diocesan council) with the names of mover and seconder. No motion shall be considered until the next sitting of the Synod after notice thereof has been given, unless by consent of the Synod.
(2) All motions and notices of motion dealing with business having financial implications, presented during Synod, must be referred to the expenditures committee, who shall be responsible to ensure that before any such motion is adopted at Synod, all relevant information, financial and otherwise, is made available to Synod.
- d. No member, save the mover of the motion, who is entitled to reply, shall speak more than once on the same question without the leave of the Synod, except in explanation of a material part of the speech which may have been misunderstood, and then the member is not to introduce fresh matter.
- e. When a question is under consideration, no other motion shall be received, unless:
 - (1) To adjourn
 - (2) To lay it on the table
 - (3) To postpone it to a certain time
 - (4) To postpone it indefinitely
 - (5) To refer it to a committee of the whole Synod, or to a select committee
 - (6) To amend it, or
 - (7) To divide on itand motions for any of these purposes shall have precedence in the order here named.
- f. Motions to adjourn or to lay on the table shall be decided without debate.
- g. When a notice of motion is given, it shall be read to the Synod by one of the secretaries, after which it cannot be withdrawn by the mover without the consent of the Synod.
- h. Each member shall have the right to require, at any period of the debate, that a question in discussion be read for the member's information.
- i. A member called to order while speaking shall sit down unless permitted to explain.
- j. All questions of order shall be decided by the presiding officer.
- k. An amendment to an original motion shall, in discussion, take precedence of such motion; an amendment shall be first considered, then the amendment to the motion, and lastly the motion itself.
- l. When a proposed amendment is under consideration, not more than one amendment to such amendment shall be in order, yet a substitute for the whole matter may be proposed and received, providing it deals with the matter in hand.
- m. Except with the consent of the Synod, the mover of a motion may not speak for more than five (5) minutes and the seconder for three (3) minutes, and each speaker thereafter for three (3) minutes. The mover may speak for three (3) minutes in closing the debate.
- n. When a division takes place, the votes of the members of the clergy and of the laity shall be taken in accordance with article XIII of the constitution.
- o. In voting, those who vote in the affirmative shall first rise, and then those who vote in the negative.
- p. A question being once determined, shall not again be brought into discussion in the same sitting, except with the consent of the Synod.

- q. No protest or dissent shall be entered on the minutes of the proceedings, but when required by any two members the number of the affirmative and negative votes and the names shall be recorded.
- r. When the Synod is about to rise, every member shall remain seated until the presiding officer has left the chair.
- s. Any of the orders of routine business or of the rules for the preservation of order may be suspended by unanimous vote on the motion without notice.
- t. All committees, other than standing committees, unless named by the Synod, shall be appointed by the presiding officer, and the names shall be publicly announced while the Synod is in session, together with the name of the convener, who shall be chair of such committee.
- u. Every report of a committee shall be in writing, and shall be signed by the chair.
- v. The chair of the committee or some member on the chair's behalf shall explain to the Synod the bearing of any portion of the report, if requested by any member of the Synod.
- w. Abstentions:
 - (1) When the question is put, every member present, except the presiding officer, shall be required to vote on the same, provided that any member who wishes to abstain from voting for reasons of conflict of interest shall be entitled to abstain on notifying the chair of his or her intention.
 - (2) The orders of clergy and laity shall vote together unless a vote by orders is called for. In order to be passed the motion shall require a majority of votes of the orders of clergy and laity voting together, and abstentions shall not be counted in determining the majority.

REGULATION 2.1.03 - NOMINATIONS, ELECTIONS AND DUTIES OF SCRUTINEERS

- a. A nominations committee, as constituted in regulation 3.07 b., shall receive nominations and report them to Synod. When the report is received, the presiding officer shall call for further nominations from the floor of Synod. When all persons entitled to vote have been given the opportunity to make further nominations, the presiding officer shall declare that nominations are closed.
- b. After nominations have been declared closed, ballot papers containing the names (in alphabetical order) of all nominees for the diocesan council and the several committees, etc. shall be prepared. The ballot papers shall also show the number of persons to be elected.
- c. The ballot papers, together with a list of all persons entitled to vote, shall be handed to the convener of scrutineers immediately prior to the second sitting. During the adjournment the ballot papers are issued, marked and deposited in the ballot boxes.
- d. Immediately after the resumption of the second sitting, the presiding officer shall ask if every member of Synod has received and cast their ballot. After a satisfactory reply the presiding officer shall declare the ballot closed.
- e. The ballots shall then be delivered to the convener of scrutineers, and the counting of the ballots proceeds. On completion of the counting, the convener of scrutineers shall report the results to the presiding officer, who shall thereupon announce such results. The presiding officer shall then ask if any voter wishes to challenge the ballot, and, if no challenge is made, shall order the ballots destroyed.
- f. In the case of a tie, a casting vote shall be given by the presiding officer.
- g. Every voter shall mark a cross (X) against the name of the candidate for whom they are voting. Ballots shall be considered void and not counted for any of the following reasons:
 - (1) Any markings other than the "X";
 - (2) Inclusion of the name of any person not shown on the ballot paper;

(3) Crosses against the names of more candidates than the number shown as required to be elected.

h. Except in cases of acclamation ballot papers are required for:

Members of the diocesan council

(At the session immediately preceding meetings of the General and/or Provincial Synods)

Delegates to General Synod.

Delegates to Provincial Synod.

i. Election to a membership of the General or Provincial Synod shall be for the Synod next following the Diocesan Synod at which the election is held. No delegate may attend more than three consecutive sessions of the same General or Provincial Synod.

REGULATION 2.1.04 - COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE SYNOD

a. In forming a committee of the whole Synod, the presiding officer before leaving the chair, shall appoint a replacement, who shall maintain order in committee, and the rules of the Synod shall be observed in a committee of the whole Synod, except the rule limiting the number of times of speaking.

b. Questions of order in committee shall be decided by the chair, subject to appeal to the Synod.

c. A motion that the replacement leave the chair is always in order, and takes precedence over any other motion, and is decided without amendment or debate; all unprovided cases shall be governed by the rules governing the parliament of Canada.

REGULATION 2.1.05 – MEETINGS OF SYNOD BY ELECTRONIC MEANS

a. Diocesan Council may, with the concurrence of the Bishop, resolve that a meeting of Synod shall be held entirely by means of a telephonic, an electronic or other communication facility that permits all participants to communicate adequately with each other during the meeting.

b. In extraordinary circumstances, the Bishop may direct that a member of Synod may participate in a meeting of Synod by means of a telephonic, an electronic or other communication facility that permits all participants to communicate adequately with each other during the meeting. A member of Synod so participating in a meeting is deemed for the purposes of the Canons to be present at the meeting.

c. In any meeting of Synod where members participate by electronic means, the provisions of Regulations 2.1.01, 2.1.02, 2.1.03 and 2.1.04 continue to apply, unless any provision is in conflict with a provision of this Regulation 2.1.05, in which case the provision of this Regulation shall govern.

Rules of order applying to members participating by electronic means

d. Unless the presiding officer dispenses with this rule, members shall keep their microphones muted at all times except when called upon by the presiding officer to speak.

e. Members may indicate to the presiding officer their desire to speak through such electronic means as are made available by the software or other technology in use. Members claiming the right to raise a point of order or privilege may do so.

f. A member called to order may have his or her connection muted if the presiding officer so directs.

g. Votes on all motions shall be cast in the manner enabled by the electronic technology in use.

Nominations, Elections and Duties of Scrutineers in Cases of Electronic Voting

h. Any contractor or volunteer, including but not limited to a software provider and its employees supplying the necessary technology to facilitate electronic voting shall, before commencing to provide services, provide a written

undertaking in a form acceptable to the chancellor to abide by the provisions of these regulations that have as their object the preservation of confidentiality and the secrecy of any ballot.

- i. The presiding officer shall appoint a returning officer and a deputy returning officer, who shall not be voting members of Synod, and who shall have the duties and responsibilities set out in this regulation. The returning officer may delegate some or all functions to the provider of software or other electronic technology. The presiding officer may dispense with the appointment of scrutineers other than the returning officer and deputy returning officer.
- j. The software provider and all of its employees (collectively called the “Election Manager”) shall give the returning officer and deputy the ability to audit and observe all aspects of the voting software in use, including but not limited to the “back end” tools used by the Election Manager to run the election, prepare ballots, call for votes, and tabulate results.
- k. After nominations shall have been declared closed, the returning officer shall cause electronic ballots to be made available using electronic technology engaged for the purpose. The ballot for each position shall show the number of persons to be elected, and shall list the candidates in alphabetical order by surname.
- l. The returning officer and deputy shall take all possible steps to ensure that they have received the electronic votes of all members who had registered to vote, and shall take all reasonable steps to be assured that all members who wish to vote electronically have done so.
- m. The results of each election shall be tabulated by the returning officer and deputy, under supervision of the scrutineers, if any. On completion of the counting, the returning officer shall report the results to the presiding officer, who shall thereupon instruct the returning officer to announce such results.
- n. The returning officer shall maintain an electronic archive of all ballots cast until instructed by the presiding officer to destroy them.
- o. The Election Manager, returning officer and deputy shall take all possible steps to ensure that no person other than themselves know for which candidate each member has voted, such steps to include:
 - (i) causing all electronic ballots to be received by the returning officer and deputy and by no other persons; and
 - (ii) ensuring that the Election Manager, returning officer and deputy, and no other persons, see the electronic ballots, whether in electronic or in any other form.
- p. The Election Manager, returning officer and deputy shall for all time keep confidential the name of each candidate for whom any member has cast his or her ballot, other than information the presiding officer, chancellor or registrar has provided to the voting members of Synod.
- q. At the close of the meeting, the presiding officer shall ask if any voter wishes to challenge the ballot, and, if no challenge is made, shall order the ballots destroyed.
- r. So soon as is possible after the order for the destruction of ballots, the Election Manager, the returning officer, deputy returning officer, chancellor and registrar shall delete and destroy any and all documents in their control or possession, whether in electronic form or in paper form, which indicate the identity of the candidate in whose favour any member has cast his or her ballot, other than information the presiding officer, chancellor or registrar has provided to the voting members of Synod.

Special Provisions in the event of technical difficulties

- s. In the event the returning officer decides at any time during the voting process that technical difficulties have arisen which interfere with the ability of a member to vote electronically, the returning officer, in consultation with the deputy returning officer, and with the consent of the member in respect of whom technical difficulties have arisen,

may designate such means of electronic communication as the returning officer deems appropriate to receive the vote of the member.

- t. In the event technical difficulties arise which in the opinion of the returning officer prevent altogether a member from voting electronically, the returning officer may nevertheless receive the votes of those members who are able to vote electronically.
- u. Technical difficulties with electronic voting on the part of one or more members shall not be grounds for impeaching the validity of any election, provided that valid votes have been received from a number of members comprising a quorum of both orders.
- v. In the event the returning officer determines that technical difficulties prevent an election by electronic means in which the Synod can have confidence, the presiding officer may, with or without consulting with others, adjourn the meeting of the Synod until a date not later than fourteen (14) days thereafter, such date to be fixed by the presiding officer, with all members of Synod to be notified of the date.

[Regulation 2.1.05 adopted by Diocesan Council June 25, 2020]

[Regulation 2.1.05 ratified at 100th Synod, May 29, 2021]

CANON 2.2 - DIOCESAN CHANCELLOR

- a. There shall be a chancellor of the Diocese who shall be appointed by the bishop and who shall hold office during the pleasure of the bishop. The chancellor shall be a member of the bar of the Province of British Columbia of at least 10 years' standing and shall be a communicant of the church. The chancellor shall advise and assist, and act with the bishop, or in the bishop's absence, with the commissary, in all matters of discipline or cases of difficulty or doubt when requested by the bishop or the commissary. All deeds and documents to be signed on behalf of the Synod shall first be submitted to the chancellor for approval, and the chancellor shall perform such duties as are required by the bishop and the various canons of the Diocese.
- b. The bishop may appoint a vice-chancellor, to hold office during the bishop's pleasure. The vice-chancellor shall be a member of the bar of the Province of British Columbia of at least 10 years' standing and shall be a communicant of the church. The vice-chancellor shall assist the chancellor and shall act for, and on the chancellor's behalf, during the absence or inability of the chancellor to attend to the chancellor's duties.
- c. On the retirement of any chancellor, the bishop may appoint the retiring chancellor a chancellor emeritus.

CANON 2.3 - DIOCESAN REGISTRAR

- a. There shall be a registrar of the Diocese, who shall be appointed by the bishop and remain in office during the pleasure of the bishop.
- b. The Synod shall provide, for the use of the registrar, a seal and such books, registers and paper forms as shall be required for the proper performance of the registrar's duties, and a safe place of deposit for such records.
- c. The registrar shall prepare and forward all letters of orders, all licences, letters of institution, mandates of induction and other official documents, as directed by the bishop or the commissary, and shall keep a correct record of the same.
- d. The registrar shall enter in a book, to be provided by the Synod, all such official acts of the Synod as Synod may direct the registrar to enter therein. The registrar shall keep such records as are specified by regulations.
- e. When the office of the registrar falls vacant the registrar, or the representative of the registrar, shall immediately deliver to the successor or to the executive secretary all books, records, documents, papers and property that had been in the possession or control of the registrar as an officer of Synod.

CANON 2.4 - DIOCESAN ARCHIVES AND ARCHIVIST

- a. In accordance with the BC Personal Information Protection Act and other administrative laws, the Synod owns and is responsible for all official records of the Diocese, its officers, parishes and organizations; and it shall provide a secure archival repository for its permanent documents in all formats.
- b. The expenses necessary for the purposes of this canon shall be provided for by the vote of Synod or diocesan council.
- c. There shall be an archives advisory committee whose members shall include, but not be limited to the bishop, the executive officer, the archivist (as appointed below), the registrar, one or more professional archivists, one member of the clergy, one lay person and the Provincial Synod archivist. With the exception of ex-officio members, members shall be appointed by the bishop and shall serve for terms of three (3) years with provision for re-appointment. The operational functions of the committee and the archivist shall be in accordance with all regulations related to this canon.
- d. The archivist of the Diocese shall be appointed by the bishop, taking into account the recommendations of the archives advisory committee.
- e. In accordance with a collections policy to be established by regulation, taking into account the recommendation of the archives advisory committee, all records of permanent value created by the diocesan office, parishes and organizations shall be transferred regularly to the archives.
- f. The archivist shall create policies and procedures relating to all appraisal, acquisition, arrangement, description, preservation, reference and access functions, in keeping with archival principles, for approval by the archives advisory committee.
- g. The archivist shall provide a report to diocesan council annually, along with a report to regular sessions of Synod.

REGULATION 2.4.01 - MEETINGS

The committee shall meet at least once a year in the first quarter. Additional meetings may be called by the chair or the archivist.

REGULATION 2.4.02 - DISPOSITION OF ARCHIVAL MATERIAL

In the event of the closure of the Diocese, the records shall become the property of the Ecclesiastical Province of British Columbia & Yukon and will be housed and administered by the Provincial Synod archivist.

REGULATION 2.4.03 - ACQUISITION OF PARISH RECORDS UPON DISESTABLISHMENT OR CLOSURE

At the time of the disestablishment or closure of any parish or parishes, it shall be the duty of the diocesan archivist, in consultation with the Registrar, in accordance with canon 6.2.04:

- a) to acquire all completed as well as current parish records and historical documents of the parish (registers, minute books, records of parish clergy, parish officers and committees, organizations and all financial records).
- b) to preserve, arrange and describe these deposited records according to archival principles.
- c) to advise the affected parish or parishes of the need for the transfer of these materials to the diocesan archives to be undertaken in a timely manner.

CANON 2.5 - THE SEAL OF THE SYNOD

- a. The bishop shall have care and custody of the seal of the Synod.
- b. The seal of the Synod shall be affixed in the presence of the bishop or other diocesan officer as requested by the bishop.

CANON 2.6 - PROTECTION OF OFFICERS OF SYNOD

- a. Officers of Synod:
 - The bishop
 - The bishop coadjutor, bishop suffragan and bishop assistant
 - The administrator
 - The commissary
 - The dean
 - The archdeacon of Columbia
 - The archdeacons appointed to active duty
 - The chancellor
 - The vice-chancellor
 - The registrar
 - The clerical secretary
 - The lay secretary
 - The treasurer
 - The diocesan executive officer
 - The diocesan finance officer
 - Other officers of Synod appointed by diocesan council.
- b. Appointment or election as officers of Synod does not imply the assumption by the person so appointed or elected of any personal liability in the due performance of their duties as such.

CANON 3 - DIOCESAN COUNCIL

- a. The council shall consist of:
 - 1. Ex-officio:
 - The bishop (chair)
 - Bishop coadjutor, bishop suffragan and bishop assistant
 - The dean
 - The chancellor (or registrar in absence of chancellor)
 - The vice chancellor
 - The clerical secretary
 - The lay secretary
 - The treasurer
 - The registrar (with voice but no vote)

[Vice-chancellor added; 97th Synod, 2016]

[Camp Columbia management team chair removed; 100th Synod, 2021]

[Canon 3.a amended 101st Synod 2023]
 - 2. Elected: One clerical and one lay, being members of the Synod, nominated from each region, who shall be elected by Synod for a term.
 - 3. Appointed: At any time between regular sessions of the Synod, the bishop and council may appoint up to three additional members, who shall serve until the next Synod.
 - 4. Non-Voting: Executive staff members.
- b. In the event of a vacancy occurring between regular sessions of the Synod, the council may elect a replacement to fill such vacancy for the remainder of the term of the person vacating office.

- c. In the event that any member of the diocesan council shall fail to attend two consecutive meetings of the council save by reason of sickness or other reasonable or unavoidable cause, the council may declare the office vacant, and the member shall be replaced as provided in canon 3 b.
- d. The council shall meet at least five times per year, or more frequently at the initiative of the bishop or as may be requested by any two members, for the transaction of the ordinary business of Synod and, in particular, to take necessary action upon the reports of the committees of Synod.
- e. The council shall submit to each regular session of the Synod an annual report, and ensure the presentation of such financial reports as are required by the constitutions and canons.
- f. The council may make such regulations for the conduct of its business and amend the same as circumstances may require from time to time.
- g. The bishop shall make nominations for the diocesan executive officer and the diocesan finance officer respectively to the council, and upon approval thereof, diocesan council shall appoint the persons so nominated. They shall serve at the pleasure of both the bishop and the diocesan council.

[Canon 3g. amended 101st Synod 2023]

- h. The council shall by regulation define the duties of the diocesan executive officer and the diocesan finance officer respectively and of such other officers as it shall see fit to appoint to implement the work of the Synod from time to time.
- i. The council may appoint such other officers to implement the work of the Synod as may be required from time to time.
- j. A majority of the voting members shall form a quorum.
- k. In the case of a tie-vote, the chair, even if not a voting member of council, shall cast the deciding vote.

[Canon 3 amended; 100th Synod, 2021]

REGULATION 3.01 - CHAIR

The chair of the meetings of the council shall be the bishop. Should the bishop not be present or not wish to serve, the duties shall be taken by (in the following order):

- The bishop coadjutor;
- The bishop suffragan;
- The bishop's commissary;
- The dean;
- The archdeacon of Columbia;
- The next senior archdeacon who is a member of council;

Failing any of the above, the council shall elect its own chair who may be either a clerical or a lay member of council.

REGULATION 3.02 - MEETINGS

- a. The diocesan council shall meet at such place as the secretaries shall direct.
- b. The agenda shall be issued 14 days before the session to which it relates.

- c. Other business may be included in the agenda with the approval of the chair and council.

[Regulation 3.02 amended; 100th Synod, 2021]

REGULATION 3.02A – MEETINGS OF DIOCESAN COUNCIL BY ELECTRONIC MEANS

- a. The clerical and lay secretaries may, with the concurrence of the Bishop, direct that any member of the diocesan council may participate in a meeting of the diocesan council by means of a telephonic, an electronic or other communication facility that permits all participants to communicate adequately with each other during the meeting. A member of the diocesan council so participating in a meeting is deemed for the purposes of the Canons to be present at the meeting.
- b. The clerical and lay secretaries may, with the concurrence of the Bishop, direct that a meeting of the diocesan council shall be held entirely by means of a telephonic, an electronic or other communication facility that permits all participants to communicate adequately with each other during the meeting.
- c. The chair of any committee of the diocesan council may direct that any member of that committee may participate in a meeting by means of a telephonic, an electronic or other communication facility that permits all participants to communicate adequately with each other during the meeting. A member of the committee so participating in a meeting is deemed for the purposes of the Canons to be present at the meeting.
- d. The chair of any committee of the diocesan council may direct that a meeting of that committee shall be held entirely by means of a telephonic, an electronic or other communication facility that permits all participants to communicate adequately with each other during the meeting.
- e. In any meeting of the diocesan council or of a committee where members participate by electronic means, those provisions of Regulation 2.1.05 that are not in conflict with this Regulation shall apply, with the necessary grammatical and contextual changes.

[Regulation 3.02A adopted by Diocesan Council June 25, 2020]

[Regulation 3.02A ratified at 100th Synod, May 29, 2021]

REGULATION 3.03 - SPECIAL MEETINGS

- a. Special meetings may be called at the discretion of the bishop, the bishop's commissary, or the administrator of the Diocese.
- b. Ballot by E-Mail
- (1) Where the bishop (or commissary or administrator) considers it necessary, an item may be presented for decision by diocesan council by e-mail ballot. Provided that at least two-thirds of the members of diocesan council cast ballots, a measure supported by the majority of positive ballots shall be considered adopted by diocesan council.
 - (2) In presenting an item for ballot by e-mail, the bishop (or executive office or diocesan finance officer) shall provide a rationale for the adoption of the item. Any member of diocesan council may submit comments on the item and ask that those comments be circulated to the other members of diocesan council.
 - (3) Members of diocesan council shall normally have no less than forty-eight hours to consider the item and the rationale presented, and to cast their ballots.
 - (4) Any member of diocesan council may make a request to the bishop, commissary or administrator that a tele-conference or in-person meeting of diocesan council be convened to consider the item. The bishop, commissary, or administrator in his or her discretion may decide that such a meeting will be called at the earliest reasonable time.

- (5) Where the chair of any committee of the diocesan council considers it necessary, an item may be presented for decision by that committee by e-mail ballot, following the procedures set out in paragraphs (1) to (4) above, with the necessary grammatical and contextual changes.

[Subparagraph (5) added by Diocesan Council June 25, 2020]

[Subparagraph (5) ratified at 100th Synod, May 29, 2021]

REGULATION 3.04 - DELEGATION OF POWERS

- a. The council may delegate any of its powers to sub-committees of such members of its body as it thinks fit, with the power to act; any sub-committees so formed shall, in the exercise of the powers delegated, conform to any regulations imposed on them by the diocesan council.
- b. There shall be a management committee, composed of the following:
- the bishop, who shall be the chair
 - the dean
 - the chancellor
 - the vice chancellor
 - Up to four voting members of diocesan council, appointed by diocesan council on the recommendation of the bishop
 - the executive officer (non-voting)
 - the finance officer (non-voting)
- c. The management committee shall meet at the call of the chair.
- d. A quorum of the management committee shall consist of the bishop, the chancellor or the vice chancellor, the finance officer or accounting assistant, and two other voting members.
- e. The management committee may make decisions of a routine nature on matters that would otherwise come before diocesan council.
- f. The management committee may make decisions on expenditures up to a limit of \$100,000.00. Diocesan council may increase this limit in respect of a single question or issue.
- g. If any one member is of the view that a question should not be decided by the management committee, but should be referred to diocesan council as a whole, the management committee shall not make any decision in regard to that question, but shall refer the question to the full diocesan council, either by way of email ballot under Regulation 3.03, or at the next regular meeting of the council.
- h. Minutes of the meetings of the management committee shall be placed on the agenda of the next meeting of diocesan council for ratification. Any decision of the management committee that is not ratified by diocesan council (other than with regard to expenditures that have already been incurred) shall immediately cease to have effect.

[Regulation paragraphs b through h added by Diocesan Council June 2, 2022]

REGULATION 3.05 - DUTIES OF DIOCESAN FINANCE OFFICER

It shall be the duty of the diocesan finance officer to give advice and assistance to the diocesan council and the finance committee and:

- a. To be responsible to the diocesan executive officer, the finance committee and the diocesan council for the administration of the financial and other business affairs of the Synod, including:
- banking,
 - oversight of the diocesan investments and trust funds,
 - insurance of diocesan properties,

- preparation of diocesan financial statements and budget,
 - provision of supplies, equipment, maintenance and utilities for the office;
- b. To carry out those policies and decisions formulated by the finance committee and the diocesan council which relate to the financial affairs of its parishes;
- c. To monitor and assist in the development of the financial activities of the parishes and, where appropriate, to interpret decisions of the finance committee and the diocesan council to parishes, regions and the Diocese;
- d. To attend the meetings of any committee or sub-committee concerned with finances and the meeting of any other committee or sub-committees if so invited.

REGULATION 3.06 - DUTIES OF DIOCESAN EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The diocesan executive officer serves in the Diocese by supporting and implementing the ministry and mission of both the bishop and the Synod, and any commissions and committees established by them. Without infringing on the rights and duties of the bishop, licensed clergy, parish leadership, and officers of the Synod, the diocesan executive officer:

- a. Is responsible for the implementation of requests from the bishop, and
- i. acts as executive secretary to the bishop; and
 - ii. if appointed, acts as a commissary to the bishop.
- [Regulation 3.06.a amended by Diocesan Council April 27, 2019]
[Regulation 3.06.a ratified; 100th Synod, 2021]
- b. Is responsible for ensuring that the decisions of Synod and diocesan council are acted upon, and
- i. acts as executive secretary of Synod, with responsibility for ensuring that a record of proceedings is made at Synod and diocesan council; and
 - ii. ensures that the acts of Synod and diocesan council are implemented or tracked.
- [Regulation 3.06.b amended by Diocesan Council April 27, 2019]
[Regulation 3.06.b ratified; 100th Synod, 2021]
- c. Is responsible for the management of the diocesan office and office staff.

REGULATION 3.07 - COMMITTEES

The council at its first regular meeting shall elect the following:

- a. **The canons committee** (see article XVI of the constitution)
- (1) Membership shall consist of:
 - The chancellor
 - The vice chancellor
 - The registrar
 - The diocesan finance officer
 - The diocesan executive officer
 - Five members of the Anglican Church of Canada residing in the Diocese, of whom two need not be members of the Synod.
 - (2) The committee shall have the power to nominate additional members whose election must be confirmed at the next meeting of the diocesan council.
- c. **The nominations committee**
- (1) The membership shall consist of a convener (who shall be the archdeacon chosen by the bishop) and the regional lay vice chairs.

[Regulation 3.07b amended 101st Synod 2023]

- (2) The committee shall prepare, and present to the diocesan council for presentation to Synod, a report of nominations for the treasurer, secretaries, the diocesan council and, as needed, delegates to General and Provincial Synods.
- (3) In preparation for the first meeting of the committee, the convener shall communicate with all the delegates for the forthcoming Synod and with the secretaries and treasurer, asking them:
 - (a) To signify in which, if any, of the above capacities they would be willing to serve, if nominated; and
 - (b) If they are so willing, to provide a short statement of their present parochial, regional or diocesan positions.
- (4) The committee shall meet at least once prior to the diocesan council meeting next before Synod, and subsequently as its business may require.
- (5) Immediately following Synod, the committee shall reconvene and prepare a slate of candidates for the various sub-committees of diocesan council, for presentation to the first meeting of diocesan council subsequent to Synod.

d. The stewardship committee

- (1) Membership shall consist of:
 - (a) Ex-officio: The bishop.
 - (b) Six members elected by the diocesan council as follows: Two (2) clergy and four (4) lay persons.
 - (c) Other members who may from time to time be co-opted as follows:
 - (i) At any meeting the stewardship committee may co-opt members to serve until the next regular session of Synod, with full power to vote, provided that the total number so co-opted between regular sessions of Synod shall not exceed four.
 - (ii) Election of the co-opted member must be confirmed at the next meeting of the diocesan council.
- (2) At its first meeting the members shall appoint one of its members as chair and may choose another as vice-chair.
- (3) Vacancies of elected members shall be filled only by election of the diocesan council.
- (4) A majority of the members shall form a quorum.
- (5) The duties of the committee (which may be exercised notwithstanding any vacancy in its membership) shall be:
 - (a) To support Christians in this Diocese to reach their fullest potential as stewards.
 - (b) To provide a program of stewardship education to both members of the clergy and laity.
 - (c) To assist parishes to meet their financial requirements within and outside the parish.
 - (d) To assist clergy and laity to incorporate stewardship into the worship and life of their parish.
 - (e) To meet at least once in each quarter of the calendar year.
 - (f) To take such measures as may be necessary or convenient to give effect to the provisions of this regulation.
 - (g) To file minutes of each meeting with the diocesan council.
 - (h) To report regularly to each session of the Synod.

d. The finance committee - see Canon 4

e. The supplementary pension committee

- (1) Membership shall consist of:
 - The bishop as chair
 - The lay secretary
 - The treasurer
 - An archdeacon (or a member of the clergy appointed by the bishop)
 - The diocesan finance officer.
- (2) Duties of this committee shall be:
 - (a) To determine the appropriate amount of pension under the Garrod and Stoneham Bequests, which should be awarded to each retiring member of the clergy;
 - (b) To make appropriate awards to clergy widows and orphans on an annual basis;
 - (c) To make appropriate awards under the terms of the Incapacitated Clergy Fund;

(d) To report all decisions to the finance committee.

f. Diocesan mission fund committee (see Appendix “D”)

- (1) Membership shall consist of:
 - The diocesan executive officer
 - The diocesan finance officer
 - Not less than three (3) and no more than six (6) others to be elected by diocesan council.
- (2) Duties of this committee shall be as outlined in Appendix “D”.

~~g. The buildings and plans committee~~ -- **Discontinued & Dissolved. See Regulation 3.08, Asset Management**

g. The personnel and compensation committee

- (1) Membership shall consist of:
 - a. The diocesan executive officer
 - b. One regional archdeacon
 - c. The finance officer
 - d. Three or more lay people, at least two of whom shall be members of synod
 - e. One additional priest of the diocese

[Regulation 3.07g (1) amended 101st Synod 2023]
- (2) This committee shall, in addition to any other duties with which it may be charged:
 - (a) Develop and recommend policies with regard to personnel and compensation;
 - (b) Recommend to the diocesan council by October 31 of each year appropriate remuneration ranges based on the minimum stipend to be paid to the members of the clergy of the Diocese as established by regulation 5.6.01 (a) and (b);
 - a scale of reimbursement for automobile travel on diocesan business, based on kilometers traveled; and
 - a scale of honoraria for members of the clergy officiating as locum tenens.
 - (c) When requested by the diocesan council or by a parish, assist in the development of position descriptions for employees and recommend appropriate scales of remuneration; and
 - (d) Generally to promote the equitable treatment of all parish and diocesan employees.

h. The program review sub-committee

The diocesan council is the program committee for the Diocese of British Columbia and the mandate of the sub-committee is to review programs.

- (1) Membership shall consist of:
 - (a) Three members of diocesan council, one of whom must be chosen as chair by the sub-committee,
 - (b) Up two members may be added by the sub-committee.
- (2) The duties of the committee shall be:
 - (a) To review applications for eligibility and support,
 - (b) To recommend to diocesan council allocation of money from the program budget for on-going programs, regional ministry, and new initiatives.

~~i. Camp Columbia management team (CCMT) – Discontinued & Dissolved.~~

[Removed; 100th Synod, 2021]

REGULATION 3.08 - ASSET MANAGEMENT

1. All buildings and lands of the Diocese shall be registered in the name of The Anglican Synod of the Diocese of British Columbia (Canon 6.3).
2. Diocesan council shall establish and continue an asset management office and shall appoint a continuing asset management advisory team of not less than three persons with professional experience in various aspects of real estate including development, project management, facility management and property management. The diocesan executive officer and diocesan finance officer are ex-officio members with vote.
 - a. This team shall select a chair from among its members.

- b. It will report at least quarterly to the diocesan council to give an assessment of the work of the asset management office.
 - c. The asset management advisory team, subject to the approval of diocesan council, will develop the mandate and measurable goals and objectives for the asset management office.
 - d. The team will advertise for contractors to create and run the asset management office, and recommend to diocesan council who the successful candidate should be.
3. The asset management office will:
- a. Establish a data base of all diocesan property.
 - b. Recommend to diocesan council, as approved by the asset management advisory team the sale, long-term lease, rezoning, or development of any property it manages, with recommendations it makes supported by full business case studies where deemed necessary.
 - c. Examine plans and the subsequent construction in conformity with those plans, for
 - (i) proposed new churches, parsonages and parish halls;
 - (ii) additions and/or major extensions to existing buildings;
 - (iii) major structural alterations;
 - (iv) removal of buildings to new sites;
 - (v) demolition of buildings;
 - (vi) rezoning of property.
 - d. Carry out such site inspections as may be required from time to time in the completion and approval of any project.
 - e. Manage the properties of any disestablished parishes, as well as any other properties entrusted to it by diocesan council.
 - f. Formulate a comprehensive capital plan for diocesan real estate consistent with the vision and program requirements of the Diocese and parishes.
 - g. Make recommendations to the diocesan council in connection with the above.
4. No work as described above shall be undertaken unless and until the plans have been examined by the asset management advisory team and approved by the diocesan council.
5. The roles and responsibilities of the buildings and plans committee will be taken over by the asset management office and the asset management advisory team.

REGULATION 3.09 - COMMITTEE REPORTS

- a. All committees and programs in the Diocese shall report in writing to regular sessions of Synod.
- b. Committees named in Regulation 3.07 shall report regularly in writing to diocesan council and such reports shall include minutes, and may follow the following format:
 - Title of report and originating committee
 - Background (including relevant motions passed)
 - Operations of committee
 - Analysis
 - Conclusion
 - Recommendation
 - Officers signing report
 - Date

REGULATION 3.10 – MEMBER TERM

- a. No member of the Diocesan Council (elected or appointed) may sit for more than three consecutive terms (except for those whose specific role dictates ongoing membership.)

[Added 98th Synod, 2018, Act 17]

CANON 4 - FINANCE COMMITTEE

CANON 4.1 - ORGANIZATION

- a. The finance committee shall consist of the following members:

(1) Ex-officio: The Bishop (chair)
Bishop coadjutor, bishop suffragan, bishop assistant
The dean
The chancellor
The vice chancellor
The clerical secretary
The lay secretary
The treasurer
The registrar (with voice but no vote)

(2) Appointed: up to four members, appointed by the bishop, at least two of whom shall be elected members of diocesan council, and up to two of whom need not be members of Synod.

(3) Non-voting: The diocesan executive officer and the diocesan finance officer.

- b. The chair shall convene its first meeting following a regular session of Synod, at which meeting the members shall choose one of its members as vice-chair.
- c. Vacancies of elected members, occurring between regular sessions of the Synod, may be filled only by appointment of the diocesan council.
- d. One third of the voting members shall form a quorum.
- e. The finance committee shall meet at least five times per year, or more frequently at the initiative of the treasurer or as may be requested by any two members, with at least seven (7) days' notice of meetings.

[Canon 4.1 amended; 100th Synod, 2021]

CANON 4.2 - PURPOSE

The purpose of the finance committee is to assist the diocesan council of the Diocese of British Columbia in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities by monitoring, reviewing and advising regarding:

- a. All financial matters;
- b. Strategic financial plans including the development and revisions of the annual operating budget;
- c. System of internal controls;
- d. Annual review/audit processes;
- e. Investment management activities;
- f. Review of all trusts, whether held directly by the Diocese or in the parishes; and
- g. All property, security and monies now held by, or to become vested in, or entrusted to Synod.

REGULATION 4.2.01 - FUNCTIONS

The finance committee is established as a committee of the diocesan council and its purpose is to assist the council in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities. To accomplish that the committee will:

- 1. Finances
 - a. Monitor, review and advise the council on all financial matters affecting the Diocese, its parishes, regions and related organizations;
 - b. Review quarterly financial statements produced by staff including the status of assessments and loans;
 - c. Advise the council on specific matters related to financial exigencies;
 - d. Review contracts, agreements or other instruments involving the financial affairs of the Synod and make recommendations to the council on appropriate action;
 - e. Ensure that the Synod has an effective process in place that provides appropriate alignment of financial resources with strategic directions;
 - f. Promote transparency and accountability of all financial and planning activities of the Synod.
- 2. Investment
 - a. Develop and review a policy on investment in accordance with Anglican policy and values;
 - b. Review internally designated trusts to ensure that their purposes are current;

- c. Review externally designated trusts to ensure compliance with donors' intentions, and where not possible, to advise action;
- d. Review diocesan investment portfolio on a regular basis to ensure policy compliance and performance;
- e. Review, advise and recommend changes regarding external investment accounts and managers to ensure policy compliance;
- f. Respond in a timely manner to members of Synod and parishes for information around investment policy.

3. Budget

- a. Solicit and receive input from committees, parishes and individuals during budget preparation during September and October of each year;
- b. Prepare, review and recommend the annual operating budget to the council no later than its December meeting;
- c. Determine whether budget revisions are needed and make recommendations to council.

4. Audit/Review

- a. Recommend auditors/accountants for appointment, agree on the scope of their work and recommend approval of their fees;
- b. Receive and review the financial statements of the Synod as to reasonableness of presentation, appropriateness of accounting principles and adequacy of disclosure, prior to submission to council;
- c. Receive and review the draft written annual report of the external accountant no later than March 31, and the final statements for presentation to the June Diocesan Council meeting;
- d. Review the objectives and effectiveness of any internal audit functions, including working relationships with the auditors and the administration.

5. General

- a. Assume other responsibilities that may be delegated by the council.

[Regulation 4.2.01 amended; 100th Synod, 2021]

REGULATION 4.2.02 - FINANCIAL YEAR OF THE SYNOD

The financial year of the Synod shall begin on the first day of January and end on the thirty-first day of December in each calendar year.

CANON 4.3 - DIOCESAN ASSESSMENT

REGULATION 4.3.01 - DIOCESAN PLAN OF ASSESSMENT

- a. The primary source of funding for diocesan, provincial and national Synod ministry shall be raised by assessments on all parishes in the Diocese, and shall be the responsibility of the diocesan council.
- b. The amount to be assessed shall be based on a percentage of the total parish income, using the most current reported financial information in the parish annual return as the basis for determining income. The following exemptions or deductions are applied in determining total parish income:
 - (1) Money donated or raised for appeals beyond the parish, such as Anglican Appeal or PWRDF. The parish gains no benefit from the funds, but simply provides an easy method of contributing and receiving an income tax receipt.
 - (2) All bequests which are not used for parish operations. Once the principal or interest is taken into general income or used for any assessable purpose, the funds become assessable.
 - (3) Large capital projects that require major fund raising within parishes. The total cost of the project must exceed 20% of the normal parish income and should be clearly accounted for apart from the normal parish funding.
 - (4) Grants of financial assistance from the Diocese.
- c. Diocesan council will review the existing work of the Synod and propose a level of spending. Synod will then determine an actual rate for the assessment for the coming year or years. Once all parish financial statements have been received the next year's assessments will be calculated and total income for diocesan, provincial and national purposes can be determined.

- d. Parishes will submit in each year a parish annual return to the diocesan office which shall include all financial aspects of their prior year's operation. The return shall include a calculation of their assessment for the year following the year of reporting. The diocesan finance officer shall confirm the calculation by September of the assessment of the following year. The total amount of the calculated parish assessments, other sources of diocesan income and its reserves will form the basis of the diocesan budget for the coming year.

REGULATION 4.3.02 - PARISH MONTHLY REMITTANCES

To assist the Diocese, provincial and national churches in meeting their cash flow needs, diocesan assessments and funds for stipends and benefits shall be remitted to the Diocese monthly so that they are received by the Diocese within the same calendar month (i.e. January in January). A direct debit system is available.

- a. If the wardens are aware that the parish will not be paying its assessment within the month it is due, they shall notify the diocesan finance officer. If the situation is likely to persist beyond the current month, the wardens shall advise the anticipated duration of payment interruption and what they are doing to remedy the situation.
- b. If the assessment delinquency continues beyond three months the rector and wardens, or their designates, shall attend the next diocesan finance committee meeting and present a written plan that would see the parish recover financially. When a plan is approved by the diocesan finance committee the parish shall submit monthly reports to the diocesan finance officer to enable progress reporting to the diocesan finance committee.
- c. If the assessment delinquency continues beyond six months and the parish is not following an approved plan, the bishop may give notice of termination of employment or change in conditions of employment to all lay and ordained staff, and a review of the viability of the parish is required.
- d. When a parish is disestablished or merged with another parish, unless otherwise agreed, assessment arrears continue as an obligation and may be paid out of the disposal of assets or rental income.
- e. If a parish experiences a sudden loss in the number of parishioners or in income, as a result of actions beyond its control, then the Bishop may direct such Parish be assisted following the steps to parish revitalization (Appendix "I").
- f. Parishes have the right to appeal any of the foregoing directly to the diocesan council.

REGULATION 4.3.03 - ASSISTED PARISHES

- a. Parishes that are unable to finance their own operations and pay their assessment shall be considered assisted parishes.
- b. Upon approval, they may receive a flat cash grant that year.
- c. Except with the express permission of the diocesan council, no assisted parish shall establish a building fund or any reserve fund, any part of the capital of which is taken from ordinary parish revenue.
- d. Assisted parishes shall pay assessments on the basis of the diocesan plan of assessment, but the annual flat cash grant shall reduce the actual net assessment.
- e. For information on trusts designated for the benefit of assisted parishes see regulation 4.4.01 b.

REGULATION 4.3.04 - PARISH CAPITAL EXPENDITURES

Parishes which are in arrears on their monthly church sites and parsonages fund loan repayments or their diocesan assessment must obtain clearance from the diocesan council before undertaking any capital expenditures over \$1000. Approval will not normally be given unless cogent reasons are offered.

REGULATION 4.3.05 - EXPENDITURES OF FUNDS

- a. Before any motion involving the spending of money, not already provided for, is put to the Synod or diocesan council for vote, it shall be referred to the finance committee, or other appropriate or special committee, for report as to whether the money proposed to be spent is presently available and, if not, what steps can be taken to provide such money, should such a motion be adopted by the Synod.

- b. Every report, motion or resolution presented at Synod, or to the diocesan council, dealing with the expenditure of Synod funds, shall contain a specific provision designating the proposed source of such funds, and if carried shall be referred to the finance committee who shall be empowered to implement such recommendation, provided the diocesan council is of the opinion that adequate funds are available.

REGULATION 4.3.06 - TRANSPORTATION ALLOWANCE

- a. Approved transportation costs will be paid to those out-of-town delegates who claim it for the Synod or diocesan conferences, to those members of committees who claim it and who travel more than 25 kilometers one way, and to those members of the clergy who travel to post ordination training group meetings.
- b. Any further approved transportation costs incurred by members of the clergy in isolated parishes may be paid after negotiation with the diocesan finance officer.
- c. The rate of reimbursement will be established from time to time by the diocesan council, on the recommendation of the personnel and compensation committee.

REGULATION 4.3.07 - FINANCIAL REPORTING

- a. Parishes will submit in each year a parish annual return to the diocesan office which shall include all financial aspects of their prior year's operation. The return shall include a calculation of their assessment for the following year.
- b. Parishes will also submit to the diocesan office the parish annual reports prepared for the annual meetings of parishioners, including financial reports.
- c. Organizations which are supported by the Diocese directly (through the provision of space, the holding of mortgages, payroll services, etc.), or which have members of boards appointed by parishes or diocesan committees, shall submit their annual reports to the diocesan office.

CANON 4.4 - TRUST FUNDS

REGULATION 4.4.01 - CONSOLIDATED TRUST FUND

- a. There is a fund known as the consolidated trust fund (referred to hereinafter as "the fund") which shall consist of all negotiable property, other than real property, entrusted to Synod, and comprising all specific funds held in trust and administered by the Synod, excepting only those funds which by resolution of the diocesan council may be excluded therefrom.
- b. Subject to any provisions to the contrary in the instrument creating the trust, all such property received in trust by a congregation or parish, by way of a gift, bequest or in any other way, shall be remitted to the Synod for administration as part of the consolidated trust fund; provided that the diocesan council may exempt any congregation or parish or any portion of the property referred to herein from the provisions of this section.
- c. The fund shall be under the control and management of the diocesan council, which may make such lawful investment of the same, as one consolidated trust fund, and in such sums and at such rates of interest as it may from time to time determine. Unless otherwise ordered by the diocesan council, monies comprising the fund shall be divided into units for administrative purposes; at times of sale and purchase the units shall be valued at their current market value.
- d. Separate accounts shall be maintained for each trust comprising the fund, which shall show the principal amount of the same, in units if appropriate, and shall record the receipt and distribution of income.
- e. Income and gains realized by the fund may be distributed to those parishes or organizations who have invested in the fund at a rate determined by diocesan council on the recommendation of the finance committee.

REGULATION 4.4.02 - TRANSPORTATION LOAN FUND

- a. There shall be a transportation loan fund under the management of the diocesan finance officer, for the purpose of providing loans to clergy and lay workers of the Diocese to assist them in the purchase of a vehicle or, where required, power boats.

- b. A person requesting a loan from the fund shall make application therefor on a form to be supplied by the diocesan finance officer on which shall be stated:
 - (1) The make, description, serial number and engine number of the vehicle to be acquired;
 - (2) Date of manufacture of the vehicle (if secondhand);
 - (3) Full cost of the vehicle;
 - (4) Amount of loan requested;
 - (5) Term of payment of loan; and
 - (6) Full particulars of insurance carried on the vehicle.
- c. The applicant shall also sign a demand note, payable to Synod, in the total amount of the loan.
- d. The diocesan finance officer, in consultation with the bishop, may approve ordinary loan applications, subject to availability of funds, to a maximum of \$15,000.00 for a new vehicle or \$10,000.00 for a used vehicle. Any applications so approved shall be reported to the next meeting of the diocesan council.
- e. All loans will be ordinarily amortized over a term of five years at an interest rate set for the term by the diocesan council. The term may be extended at the discretion of the diocesan council should circumstances warrant. The interest rate shall be reviewed and set annually by the diocesan council for new loans.
- f. Repayment shall be made in monthly instalments. Prepayment may be made without penalty at any time.
- g. A person leaving the Diocese before the loan is fully liquidated shall make arrangements to the satisfaction of the diocesan finance officer for the payment of the amount of the loan outstanding prior to leaving the Diocese.

REGULATION 4.4.03 - CHURCH SITES AND PARSONAGES

- a. There shall be a fund which shall be known as the church sites and parsonages revolving loan fund (referred to hereinafter as "the fund").
- b. The capital of the fund shall be under the control of the diocesan council and shall be used to advance money from time to time by way of loans to parishes or clergy upon such security, at such rate of interest, and upon such terms and conditions as the council shall approve, for the following purposes:
 - (1) The purchase of sites for churches, chapels, church halls, parsonages, other clergy housing and other buildings;
 - (2) Major repairs and renovations of such buildings;
 - (3) For furniture and furnishings; and
 - (4) For other ecclesiastical and parochial purposes within the Diocese.
- c. Applications for loans shall be submitted to the diocesan finance officer, giving full details of:
 - (1) The total cost of the project;
 - (2) The amount available or potentially available within the parish;
 - (3) The proposed terms of repayment,

and signed by the incumbent and the churchwardens. All projects are to be undertaken as a collaboration between the diocese and the parish with involvement and responsibilities determined before the commencement of the project and may be subject to change as required through the duration of the project.
- d. The project and the amount of the loan requested by a parish must be approved at an annual or special meeting of the parishioners, and a certified copy of the approved resolution shall accompany the application.
- e. Repayments shall commence with the month following receipt by the borrower of the final advance of the approved loan, and may be spread over a period not exceeding ten (10) years unless an exception is granted by diocesan council. Such repayments shall be made in monthly instalments or, in special cases approved by the diocesan council, in quarterly instalments. The rate of interest will be set from time to time by the diocesan council.
- f. Where a borrower has not made a payment for three consecutive months, or one quarter where quarterly payments are made, or where payments are constantly delinquent for no apparent reason, the interest rate will be raised to the prime lending rate of the banker to the diocese as of the date of the first missing payment, and interest will be added

monthly to the principal balance owing subject to appeal to the diocesan council. It is the obligation of the borrower to notify the diocesan finance officer as soon as the borrower is aware of any potential problems in making payments. This notice shall be the appeal to the diocesan council.

- g. In the normal course of events, loans shall be granted to parishes and clergy in accordance with the dates on which the official application has been approved by the diocesan council, but the diocesan council shall have the power to amend the order of priority in order to meet unforeseen or more important requirements. In no case may funds be hypothecated for projects which the parish or member of the clergy applying for the loan does not propose to carry out within the next twelve months.
- h. Approved loans shall be issued at such times and in such amounts as are required as the erection or repairs of buildings progress.

REGULATION 4.4.04 - ORDINATION CANDIDATES' FUND

- a. There shall be a fund known as the ordination candidates' fund, hereinafter known as the fund, consisting of:
 - (1) The open collections at services of confirmation and ordination in all parishes of the Diocese;
 - (2) Special collections, subscriptions, donations and legacies received for the purposes of the fund;
 - (3) Such amounts as by order of the Synod or diocesan council shall be included in the parish assessment from time to time.
- b. The final choice of a recipient shall lie with the bishop in consultation with his examining chaplains.

REGULATION 4.4.05 - DEWDNEY-SCHOFIELD FUND

Income from the Dewdney-Schofield fund is to be divided annually into shares to be used for the following:

- A share each for each retired bishop of the Diocese of British Columbia,
- A share each for the spouse of each retired bishop,
- A share each for each widow of each deceased bishop of the Diocese of British Columbia,
- One-half share for the provision of holiday money for needy clergy of the Diocese. This share to be disbursed by the Garrod trust committee, to which application may be made,
- One-half share to be used for the holding of retreats.

REGULATION 4.4.06 - EDITH TURNER TRUST FUND

- a. There shall be a fund consisting of units in the consolidated trust fund designated as the Edith Turner trust. The capital is to be held in trust and the income is to be used for special needs in particular cases of people who come within the definition of the trust (indigent, aged Anglicans, living in the County of Victoria), and who are unable to afford such items as hearing aids, wheelchairs, etc.
- b. Parish clergy resident in the County of Victoria will be advised annually through the diocesan finance officer that the fund is available.
- c. In order to apply for funds, clergy must apply to a territorial archdeacon within the County of Victoria. If the application is worthy, the archdeacon will advise the diocesan finance officer who will normally approve the application. In the event of dispute, the matter will go to the bishop for decision. All expenditures from the fund shall be reported to the diocesan council.

CANON 4.5 – TREASURER

- a. The treasurer of the Diocese of British Columbia shall be elected at diocesan synod. If a vacancy occurs between meetings of synod, then diocesan council shall elect a replacement. The treasurer is normally a volunteer.
- b. Duties include:
 - (1) chairing meetings of the finance committee;
 - (2) presenting financial statements to synod;
 - (3) advising the bishop's office on the supervision of financial and accounting staff in the diocesan office;
 - (4) ensuring that the synod is in compliance with Canada Revenue Agency requirements;
 - (5) presenting the annual budget to diocesan council.

CANON 5 - THE CLERGY

CANON 5.1 - APPOINTMENTS AND RETIREMENTS

- a. The appointment of an incumbent of a self-supporting parish shall be with the bishop, but only after full consultation with the churchwardens and parish council of the parish.
- b. The appointment of an incumbent to an assisted parish shall be with the bishop, who may consult with the churchwardens and parish council of the parish.
- c. The appointment of a cleric shall be deemed to be accomplished only upon the signing by such cleric of a letter of appointment from the bishop.
- d. If a member of the clergy desires to resign a post that person shall give at least three months' notice, in writing to the bishop.

CANON 5.2 - ASSISTANT CLERGY

- a. (1) Any incumbent may, with the consent of the bishop and of the churchwardens and parish council of the parish, appoint an assistant or assistants to the incumbent, who shall be under the control and direction of the incumbent.

(2) Notwithstanding any other provisions, the employment of an assistant cleric may be terminated at any time by three months' notice in writing by the incumbent, or, if the incumbency be vacant, by the churchwardens, in consultation with the bishop.
- b. If any assistant cleric desires to resign, the assistant cleric shall give at least three months' notice to the incumbent or, if the incumbency be vacant, to the churchwardens and to the bishop.
- c. An assistant cleric shall be deemed to have submitted a resignation as such assistant cleric to the bishop upon the incumbency becoming vacant.

CANON 5.3 - LICENSING OF CLERGY

- a. All clergy exercising ministry within the Diocese shall have either a written licence or permission to officiate from the bishop.
- b. In the event of a vacancy in the incumbency or if the incumbent cannot exercise ordained ministry, the bishop may appoint a priest in charge with all powers and duties of the incumbent, unless such powers are limited by the bishop.
- c. Where clergy are absent from the parish for more than five (5) successive weeks, the bishop shall, in consultation with the church wardens, appoint a substitute.
- d. A member of the clergy so licensed shall be deemed to have surrendered the licence to the bishop for cancellation on vacating the incumbency or appointment to which the licence applied.

REGULATION 5.3.01 - TRANSFERS

Any priest or deacon under the jurisdiction of the bishop of the Diocese, who desires to move to the jurisdiction of another bishop, shall apply to the bishop for letters of transfer; and any member of the clergy who is licensed by another bishop shall present letters of transfer from the former bishop before being licensed in this Diocese (see General Synod canon #18).

CANON 5.4 - OATHS AND SUBSCRIPTIONS

- a. Every candidate before ordination, and every member of the clergy before being licensed shall, in the presence of a witness, take or make and subscribe the following oaths and declarations in the book kept in the Synod office for such purposes:
- (1) The oath of allegiance to the Sovereign, provided that the bishop may in the discretion of the bishop, permit a person being a citizen of any country outside the British Commonwealth to dispense with the oath.
 - (2) A declaration of profession of faith as required by the bishop.
 - (3) The oath of canonical obedience.
 - (4) The declaration of submission to the constitution and canons of the General Synod, the Provincial Synod and the Synod of British Columbia.
- b. Every member of the clergy, on appointment to the Diocese, either by ordination or transfer, shall report to the bishop at the earliest possible date after such appointment or entry to sign the oaths and subscriptions in the book referred to in paragraph (a) above, and shall file with the bishop a "personal record" on the form supplied for that purpose.

CANON 5.5 - POWERS AND DUTIES

- a. An incumbent is vested with the following powers and duties:
- (1) The spiritual concerns of the parish in subordination to ecclesiastical authority and to the constitution and canons of the Diocese of British Columbia, and the constitution and canons of the General Synod and the Provincial Synod of British Columbia.
 - (2) Subject to the direction of the Book of Common Prayer and other authorized liturgies and the bishop, exclusive control of divine service, including the times of service and the musical portions thereof.
 - (3) The right of possession of the keys of the church or churches within the parish, together with the right to open the church at any time for the celebration of divine service, rites and ceremonies.
 - (4) The control and direction of Christian education and programming connected with the church or churches within the parish.
 - (5) No guild, society, auxiliary, club or other organization shall be formed in any parish without the approval of the incumbent.
 - (6) All such organizations in any parish shall be at all times subject to the direction and control of the incumbent who shall have power to suspend or disband any organization which neglects or refuses to conform to the directions of the incumbent.
 - (7) All incumbents shall be responsible for the keeping of such records and the making of such reports as may be prescribed by regulation.
- b. The incumbent and the churchwardens shall act jointly in matters concerning the use of buildings, other than the church building, and grounds and neither shall act with respect to them without the approval of the other.
- c. In the case of difference of opinion between the incumbent and the churchwardens regarding their respective duties and powers, the matter shall be referred to the bishop for adjustment, and the decision of the bishop in such cases shall be final.

REGULATION 5.5.01 - REGISTRATION OF MINISTRATIONS

- a. Every incumbent shall keep a record in books provided by the churchwardens of:
- (1) All services conducted in the churches within the parish;
 - (2) Baptisms performed by or under the direction of the incumbent;
 - (3) Confirmation of persons prepared and presented by or under the direction of the incumbent;

- (4) Marriages performed by or under the direction of the incumbent;
- (5) Funerals performed by or under the direction of the incumbent in churches within the parish or funerals conducted outside the parish in funeral homes.

- b. In the case of baptisms and marriages, the officiant shall give a certificate to the parties concerned.
- c. In case a second certificate is required, or a copy of the record of any baptism, marriage or burial applied for, a fee may be charged for the copy.
- d. In cases where an incumbent is required to search his parish register, a fee may be charged.

CANON 5.6 - STIPEND, SALARY, AND ALLOWANCES

- a. (1) Except as specified in paragraph (2) hereof, no incumbent of a parish and no paid assistant curate shall receive a stipend less than the minimum stipend which shall be determined from time to time by the Synod on the recommendation of the diocesan council.
- (2) The above paragraph (1) does not apply to members of the clergy who are superannuated, or in part-time ministry, or serving an initial curacy.
- b. (1) In the case of self-supporting parishes, the stipend shall be determined by mutual agreement between the member of the clergy and the churchwardens, and ratified by the parish council and shall in no case be less than the minimum stipend established by the Synod. Any variations in the stipend shall likewise be determined by the parties concerned and ratified by the parish council.
- (2) No assisted parish shall pay more than the minimum stipend.
- (3) Active clergy who are in part-time ministry, shall be remunerated at the same percentage rate specified in the letter of appointment, multiplied by the minimum stipend for their years of service.
- c. All payments for stipends and allowances shall be made at least semi-monthly, in arrears, on or before the mid-month and the last day of each month.
- d. Should the stipend, for any cause, be not paid on the due date, the member of the clergy shall immediately notify the diocesan finance officer in order that appropriate action may be taken by the diocesan council.
- e. Every member of the clergy shall, on or before February 15th in each year, make an official return on the form sent out by the Synod office of the total amount of salary within the meaning of the General Synod pension canon received for the previous year. Should there have been no salary for the previous year, the estimated salary for the current year may be shown.
- f. (1) In the case of a self-supporting parish, on the appointment of a new incumbent, the cost of the moving company for moving that incumbent shall be borne by the parish, with the right of appeal to the bishop.
- (2) In the case of an assisted parish, the cost of the moving company shall be at the discretion of the bishop.

REGULATION 5.6.01 - BASIC MINIMUM STIPEND AND ALLOWANCES

- a. The basic minimum stipend for members of the clergy, as required by canon 5.6, herein called the stipend, shall be increased on January 1 each year by an amount equal to the increase in the cost of living in Victoria for the year ended the previous June 30, as determined by Statistics Canada.
- b. The basic minimum stipend as determined by paragraph (a) above, shall also be increased, for each member of the clergy, by an amount equal to 1 per cent (not compounded) of the said basic minimum stipend, for each year of service, in the Diocese or otherwise, since the ordination of the said member of the clergy as deacon, up to a maximum of 30 years. The said increase shall take effect upon the January 1st or July 1st next following the anniversary date of the said ordination. (See Appendix "H")
- c. (1) It shall be the duty of every parish to make provision for a suitable residence or a housing allowance for the incumbent.
- (2) The parish shall be responsible for payment of regular monthly telephone costs (not personal long-distance calls and similar extra charges).

- (3) In a parsonage provided by the parish, the parish shall be responsible for:
 - Seeing that a suitable stove and refrigerator and a washer and dryer are provided and that they are maintained at parish expense;
 - The payment of the taxes, insurance and other maintenance on any parsonage.
- (4) Housing Allowance: In those instances where an incumbent rents or purchases his own home, payment of an allowance based upon a qualified appraisal of what would constitute rent in the community concerned.
- (5) Health, Dental and Medical Benefits: The parish shall pay B.C. Medical Services Plan premiums, extended health and dental premiums on behalf of the member of the clergy and family.
- (6) Annual Holiday: Normal annual holidays for members of the clergy shall be four (4) weeks in any calendar year, unless with prior approval of the bishop. The bishop may grant a special leave of absence upon application. (See Appendix "G" Employment Standards)

d. General Synod Pension Fund:

- (1) Every bishop and member of the clergy on the register of the Diocese, in active service, who has been found medically fit qualifies for admission to the General Synod pension fund and are subject to the provisions of General Synod canon VIII.
- (2) The dues payable by individual members of the clergy and by the salary paying source as laid down in the General Synod canon VIII shall be remitted to the Synod office monthly.
- (3) The diocesan council shall act as the diocesan authority referred to in regulation II, section 3, of General Synod canon VIII.

e. General Synod Group Insurance Plan: The General Synod group insurance plan is applicable to every member of the clergy who is licensed to a sphere of work in the Diocese; sums deducted each month from the participants' stipends shall be remitted monthly together with the pension assessment payments to the Synod office.

f. Educational Leave:

- (1) Members of the clergy who are contemplating leave for educational purposes shall consult the bishop in the early stages of planning.
- (2) All members of the clergy licensed to a full-time ministry by the bishop and who are not in receipt of the General Synod pension are entitled to one week's professional educational leave each year in addition to their annual vacation and the study leave referred to in paragraph (3). This leave is non-cumulative and does not include participation in mandatory educational events.
- (3) By virtue of diocesan participation in the General Synod continuing education plan, all members of the clergy as defined in paragraph (2) hereof, are entitled to six weeks' study leave every five years (eight days per year). This leave is cumulative, but must be taken in a way that is mutually satisfactory to the bishop, the salary paying source and the person seeking leave. It is in addition to any annual vacation and to any professional educational leave referred to in paragraph (2).
- (4) With the approval of the bishop and the salary paying source and after completion of six years' satisfactory full-time service in the Diocese since
 - a) ordination,
 - b) becoming canonically resident, or
 - c) completing a previous sabbatical,
 whichever event shall last occur, members of the clergy shall be granted sabbatical leave of from three to ten months (exclusive of any annual vacation or leave referred to in paragraphs (2) and (3) hereof) on condition that there is an agreement to return to the Diocese for a further two full years' service at least.
- (5) If members of the clergy are granted leave of absence of not more than one year's duration for educational purposes, the amount of any stipend received during the absence shall be determined by agreement with the salary paying source.

- g. The rates of pay for clergy holding letters of appointment to an interim ministry, which involves full Sunday duty (including regular services) and a specified number of weekdays, shall be as determined from time to time by diocesan council. Travelling costs shall be paid according to the current diocesan scale. (See Appendix “H”)

[Regulation 5.6.01 amended; 100th Synod, 2021]

REGULATION 5.6.02 - CLERGY HOUSING

- a. No incumbent shall be permitted to reside at a location which, in the opinion of the bishop, is more than a reasonable distance from the parish, without the agreement of the parish council and the permission, in writing, of the bishop.
- b. Where a member of the clergy is the incumbent of more than one parish, the responsibility and expenses connected with such a residence shall be apportioned and set by the diocesan council after due consultation.
- c. The payment of the taxes, insurance and other maintenance on any parsonage, as well as basic telephone costs (not personal long distance calls and similar extra charges) shall be the responsibility of the parish concerned.
- d. With the exception of a residence purchased by a member of the clergy, no additions or structural alterations shall be made to any parsonage except with the written permission of the diocesan council.
- e. With the exception of a residence purchased by a member of the clergy, no parsonage shall be erected on leased land, or upon any land the title to which is not fully vested in the Synod.

CANON 6 - PARISH

CANON 6.1 - PARISH ORGANIZATION

The diocesan council shall have the power to make such regulations to this canon from time to time as it may deem necessary for the procedures to be adopted in relation to the conduct of the business of parishes generally and to repeal and amend the same as the circumstances may require. As no parish has existence except as part of the Diocese of British Columbia, no parish has the competence to separate itself from the Diocese of British Columbia.

CANON 6.2 - ESTABLISHMENT, SUBDIVISION, GROUPING, AMALGAMATION, DISESTABLISHMENT OF PARISHES

The bishop and diocesan council may, subject to the regulations hereto, establish, subdivide, group, amalgamate or disestablish parishes.

REGULATION 6.2.01 - COMMISSION OF INVESTIGATION

Whenever the word “commission” is used herein, it shall denote a commission appointed by the bishop and approved by diocesan council, consisting of an archdeacon, two clerical or two lay members, who shall report to the bishop in writing. Such report, after approval by diocesan council by resolution, and concurrence by the bishop, shall be deemed to be confirmed and final.

REGULATION 6.2.02 - ESTABLISHMENT AND/OR SUBDIVISION OF PARISHES

1. Whenever a group of persons, who are communicants of the Anglican church, of the full age of sixteen years, residing in the Diocese, desire the establishment of a parish where they reside, they shall present a memorial to the bishop to that effect, stating their reasons.
2. On receipt of this memorial the bishop shall:
 - (a) Refer the matter to the diocesan council for study and report and notify, in writing, the incumbent or incumbent and the churchwardens of any neighbouring parishes that may be affected;
 - (b) If no objection to the proposal is raised within one month from the date of such notice, and if the report of diocesan council is in favour of the establishment of a parish, and if the bishop is satisfied that all applicable provisions of statutory legislation have been complied with, and that proper and sufficient means have been or

will be provided for the maintenance of work in such parish, the bishop and diocesan council may proceed with the establishment of the parish;

- (c) If any of the parties notified above objects to the proposed parish, the party or parties shall, within the required time, state to the bishop, in writing, the grounds of objection. The bishop may either refuse the objections or appoint a commission which shall confer with the incumbent or incumbents of the parish or parishes affected, and consider the objections made. The commission shall then report its findings to the bishop through diocesan council, and if such report is favourable to the establishment of the parish and is confirmed by diocesan council, the bishop and diocesan council may proceed to the establishment of such a parish.

REGULATION 6.2.03 GROUPING OF PARISHES

1. Whenever the bishop shall consider it advisable to amalgamate or merge two or more existing parishes, the bishop shall seek voluntary consent to such amalgamation or merger by a conference of the incumbent, churchwardens of such parishes, and shall then seek diocesan council approval by resolution.
2. Parishes may be grouped as follows:
 - a. Clustered parishes. These parishes would retain their parochial independence within the diocesan structure but would share a priest between them on an agreed percentage basis. This could vary from an equal share (50%/50%) to any combination dependent upon the particular circumstances of the parishes involved. Each parish would be responsible for paying the stipend, allowances and benefits in accordance with the agreed percentage share. As independent parishes, they would retain their own financial responsibilities, councils, Synod delegates etc.;
 - b. Team ministries. These parishes would retain both their parochial independence within the diocesan structure and their clergy but would work and be organized as a team in order to provide a ministry within a particular area by sharing and exchanging resources with each other to achieve a greater synergy of outward witness and mission. As independent parishes, they would retain their own financial responsibilities, councils, Synod delegates, etc.
3. In any one of the following cases, namely:
 - a. Where a diversity of opinion may prevent the action set forth above;
 - b. Where the bishop shall consider that the interest of the Diocese requires it;
 - c. Where representation shall have been made to the bishop by sixty-six percent of the members of the vestry or vestries of a parish or of contiguous parishes; or
 - d. Where a memorial shall have been presented to the bishop by the clergy of the region in which the parishes are situated;
 - (i) The bishop may give three months' notice to the incumbents and churchwardens that the bishop will at the end of that time proceed to make arrangements to group the parishes. If within three months no objection be offered by the incumbents and churchwardens, then the bishop shall proceed to establish a new parish. If within the said three months a written objection to the proposed action of the bishop be made, then diocesan council shall, at its next session, consider the said objection and give its opinion on it by vote, and, if the appeal be rejected, the bishop may proceed to effect the grouping of the parishes.
 - (ii) Alternatively, at the sole discretion of the bishop, if a voluntary agreement cannot be reached, a commission may be appointed to consider the objections of those opposed to group the parishes, or any other pertinent matters, and to report to the bishop. If such report is in favour of the proposed grouping and has been confirmed by diocesan council, the bishop may proceed to carry the proposed parish grouping into effect. If the report of the commission is unfavourable, further action shall be deferred for a period of not less than one year, from the date of such report.

REGULATION 6.2.04 - DISESTABLISHMENT OF A PARISH OR CONGREGATION

1. The vestry of any parish may resolve by a resolution adopted by at least a sixty percent majority of those present at a special vestry meeting called for the purpose of considering the matter to disestablish the parish (notice being duly given by the incumbent or churchwardens during divine service on the two Sundays next preceding such vestry meeting) that it is expedient, for reason to be stated in the resolution, that the parish should be disestablished. The resolution, having been reviewed and supported by diocesan council, shall be submitted to the bishop for her/his approval who may then proceed with a declaration to disestablish the parish.

2. If the bishop deems it advisable that any parish in the Diocese should be disestablished and if voluntary disestablishment cannot be arranged, the bishop may give three months' notice to the incumbent and churchwardens that the bishop will, at the end of that time, proceed to make arrangements for disestablishment. If within three months no objection is offered by the incumbent and the churchwardens, then the bishop shall proceed. If within the said three months a written objection to the proposed action of the bishop be made, then diocesan council shall, at its next session, consider the said objection and give opinion on it by vote, and, if the appeal be rejected, the bishop shall proceed to effect a disestablishment of the parish.
3. Before disestablishing a parish the bishop shall require a financial statement of the assets and liabilities of such parish to be submitted to the bishop for review. If the liabilities are found to be greater than the assets, the bishop shall submit a statement to diocesan council which shall take such action as seems necessary under the circumstances.
4. On disestablishment, the registers and other books, records and documents of the parish shall be surrendered forthwith to the diocesan archivist, who will report receipt of these documents to the registrar of the Diocese.
5. On disestablishment, the parish capital assets of every kind, the place or places of worship and any other real parish properties shall be immediately transferred to and be in control of the Synod as trustee. The said assets shall be dealt with and disposed of by and under a commission comprised of the officers of synod, and the awards of the commission, when approved by the bishop and the diocesan council, shall be binding on all parties.
6. The churchwardens of such a disestablished parish shall continue in office for the purpose of winding-up only and shall, within a period of not more than three months after the declaration of disestablishment has been issued, discharge all current financial liabilities so far as the current assets at their disposal will allow,

and shall then hand over to the Synod any balance remaining in their possession, together with an audited statement of receipts and disbursements of the parish since the end of the last financial year.
7. Notwithstanding Section 5 above, on disestablishment, where there is a successor parish, endowments, parish funds and other net current assets vest in the successor parish.

REGULATION 6.2.05 – PROPERTY REDEVELOPMENT FUND

1. A Property Redevelopment Fund is created to assist with property initiatives in the diocese through non-interest-bearing loans.
2. Advances to parishes and other diocesan organizations or initiatives from the Property Redevelopment Fund will be made for purposes approved by diocesan council on the recommendation of finance committee.
3. The terms of all such advances shall be as approved by diocesan council on the recommendation of finance committee, and agreed to by the parish or other organization accepting the advance.
4. A minimum balance of \$50,000 will be maintained in the fund. If the fund falls below the minimum balance, no new loans will be issued until the fund returns to the minimum balance.

[Regulation 6.2.05 added by Diocesan Council, June 2, 2022]

CANON - 6.3 - BUILDINGS AND LANDS

All buildings and lands of the Diocese shall be registered in the name of The Anglican Synod of the Diocese of British Columbia.

REGULATION 6.3.01 - PARISH LANDS AND BUILDINGS

- a. All lands and buildings are held in the name of the Anglican Synod of the Diocese of British Columbia.
 - (1) All major construction, purchase and sale, leasing or mortgaging relating to buildings or lands, including churches that have been closed or disestablished, shall be recommended by the asset management advisory team, for approval by the diocesan council.

(2) Any major changes during any of the above processes must be referred by the asset management advisory team for approval by the diocesan council.

b. In order to begin the approval process the following information shall be forwarded to the diocesan finance officer, who shall forward the same to the asset management advisory team, namely:

Respecting purchases

- (a) A general description of property (with sketch of location),
- (b) Purchase price,
- (c) Method of financing purchase,
- (d) Evidence as to value supplied by an independent qualified evaluator,
- (e) Copy of offer (if available),
- (f) Statement giving details of why the property is required.

Respecting sales

- (a) A general description of property (with sketch of location),
- (b) Copy of the offer to purchase,
- (c) Proposed disposition of proceeds,
- (d) Evidence as to value supplied by an independent qualified evaluator,
- (e) Statement giving details of why the property is to be sold,
- (f) Statement as to whether or not the property is consecrated,

Respecting building or structural alterations:

First step: (for approval in principle)

- (a) Preliminary plans,
- (b) Estimated cost,
- (c) Method of financing,
- (d) Statement of why the building or alteration is required.

Second step: (for final approval)

- (a) Final plans,
- (b) Actual cost as established by tender or conditional contract,
- (c) Method of financing,
- (d) Particulars of any performance bond furnished by the contractor.

Respecting mortgages or loans:

- (a) A general description of property (with sketch of location),
- (b) Amount, terms, and interest rate,
- (c) Name and address of the mortgagee or lender,
- (d) Statement of the intention of the use of the funds,
- (e) Statement outlining method of payment,
- (f) Statement as to whether or not the property is consecrated.

Respecting leases:

- (a) The terms of the lease,
- (b) Proposed disposition of proceeds where the parish is landlord,
- (c) Proposed method of financing where the parish is the tenant,
- (d) Statement giving details of why the lease is required,
- (e) Statement as to whether or not the property is consecrated.

c. If a parish desires to initiate a purchase, sale, lease, mortgage or other dealing respecting lands and/or buildings, it shall follow the steps set out below, namely:

1. The incumbent and wardens shall first consult with the bishop.
2. They shall forward a certified copy of the vestry resolution to the diocesan finance officer, who shall forward the same to the asset management advisory team.

3. The asset management advisory team shall deal with the request of the parish, following the procedure stated above respecting the matter.
4. No lease of diocesan property shall be written for a period longer than 1 year (renewable) without the approval of diocesan council.
5. All leases shall be in writing and signed by the appropriate diocesan officials.

REGULATION 6.3.02 - HERITAGE DESIGNATION

Heritage designation of any diocesan property is discouraged. Any heritage designation must be approved by diocesan council.

REGULATION 6.3.03 - MEMORIALS, CHURCH FIXTURES, ORNAMENTS AND FURNISHINGS IN CHURCHES

a. Any person or persons desiring to place a memorial of a permanent character in or on a church building shall make application for permission to the incumbent of the parish, who shall call a meeting of the parish council, and if necessary, of the parishioners for their consideration of such application. If it be received favorably the application shall be forwarded to the bishop and the decision of the bishop shall be final.

b. The property in all such memorials, and all purchased and donated fixtures, ornaments and furnishings in church buildings and their disposal shall be vested in the synod of the Diocese. The bishop and diocesan council shall, on behalf of the synod, decide matters relative to their disposal.

c. When parishes are disestablished the bishop and diocesan council may appoint a furnishings committee which shall act on their behalf. In general, furnishings shall be distributed, in order of preference, to

- i) parishes of the Diocese,
- ii) parishes of other dioceses, and churches with whom we are in communion,
- iii) other Anglican institutions or associated bodies,
- iv) museums, and
- v) private individuals (sale or gift).

Furnishings will be exchanged with a written, signed receipt from the recipient. Records of disposal will be deposited in the diocesan archives. If a private individual receives a furnishing without payment which was previously donated by that person or a relative, a charitable tax receipt for \$0.00, stating the particulars of the donation, will be issued by the Diocese, and the recipient advised to re-file their income tax return for the year in which the object was donated.

d. If a building is to be sold by the Diocese, and a furnishing is not easily removed (eg. a stained-glass window), a clause shall be inserted into any contract of purchase wherein the Diocese reserves the right, at its expense, to remove the furnishing.

e. Memorial brasses may be removed from the walls of buildings in disestablished churches, and if not associated with another furnishing, may be erected at a place designated by the diocesan council.

f. All fixtures, ornaments and furnishings of any church building or other building in which divine service is held, shall be included in the inventory of all church goods, as provided for in regulation 6.8.01 (10).

REGULATION 6.3.04 - INSPECTION AND REPAIRS OF PAROCHIAL BUILDINGS

a. The diocesan council shall, as occasion shall require, arrange for an inspection of the church, parsonage and other church buildings in each parish.

b. With the exception of a residence purchased by a member of the clergy, an inspection of the parsonage shall always take place on the termination of an incumbency. Upon the inspector's report being received, the diocesan council shall take the necessary steps to see that the parsonage be in fit and proper condition of repair before the new incumbent shall enter into residence. The cost of such inspection is to be borne by the Synod.

c. Upon receiving the report of the inspector, the diocesan finance officer shall give notice to the wardens of the repairs required.

REGULATION 6.3.05 - ERECTION AND ALTERATION OF BUILDINGS

- a. (1) In the case of a self-supporting parish, no new structure of a permanent nature shall be erected on any church property, or any alterations or additions above the cost of twenty thousand dollars made to any existing structure, until the plans and specifications, and the methods proposed for meeting the costs, shall have been submitted to and approved by the bishop and the diocesan council.
- (2) In the case of an assisted parish, no construction shall be undertaken, nor any capital expenditures made or budgeted for, without the express permission of the bishop and the diocesan council.
- b. (1) Any capital project with a construction cost in excess of \$250,000 must be managed by an independent owner's representative who must not be a paid professional consultant such as an architect, construction manager or parish manager, but will be either the asset manager or an independent professional advisor approved by the asset manager (developer or project manager, for example).
- (2) Any capital project of \$250,000 or less shall have an independent owner's representative if the diocesan council so directs, and
- (3) The independent owner's representative shall be a paid owner's representative under contract for the project and shall be paid with project funds, as part of the project costs.

[Regulation 6.3.05 amended by Diocesan Council April 27, 2019]
 [Regulation 6.3.05 ratified; 100th Synod, 2021]

- c. No building to be used for church purposes shall be purchased or otherwise acquired until such building has been inspected by the duly authorized agent of the bishop and approved by the diocesan council.

CANON 6.4 - CLERGY HOUSING

It shall be the duty of every parish to make provision for a suitable residence for the incumbent. (See regulation 5.6.02.)

CANON 6.5 - MANAGEMENT OF CEMETERIES

- a. The incumbent and churchwardens shall have the responsibility for the management and control of the cemetery, subject to provincial legislation and regulation. This cemetery committee may add to its number not more than four parishioners for the purpose of administration.

[Canon 6.5 amended by Diocesan Council April 27, 2019]
 [Canon 6.5 ratified; 100th Synod, 2021]

- b. Cemetery committees may establish regulations for the management and control of the cemeteries in their care.
- c. Every cemetery shall be accurately surveyed and mapped into burial spaces.
- d. The incumbent and churchwardens shall petition the bishop of the Diocese for the consecration of the ground of a new cemetery, and such petition shall be accompanied by a certified copy of the survey.
- e. Burial spaces may be sold in perpetuity for a sum to be fixed by the cemetery committee. Funds raised from the sale of burial spaces must be managed in accordance with provincial laws and regulations.
- f. On purchase of burial spaces the purchaser shall receive the following document, signed by the incumbent and one of the churchwardens:

"Received this ____ day of _____ 20__ from A.B., of _____ the sum of _____ for the right to be interred in that piece of ground, part of the cemetery of the Anglican Church of Canada at _____ numbered _____ on the map of the cemetery, in the custody of the incumbent and churchwardens of _____. The right to the above piece of ground to be held by the said A.B., subject to the canons, regulations and rules for the time being in force, for the management of the cemetery."

- g. For the burial of ashes after cremation, a section of the cemetery may be divided into small plots.
- h. Ashes may be buried in the grave of a previous interment, subject to the regulations of the cemetery committee.

- i. No appropriated burial space shall be opened without the written authority of the owner of such space, or the legal representative, unless for the burial of one of the immediate family of such owner; provided always, that it shall in no case be opened contrary to the expressed wish of the owner.
- j. Applications for the purchase of burial spaces, or for burial, shall be made to the cemetery committee or its appointed designate and the incumbent shall have the final decision on any application.
- k. The cemetery committee shall have the right to regulate the placement of monuments, memorials, gravestones, and displays. In the absence of such regulation, no monument, gravestones or erection of any kind, shall be placed in any cemetery without the consent, in writing, of the incumbent, nor shall any inscription on any work, monument, gravestones or railing be made without the consent, in writing, of the incumbent, subject to an appeal to the bishop. The incumbent and churchwardens may remove, at their discretion, any memorial decoration.
- l. The position of the graves and vaults, and the general arrangement and laying out of the grounds shall be determined by the cemetery committee.
- m. In case of any dispute arising between the incumbent and churchwardens, an appeal may be made to the archdeacon, and an appeal from any decision of the archdeacon may be made to the bishop, whose decision shall be final.
- n. Exhumation may only be carried out by legal warrant.
- o. No burial service, interment, or scattering of ashes shall be held in the cemetery, except by the incumbent or with the consent of the incumbent.
- p. Many church properties have areas where cremated remains are scattered which are not within legal cemeteries. If there is such a place on church property, and this property, place, or area is proposed to be sold or built upon, the issue shall be referred to the bishop and diocesan council for decision.

REGULATION 6.5.01 - MANAGEMENT OF CEMETERIES

- a. At the time of sale of a burial plot and at the time of an interment within the cemetery of a body or ashes, or a scattering of ashes within the cemetery, a copy of this canon and regulation, as well as the cemetery committee's regulations, shall be given to the family.
- b. The interment or scattering of ashes within a cemetery, or the scattering of ashes by a cleric outside of a legal cemetery, shall be recorded in the burial register of the parish, indicating the general location of the interment or scattering.
- c. Burial plots which are not to be used by the purchaser or the purchaser's heirs may be sold only to the parish at the original price.
- d. If a family decides not to erect a permanent memorial, the cemetery committee may place a permanent identification marker on the burial plot.
- e. The removal of cremated remains that are in containers shall only be done with the permission of the cemetery committee and the family.
- f. The territorial archdeacon shall examine the records of the cemetery on a semi-annual basis. Copies of the records shall periodically be sent to the diocesan archives.

REGULATION 6.5.02 - DISESTABLISHED PARISHES WITH CEMETERIES

Where parishes recommended for disestablishment include cemeteries:

- a. The Executive Archdeacon will ensure that a local administrator is appointed.
- b. Existing bank accounts will be transferred to the Diocese retaining the local administrator as principle signatory.
- c. Ongoing plot sales, opening/closing for interments, and record keeping, will be overseen by the Diocesan Office in collaboration with the local administrator.

- d. Maintenance will be accomplished on a contract basis, administered by the Diocesan Office in collaboration with the local administrator.
- e. The Executive Archdeacon will explore possible local private sector or municipal government agencies to assume the operation of the cemetery.
- f. The Diocesan Council is empowered to alter any way necessary to
 - a) revise cemetery bylaws
 - b) appoint offices to various cemetery organizations in accordance with current provincial legislation.

CANON 6.6 - INSURANCE

- a. Insurance is normally provided through a national group insurance program arranged with the diocesan office. If a parish participates in this program it is the wardens' responsibility to ensure that property values are maintained at current replacement cost and that any claims are reported to the diocesan office.
- b. The churchwardens shall also take out and currently see to the maintenance of insurance policies to cover damage or accidents which may occur on or in church property to third parties. If a parish does not participate in the national group insurance program it shall be the duty of the churchwardens to arrange and maintain equivalent or better coverage than would be obtained through the group insurance program, showing the insured as the Anglican Synod of the Diocese of British Columbia.

CANON 6.7 - ANNUAL MEETING OF PARISHIONERS

- a. There shall be, in every parish, an annual meeting of the parishioners within sixty days after the end of the fiscal year, for the purpose of receiving and passing the previous year's accounts and for electing officers.
- b. The incumbent shall be the convener of the meeting; if there is no incumbent, then the meeting shall be convened by the churchwardens.
- c. The incumbent or nominee shall be the chair of the meeting. If the incumbency is vacant, or if the incumbent is absent for any cause, the meeting shall elect one of the churchwardens as chair.
- d. Every elector present shall be entitled to vote.
- e. The names and addresses of churchwardens, treasurer, lay delegates to Synod and lay delegates to the regional conference shall be sent to the diocesan office within ten days of the holding of the annual meeting.

REGULATION 6.7.01 - ANNUAL OR SPECIAL MEETINGS OF PARISHIONERS

- a. The parish council may appoint a nominating committee, which shall submit its report to the meeting. Other nominations may be made from the floor.
- b. The order of proceedings at the annual meeting shall include:
 - Prayer;
 - Reading, correcting and approving minutes of the previous meeting;
 - Receiving report of churchwardens and other reports;
 - Appointment of churchwarden by incumbent;
 - Election by parishioners of:
 - Churchwarden(s)
 - Lay delegates to Synod and alternates
 - One youth lay representative nominee for election to Synod by a regional conference
 - Parish council
 - An examiner to review the financial statements;
 - Adjournment with prayer.
- c. The incumbent shall call a meeting on receiving a written request, signed by the churchwardens and by a majority of the parish council, or on a written request by any ten parishioners.
- d. Notice of every such meeting must be given in writing or printing, signed by the convener, and posted up conspicuously at or near the church door, at least ten days before the day on which the meeting is to be held. The

notice must state the time and place at which, and the purpose for which, the meeting is to be held; and shall be in the following form:

"Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the parishioners of this parish will be held on the ___ day of ___ at ___ o'clock, in the _____ for the purpose of _____."

Similar notice shall also be given during divine service in the church on the two Sundays preceding the meeting.

- e. An elector who is unable to attend a meeting in person may appoint, in writing, another elector to attend and vote on his or her behalf by proxy, provided that no elector may hold more than one proxy at any meeting. A proxy is valid only for the one meeting to which it refers.
- f. In parishes with 200 or fewer electors, the quorum for transacting any business at an annual or special meeting of parishioners shall be:
 - i. the incumbent, or, if the incumbency is vacant or the incumbent is absent for any cause, the priest or deacon in charge, if any,
 - ii. at least one churchwarden or deputy warden, and
 - iii. not fewer than ten of the electors of the parish, present in person or by proxy.
- g. In parishes with over 200 electors, the quorum for transacting any business at an annual or special meeting of parishioners shall be:
 - i. the incumbent, or, if the incumbency is vacant or the incumbent is absent for any cause, the priest or deacon in charge, if any,
 - ii. at least one churchwarden or deputy warden, and
 - iii. not less than ten per cent of the electors of the parish, present in person [or by proxy].
- h. If a quorum is present at the start of the transaction of business at the meeting, the meeting is validly constituted and remains so, notwithstanding any reduction in the number of attendees during the course of the meeting.
- i. If a quorum is not present within 30 minutes of the time set for the commencement of the meeting, the meeting shall stand adjourned to be resumed at the same time and place seven days following the date originally set. No further notice of the adjournment of the meeting need be given under subsection d.
- j. The electors present at the meeting at which no quorum was present may by simple majority vote to choose a different time and place for the adjournment of the meeting, in which case the notice provisions of subsection d. apply.
- k. The incumbent, or, if the incumbency is vacant or the incumbent is absent for any cause, the priest or deacon in charge, if any, at least one churchwarden or deputy warden, and the electors in attendance at the time and place fixed for a meeting adjourned under subsection i. or j. shall constitute a quorum.
- l. At a meeting duly convened and held, the result of the votes shall be recorded and shall bind those who are absent. Voting shall be by show of hands or standing vote unless a vote by ballot is requested. A parishioner shall vote at the meeting of only one parish of which the parishioner is a member.
- m. (1) The chair shall have the usual powers of a chair at any other public meeting. It shall be that person's duty to remain in the chair until the business is concluded, or the meeting adjourned, to keep the meeting, when necessary, to the specified purpose of its assembling, and to decide all questions of order. In addition to the chair's own vote, the chair shall have a casting vote in the case of a tie.
(2) The right of adjournment shall be in the whole assembly, and the question of adjournment shall be decided only by the majority of votes.
(3) Minutes of the proceedings and resolutions of every meeting shall be correctly recorded and signed by the chair.

[Subsections e. to k. added by Diocesan Council; Dec 2018]

[Subsections e. to k. ratified; 100th Synod, 2021]

REGULATION 6.7.02 – PARISH MEETINGS BY ELECTRONIC MEANS

- a. The incumbent of a parish, or, if there is no incumbent, the churchwardens, may direct that at any annual or special meeting of parishioners, or any meeting of the parish council or a committee thereof, a member may participate by means of a telephonic, an electronic or other communication facility that permits all participants to communicate adequately with each other during the meeting. A member so participating in a meeting is deemed for the purposes of the Canons to be present at the meeting.
- b. The incumbent of a parish, or, if there is no incumbent, the churchwardens, may direct that any annual or special meeting of parishioners, or any meeting of the parish council or a committee thereof, shall be held entirely by means of a telephonic, an electronic or other communication facility that permits all participants to communicate adequately with each other during the meeting.
- c. In any meeting of parishioners, the parish council or a committee thereof where members participate by electronic means, those provisions of Regulation 2.1.05 that are not in conflict with this Regulation shall apply, with the necessary grammatical and contextual changes.

[Regulation 6.7.02 adopted by Diocesan Council June 25, 2020]

[Regulation 6.7.02 ratified at 100th Synod, May 29, 2021]

CANON 6.8 - APPOINTMENT AND ELECTION OF CHURCHWARDENS

- a. In every parish there shall be two churchwardens selected from the communicants, one to be appointed by the incumbent and one to be elected by the electors; provided that, if the incumbent declares a desire to waive the incumbent's right of appointment, both the churchwardens shall be elected by the electors.
- b. If any incumbency be vacant at the time fixed for the election and appointment of churchwardens, one shall be elected by the parishioners duly assembled (normally at the annual general meeting) and the other shall be appointed by the bishop or the commissary. The churchwarden appointed by the bishop or the commissary shall remain in office until the incumbent shall have been duly appointed.
- c. No person shall be appointed or elected as churchwarden who has held the office for the previous six years.
- d. No churchwarden may be removed from office except by direction of the bishop.

REGULATION 6.8.01 - CHURCHWARDENS

- a. The churchwardens, upon appointment to their office, shall sign the following declaration to be kept in the parish office:

"I, _____, churchwarden of the parish of _____, declare that I consent to be bound by the constitution, canons and regulations which are now in force, and which may from time to time be made or amended by the Anglican Synod of the Diocese of British Columbia, and that I will faithfully perform the duties of my office."
- b. Appointment or election as churchwarden does not imply the assumption of any personal liability in the due performance of the duties of churchwardens as such.
- c. The duties of the churchwardens, whether chosen by the incumbent or the parishioners, shall be the same:
 - (1) To see that the divine service is regularly and decently performed by the persons licensed by the bishop or holding the bishop's permission to officiate, and to ensure that all things requisite for divine service are provided.
 - (2) To set an example of regular attendance and hearty response on the part of the congregation, and generally to assist and support the incumbent by zeal and moral support in all matters affecting the welfare and advancement of the parish; to take care that order is preserved in the church, and to see that the parishioners are sufficiently accommodated in the church.
 - (3) To have supervision of all financial matters of the parish, and to ensure that a financial statement is drawn up each month for presentation to the parish council.

- (4) To ensure that the incumbent's stipend is paid in full regularly each month.
- (5) To ensure that the yearly accounts, duly examined and reviewed, are laid before the parishioners at the annual meeting; and that a copy of such accounts is sent to the diocesan finance officer, as well as the parish annual return form sent from the Synod office.
- (6) To hand over to their successors in office any cash balance in hand after the approval of the accounts, together with the church goods and inventory.
- (7) To ensure that all properties under the stewardship of the parish are in repair and insured; and all premiums and taxes are paid (See Canon 6.6 – Insurance).

[Amended by Diocesan Council; January 28, 2021]
[Ratified; 100th Synod, 2021]

- (8) To execute contracts normally entered into on behalf of the parish, having obtained the previous consent or subsequent ratification of the parish council.
- (9) To undertake, with the incumbent, the management and control of the church cemetery or cemeteries within the parish, subject to the terms of any trust affecting the same, and subject to the regulations on cemeteries.
- (10) The following books or records are to be kept by the parochial authorities:
 - Register book or books of baptisms, confirmations, banns, marriages and burials;
 - A register of all services that take place in the church, with the names of the officiating ministers;
 - A register of Sunday attendance and attendance at festivals;
 - The minutes and resolutions of the vestry meetings and parish council;
 - The parish accounts;
 - The constitution, canons, and regulations of the Diocese, to be retained permanently in the parish, in addition to any other copies required by the incumbent and other officers;
 - An inventory of all church goods and lands.

[Amended by Diocesan Council; December 2018]
[Ratified; 100th Synod, 2021]

- (11) At the beginning of the year to assist the incumbent in preparing and promptly submitting a table of statistics on a form provided by the diocesan office.
- (12) To provide for the care of the parish during the annual holiday of the incumbent.
- (13) To report to the bishop the death of the incumbent, or the inability from any cause to fulfill the duties of the incumbent.
- (14) To take care of the rectory during the vacancy of the incumbency.
- (15) To assist the incumbent in the appointment of all lay employees.
- (16) To assist in the completing, signing and remitting of all necessary filings under the Income Tax Act, in a timely manner, so that the parish's standing as a registered charity be maintained.

d. Churchwardens shall normally continue in office until their successors are appointed or elected.

e. If a churchwarden wishes to resign the office, notice in writing shall be given to the incumbent or if there is no incumbent, to the bishop or the commissary.

f. (1) If the office of churchwarden chosen by the parishioners shall become vacant, a meeting of the parishioners shall be called as soon as conveniently may be, to elect some other qualified person to the vacant office. If the office of churchwarden chosen by the parishioners shall become vacant during the year, with less than six months of the normal term remaining, a churchwarden may be elected by the parish council without the necessity of calling a meeting of the parishioners.

(2) If the office of the churchwarden appointed by the incumbent shall become vacant the incumbent shall appoint without delay some other qualified person to the vacant office.

(3) Immediately after the appointment of a churchwarden to fill a vacancy the incumbent shall publicly announce to the congregation during the time of divine service, the name of such person, and shall have such person sign the declaration required in paragraph a. above and advise the diocesan office of the name of such person.

CANON 6.9 - THE PARISH COUNCIL

- a. In every parish there shall be a parish council elected from and by the parishioners of not less than three nor more than twelve in number in addition to the ex-officio members. This council shall meet at least quarterly.
- b. The council may, at a meeting subsequent to the parishioners' meeting, add to its membership a number not more than one-third of those elected at the vestry meeting, with the unanimous consent of its members to each appointment.
- c. The incumbent shall be entitled to appoint a number equal to those added under paragraph b. above.
- d. Unless elected or appointed to parish council, the treasurer and secretary do not have a vote.
- e. Members added under the provisions of paragraphs b. and c. above shall have the same powers and privileges as those members elected by the vestry.
- f. Alternate lay delegates to Synod not elected or appointed to parish council are not ex-officio members of parish council, unless the elected lay delegate states that he/she cannot attend Synod.
- g. The incumbent, any other clergy licensed to the parish, the churchwardens and lay delegates to Synod shall be ex-officio members of the parish council and all have the right to vote.
- h. No paid lay employee of the parish shall be a member of the parish council without the unanimous consent of the council.
- i. The duty of the parish council shall be to assist and support the incumbent and the churchwardens in the general business and the programs of the parish.
- j. The incumbent shall be the convener of the parish council; if there be no incumbent, then the meetings shall be convened by the churchwardens.
- k. The incumbent, the incumbent's nominee, or a person elected by the council, in that sequence, shall be the chair of the parish council. If the parish be vacant, or if the absence of the incumbent is approved by the archdeacon or the bishop, the council shall elect as chair one of the churchwardens.
- l. The incumbent shall call a special meeting of the parishioners or parish council on receiving a written requisition to that effect, signed by the churchwardens and by a majority of the parish council or on such requisition signed by any ten parishioners.
- m. A quorum of the parish council shall be the chair and one of the churchwardens and one-third of the membership of the council.
- n. Between annual and special meetings of the parishioners, their powers shall be vested in the parish council.

REGULATION 6.9.01 - PARISH EMPLOYEES

- a. All lay employees of the parish shall be appointed by the rector and churchwardens, the position and terms of employment having been authorized by the parish council.
- b. All regular staff and volunteers who work with children or vulnerable adults shall, before commencing work, provide a criminal record check to the diocesan office.

- c. All full-time employees of the Diocese, parishes, or church related institutions in the Diocese shall be offered the opportunity of becoming members either of the General Synod pension plan or the lay retirement pension plan of The Anglican Church of Canada.
- d. See Appendix "G" for diocesan employment standards.

CANON 6.10 - PARISH FINANCES

- a. All monies received by the parish from any source or for any purpose shall be promptly deposited in a chartered bank, credit union, or trust company authorized to do business in the Province of British Columbia, and cheques drawn on the account or accounts shall be signed by any two of the following:
 - (1) The incumbent,
 - (2) The rector's warden,
 - (3) The people's warden,
 - (4) The treasurer or assistant treasurer, if any,
 - (5) Any others authorized by parish council.
- b. All the monies received from any source and for any purpose by the parish shall be brought to account in the churchwardens' accounts, and shall be included in their annual statement to be submitted to the annual meeting of parishioners.
- c. The churchwardens' accounts shall be examined each year by a qualified person or persons, other than a member of the parish council, elected at the previous annual vestry meeting, and the examiner's report on the accounts shall be presented to the annual meeting of parishioners.

REGULATION 6.10.01 - LINKED BANKING SYSTEM

Parishes participating in the diocesan linked banking system may:

- (a) Submit loan applications approved by resolution of the parish council to the diocesan council for approval.
- (b) Apply for emergency funding if they have no outstanding loans. Such funding may be granted by any two of the authorized signatories of the Synod bank account, up to \$10,000 in a line of credit to individual parishes. All such applications shall be forwarded to the diocesan finance officer for consideration, and the bishop and finance committee shall be advised.

REGULATION 6.10.02- PARISH FUND DRIVES

The soliciting of funds from any other parish by a parish or individual, or organization may be carried out only with the permission of the diocesan council.

REGULATION 6.10.03 - PARISH TREASURER

1. ACCOUNTABILITY: The parish treasurer is appointed by the rector and wardens with the consent of the parish council and reports to the wardens of the parish, who are ultimately responsible for all financial aspects of the parish.
2. QUALIFICATIONS: A good working knowledge of basic bookkeeping or accounting and the time and commitment to complete all of the work necessary.
3. DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES:
 - a. Ensure that all monies received by the parish are accounted for, recorded and deposited into a recognized financial institution in a safe and timely manner.
 - b. Ensure that all parish financial obligations (clergy stipend and housing, staff salaries, benefits, bills, taxes, insurance, assessment, etc.) are paid in a timely manner.
 - c. Control or prepare and maintain accounting records of the financial activities of the parish.

- d. Ensure that the rector, wardens and parish council are kept aware of the parish's financial condition and present accurate, comparative financial statements to them monthly.
- e. Assist in the development of an annual budget for the parish.
- f. Attend all council, regional and other meetings as required.
- g. Ensure that all of the parish financial information is available for audit, review or examination and be prepared to answer any questions relating to it.
- h. Pass all records on to your successor in a neat and tidy condition and timely manner.

REGULATION 6.10.04 - POSTING OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

All church wardens and treasurers of each parish church of the Anglican Synod of the Diocese of British Columbia are required to produce and post in a visible location in the Church, easily understood monthly financial statements. These financial statements are also to be made available in a timely manner to the Clergy, wardens, parish council members, and members of the parish upon request. The financial statements are to include the status of the diocesan assessment.

REGULATION 6.10.05 – PARISH STEWARDSHIP

- i. It shall be the duty of the clergy and churchwardens of each parish to encourage the people to participate in the mission and stewardship of the Church.
- j. In each parish there shall be annually a comprehensive canvas of parishioners, for the purpose of obtaining pledges of Christian services and financial commitment in the ensuing year to further the mission and stewardship of the church, including
 - meeting the financial needs of the parish,
 - promoting and implementing the parish vision and the diocesan vision, and
 - promoting the mission of the Anglican Communion.
- k. The wardens shall report the results of the said canvass to the Executive Officer no later than fourteen days after its conclusion.

[Added by Diocesan Council; November 2021]

CANON 6.11 - GENERAL

- a. All questions of dispute between the incumbent and the churchwardens, or between the churchwardens and the meeting of parishioners, shall be reported to the bishop for decision, or for such enquiry as the bishop may consider necessary and the decision of the bishop in each case shall be final.
- b. Proceeds of the sale of property are to be invested, and the capital is not to be used for current purposes, unless express permission is given by the diocesan council.
- c. The diocesan council may make regulations governing the use of capital from the proceeds of the sale of property.

[Canon 6.11.c added; 100th Synod, 2021]

REGULATION 6.11.01 – CAPITAL PROPERTY TRUSTS

In the case of the sale of rectory property, Appendix "L" applies unless express permission is given by diocesan council.

[Amended; 100th Synod, 2021]

CANON 7 - EDUCATIONAL TRUSTS

CANON 7.1 - BOARD

Pursuant to Section 7 of the Synod Incorporation Act, there shall be appointed the Diocese of British Columbia educational trusts board (hereinafter in this canon called "the board").

CANON 7.1 - ORGANIZATION

- a. Membership
- (1) Ex-officio:
- (a) The members of the board of the trust constituted by the will of John Albert Hall, deceased, dated 10th January 1932, (hereinafter called "the Hall board"), namely: the bishop, the dean, the two senior canons of the Cathedral Chapter, the chancellor, the treasurer.
- (b) The member or members of the selection board of the Stanley Flitcroft Trust Deed dated 7th December 1977, (hereinafter called "the Flitcroft board").

- (2) Appointed:
Four (4) members appointed by the diocesan council of whom at least two shall be lay persons, such members need not be members of Synod, but must have the qualifications required of lay delegates of Synod by Article IV of the constitution of the Synod.

PROVIDED, however, that upon the adoption of the foregoing amendment, no sitting member shall have their

- appointment or,
- in the case of a first term, entitlement to be re-appointed to a second term,

end, but upon the first two members to leave the board either by resignation or by coming to the end of a second term, those positions shall not be filled so as to reduce the number of appointed members in accordance with the foregoing paragraph.

[Canon 7.1.a(2) amended; 100th Synod, 2021]

- b. The term of the appointed members shall be established by regulation.
- c. A majority of the members shall form a quorum provided that it shall include a majority of the members of the Hall board, and a member of the Flitcroft board if the Flitcroft board consists of 3 or more members.

REGULATION 7.2.01 - BOARD MEMBERS

- a. The term of appointed members shall be for three years.
- b. No appointed member shall serve more than two consecutive terms.
- c. Vacancies of appointed members on the board shall be filled by appointment of the diocesan council.

CANON 7.3 - DUTIES

The board shall meet at least once in each quarter of the calendar year. Minutes of each meeting shall be filed in the Synod office for circulation to the diocesan council. The board shall receive and consider any recommendations from Synod or from the diocesan council. The board shall report to each regular session of Synod.

CANON 7.4 - POWERS

- a. To receive and consider all applications for grants under the C.H.G. Mann trust and under the Stanley Flitcroft trust respectively.
- b. To award, in accordance only with the trusts relating thereto, grants under the C.H.G. Mann trust.
- c. To recommend to the Flitcroft board, in accordance only with the trusts relating thereto, the granting of bursaries.

- d. To recommend to the Hall board such measures as the board considers necessary or desirable for the carrying out of the power and authority granted to the Hall board in accordance with the trusts relating thereto, or as the terms and scope of the trusts may, from time to time, be modified, altered, or extended.
- e. To recommend and/or award the recipients and amounts of grants from such trusts as may at any time be deemed appropriate by Synod for the board to administer.

CANON 8 - REGULATIONS

- a. Regulations may be drafted from time to time to facilitate the implementation of a canon by the body or bodies affected, provided they are not inconsistent with the spirit of the canon.
- b. Regulations made as described above become operative upon approval of the diocesan council.
- c. The diocesan council shall submit all regulations approved by it to the next ensuing Synod for ratification. If ratification is denied, the regulation may not be re-introduced at any level until after the next ensuing Synod, when the above provisions pertain.

CANON 9 - COURT OF THE DIOCESE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

1. Interpretation

In this canon:

- (1) **“accused”** shall refer to any person charged with an offence under any canon on church discipline;
- (2) **“applicant”** shall refer to any party in the position of plaintiff with respect to any matter referred to the court;
- (3) **“bishop”** shall refer to the bishop of the Diocese and shall include an administrator of the Diocese or bishop’s commissary;
- (4) **“canons”** shall include the canons of the Diocese as well as canons of Provincial Synod and General Synod;
- (5) **“cause”** includes any matter referred to the court;
- (6) **“charge”** is an accusation of any breach of discipline under the canons;
- (7) **“commission”** shall refer to the commission of the bishop requiring the court to deal with a cause;
- (8) **“complainant”** shall include any person who instigates a charge or complaint;
- (9) **“complaint”** shall refer to the document upon which a charge is based;
- (10) **“court”** shall mean the Court of the Diocese of British Columbia;
- (11) **“party”** shall include any party to the proceedings;
- (12) **“president”** shall mean the person elected by section 2, clause 4;
- (13) **“proceeding”** shall include any cause or matter referred to the court;
- (14) **“provincial court of appeal”** shall mean the provincial court of appeal of the Ecclesiastical Province of British Columbia and Yukon;
- (15) **“registrar”** shall mean the registrar of the court;
- (16) **“respondent”** shall include any party responding to any matter referred to the court;
- (17) **“rules”** shall mean the rules passed from time to time by the court;
- (18) **“supreme court of appeal”** is the supreme court of appeal for the Anglican Church of Canada;
- (19) **“supreme court”** is the Supreme Court of the Province of British Columbia.

2. Court

- (1) There shall be a court to be known as the “Court of the Diocese of British Columbia”, which shall be composed of five persons, being:
 - Two clergy: one to be appointed by the bishop, and one to be elected at Synod neither of whom need be members of Synod.
 - Three lay: one to be appointed by the bishop, and two to be elected at Synod, one at least of whom shall be a lawyer of five (5) years’ standing or more, none of whom need be members of Synod.
- (2) No member of the court shall be disqualified by reason of that member dealing in any way with a charge or preliminary investigation, but no member of the court may sit on any charge or complaint preferred by such member, or on any charge or complaint in which such member may have an

interest and in such case the bishop on the recommendation of the diocesan council shall appoint pro tem a replacement to sit on the court for that charge or complaint until it is concluded.

- (3) Any vacancy which may occur in the membership of the bishop's appointees to the court by death, resignation or otherwise shall be filled by a replacement appointed by the bishop, and any new member shall be announced by the bishop at the next ensuing meeting of the diocesan council, which shall report the appointment to the Synod at its next session. Any vacancy which may occur in the membership of the elected members of the court by death, resignation or otherwise shall be filled by a replacement appointed by the diocesan council on the recommendation of the court, to stand until the next session of Synod.
- (4) The court shall be presided over by a member thereof elected by the court.
- (5) The court shall from time to time appoint a registrar or acting registrar, and such other officers as may be found necessary.
- (6) The court may sit in any place in the Diocese and at such time as the president of the court may order and direct.
- (7) No objection shall be effective as to the constitution, or appointment of any members of the court or any other officers appointed to assist or advise the bishop in the exercise of the bishop's power, authority and jurisdiction.
- (8) No objection shall be effective in any proceedings under this canon that the offence, cause, breach or charge arose outside of the Diocese in which proceedings are taken or arose outside Canada.

3. Jurisdiction

- (1) The said court shall have the jurisdiction within the Diocese conferred on a diocesan court by canon XVIII of the canons of the General Synod of the Anglican Church of Canada.
- (2) Without limiting the generality of the foregoing:
 - (a) The said court shall have cognizance and may try any member of the church within the Diocese, clerical or lay, for offences against the provisions of the constitution or canons of the Diocese, or of the Provincial Synod of British Columbia and Yukon, or of the General Synod of the Anglican Church of Canada.
 - (b) The court shall also determine any question which may be referred to it by the bishop as to the sufficiency of the bishop's reasons for refusing a Bene Decessit or Letters Testimonial to a cleric on removal from the Diocese.
 - (c) The court shall also have jurisdiction to determine any other question which may be referred to it by the bishop.
- (3) Nothing in this canon infringes on the authority of the bishop as set out in canon XVIII of the canons of the General Synod.

4. Procedure

- (1) Notwithstanding anything in this canon and unless the court otherwise directs, any proceedings may be disposed of by:
 - (a) agreement;
 - (b) consent order; or
 - (c) where the parties have waived such hearing or compliance, by a decision of the court given,
 - (i) without a hearing, or
 - (ii) without compliance with any other requirement of this canon.
- (2) It shall be the duty of the president of the court to see that all of the proceedings of the court as well as any sentence, or any action of the bishop thereon, are duly recorded by the registrar and retained with all proceedings in the matter, and the decision of the court and any sentence of the bishop shall be in writing.
- (3) All decrees, citations, orders and other instruments under seal, shall be issued by the registrar of the court and shall bear date on the day on which they are respectively issued.

- (4) The seal of the court shall bear the device of the seal of the Synod.
- (5) No member of the court shall divulge the sentence recommended by it until such time as the sentence has been approved and confirmed by the bishop, and further, no member of the court will disclose the vote of any particular member of the court.

5. Appeals Regarding Hearings

- (1) Every person whose case may have been disposed of and decided adversely to such person, who shall make it appear that new evidence having an important bearing on the case has been discovered since the hearing, the existence of which was unknown by such person at the time of the hearing

may, within six months of discovery of such new evidence, petition the bishop for a rehearing of the case, and such person may apply by petition to the bishop for an arrest of sentence or judgment, upon causes to be shown; and the bishop shall, upon receiving such petition, refer the same with or without comment to the court and the court's decision on the above questions, shall be final insofar as this Diocese is concerned.
- (2) The decision of the court and any sentence imposed in accordance with the provisions of this canon shall be subject to appeal to the Provincial Court of appeal of the Ecclesiastical Province of British Columbia and Yukon, or to the supreme court of appeal of the Anglican Church of Canada in accordance with the canons of the provincial and General Synods constituting the said courts.
- (3) On notice of appeal by an accused person being given and served as provided in the previous section from any conviction or sentence, the bishop from whose conviction or sentence the appeal is asserted shall not proceed to enforce such sentence against the accused until further order of the court appealed to.

6. Rules

The court may from time to time make such rules and regulations as to the court may seem expedient for regulating the practice and procedure of the court, and every matter deemed expedient for carrying out the objects of this canon; and the court may, from time to time, suspend, repeal, vary, or revive any such rules and regulations, but no order made by the court shall have the effect of altering any matter defined by this canon. Matters not provided for by the rules of the court shall be regulated by analogy to the rules of the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

SCHEDULE TO CANON 9 - RULES OF THE COURT OF THE DIOCESE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

1. Style and Commencement of Proceedings

- (1) Any proceedings in the court shall be styled in the Court of the Diocese of British Columbia with the name(s) of the applicant(s) or the complainant(s) and the name(s) of the accused or the respondent(s).
- (2) Any new matter or proceeding within the jurisdiction of the court may be referred to the court for determination by written notice delivered to the registrar of the court at the diocesan office at 900 Vancouver Street, Victoria, British Columbia, setting out the following:
 - (a) The name(s) of the applicant(s) or the complainant(s) and the name(s) of the respondent(s);
 - (b) A short description of the cause or matter;
 - (c) The relief sought; and
 - (d) An address within the Diocese at which further notices may be delivered.
- (3) In the event of a vacancy in the position of registrar of the court, a notice may be delivered to the president of the court.

2. Preliminary Investigation

Where the court has been requested by the bishop to conduct a preliminary investigation, the investigation may be conducted by two or more members of the court as determined by the court or by the bishop.

3. Form of Charge and Hearing by Court

The court may appoint two of its members to determine the sufficiency or insufficiency of the form in which the charge is presented, and of the answer thereto, and of any matter connected with the practice or procedure of the court, subject to an appeal to the court in all matters in which either party may be dissatisfied; provided however, that the evidence to be taken on which the court is to act, and the hearing and adjudication of the subject matter of the complaint, must be given, heard and made before and by the court.

4. Notice of Hearing

A notice of hearing by the court shall include a statement of the time, place and purpose of the hearing and a reference to the authority under which the hearing will be held, and shall also include a statement that if any party notified does not attend at the hearing, the court may proceed in the absence of such party who will not be entitled to any further notice in the proceedings.

5. Service of Notice of Hearing

Fourteen (14) clear days before the hearing, a notice of hearing shall be served upon the respondent and other parties, or such service may be accepted by any party, and a party shall be given reasonable notice of the hearing, the question of reasonableness in any case to be solely determined by the court. Clear days shall exclude Saturdays, Sundays and statutory holidays.

6. Procedure on Failure to Attend After Notice

Where notice of hearing has been given to a party and the party does not attend, the court may proceed in the absence of the party, who will not be entitled to any further notice in the proceedings.

7. Furnishing Information to Party Where Character or Conduct in Issue

Where the good character, propriety of conduct or competence of a party is an issue in any proceedings, the party is entitled to be furnished prior to the hearing with reasonable information of any allegations with respect thereto.

8. Representation by Counsel

A party to the proceedings may be represented by counsel or an agent; may call and examine witnesses and present arguments and submissions, and may conduct cross-examinations of witnesses, at a hearing reasonably required for full and fair disclosure of the facts, and where any person is not so represented the court may appoint a representative when the court determines that such representation may be required in the interest of justice, and where any party is charged with any offence the court may appoint counsel to prosecute the charge.

9. Witness' Rights

A witness at a hearing is entitled to be advised by counsel or agent as to such witness' rights, but such counsel or agent may take no other part in the hearing without leave of the court, and where a hearing is in camera, a counsel or agent for a witness is not entitled to be present except when that witness is giving evidence.

10. Open Hearings

A hearing shall be open to the public except where the court is of the opinion that matters involving intimate, financial or personal matters may be disclosed at any hearing of such a nature, having regard to the circumstances, that the desirability of avoiding disclosure in any interests of any person affected or in the public interest outweighs the desirability of adhering to the principle that hearings be open to the public, in which case the court may hold the hearing in camera.

11. Oaths

Any member of the court has power to administer oaths and affirmations with respect to any of its proceedings, and the court may require evidence before it to be given under oath or affirmation.

12. Power to Summon Witnesses

The court may summon and orally examine witnesses, including any party, in open court, to give evidence under oath or by affirmation and to produce in evidence documents and things so specified by the court, and may for sufficient reason order any particular fact or facts to be proved by statutory declaration or allow the affidavit or statutory declaration of any witness to be read in evidence at the hearing, or may direct any witness to be examined before an examiner or commissioner or the registrar of the court or other person authorized by the civil law of the Province to examine witnesses or take statutory declarations.

13. Service of Summons

The summons herein referred to shall be served personally in accordance with the rules of the Supreme Court of British Columbia. If personal service cannot be reasonably effected the court may make such order for substituted or other service as it deems fit.

14. Inferences

The court shall be entitled to draw inferences from evidence accepted by it whether of fact or law which might have been drawn therefrom if proved at a trial.

15. Canada Evidence Act

A witness at a hearing shall be deemed to have objected to answer any question that may be asked of such witness on the grounds that it may tend to incriminate or be deemed to establish liability to civil

proceedings, and no answer given by a witness shall be used or be receivable in evidence against that witness at any hearing or trial or other proceedings against such witness thereafter taking place other than a prosecution for perjury, and a witness shall be informed by the court of the provisions of the Canada Evidence Act.

16. Affidavit Evidence

A witness at a hearing shall be orally examined but the court may at any time by sufficient reason order particular evidence or facts to be proved by affidavit, or that the affidavit of a witness may be read at the hearing.

17. Depositions and Commission Evidence

The court may, whenever it appears necessary, make an order for the examination before a member of the court or any other person at any place and permit such deposition to be given in evidence, or the court may order the issue of a commission to take such testimony as approved in the form of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, and such testimony may be given in evidence.

18. Admission of Evidence

The court may admit as evidence at a hearing, whether or not given or proven under oath or affirmation or admissible as evidence in court, any oral testimony or document or other thing relevant to the subject matter of the proceedings, but nothing is admissible in evidence that may be inadmissible in the Supreme Court of British Columbia by reason of any privilege under the law of evidence, or which would be inadmissible by statute.

19. Copies of Document

A copy of a document may be admitted as evidence where the court is satisfied as to its being a true copy, and where the document may be filed as evidence the court may authorize a copy to be filed in evidence when accepted to be a true copy by a member of the court.

20. Judicial Notice

The court may take notice of facts that may be judicially noticed, and take notice of any generally recognized scientific or technical facts, information, or opinions within scientific or specialized knowledge.

21. Decision in Writing

The court shall give its final decision or order, if any, in writing, and shall give reasons in writing therefor if requested by any party.

22. Service of Decision

The court shall send by regular mail addressed to the parties to any proceeding at their last known address a copy of the final decision or order, together with reasons where reasons have been given, and each party shall be deemed to have received a copy of the decision on the fifth day after the day of mailing unless a party acting in good faith did not receive the decision or order through absence, accident, illness, or other cause beyond the control of such party.

23. Record

The court shall compile a record of any proceeding before it which shall include the complaint, notice of hearing, the answer if any, any intermediate or interlocutory orders, all documentary evidence, transcripts if any of oral evidence, the decision of the court and reasons, where reasons have been given.

24. Maintenance of Order

The court may make such orders or take such proceedings as it considers necessary for the maintenance of order at the hearing.

25. Abuse of Process

The court may make such orders or give such direction in proceedings before it as it considers proper to prevent abuse of its processes.

26. Exclusion of Agents

The court may exclude any person acting as agent from the hearing other than a barrister and solicitor qualified to practice in the Supreme Court of British Columbia, if it finds that such person is not competent to properly advise or represent a witness or a party.

27. Limitation of Cross Examination

The court may reasonably limit further cross-examination of a witness where it is satisfied that the cross-examination of a witness has been sufficient to disclose the facts.

28. Adjournment

Any hearing may be adjourned from time to time by the court to a fixed date.

29. Notice of Order by Publication

Where the court is of the opinion that because the parties to any proceedings are so numerous, or for any other reason it is impractical to send its decision and the material to all or any of the parties individually the court may cause reasonable notice of the decision or order to be given to the parties in such manner as the court may direct.

30. Amendments

Amendments to any proceeding or document may be made by order of the court at any time.

31. Adding or Deleting Parties

The court may at any stage of the proceedings order that the name of any complainant or respondent improperly added be struck out and may also order that any person(s) who ought to have been joined, or whose presence is necessary, be added.

32. Costs and Expenses

- (1) All expenses necessarily incurred by the court or by anyone acting under its direction in any investigation or hearing pursuant to this canon shall be paid by the Synod.
- (2) The costs including counsel fees of and incidental to any proceedings authorized to be dealt with by the court are in the discretion of the court. The court has full power to determine by whom, or to what extent, costs shall be paid including the legitimate costs of any party out of the Synod, and in any proceeding the court may fix the amount of costs awarded or may in its discretion deal with the question of costs separately.

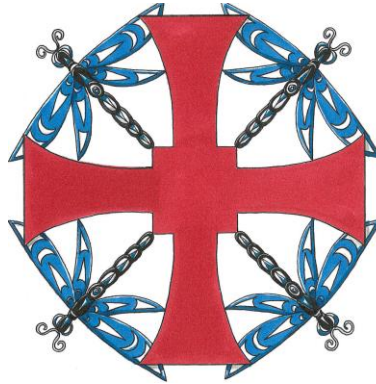
33. Application to Supreme Court of British Columbia for Directions

The court may apply to the Supreme or Superior Court for such directions as it deems necessary or to enforce its orders with respect to evidence or for any other purpose, and the court may state a case to the Supreme Court of the Province of British Columbia, where permitted by law.

34. Matters Not Provided For

As to all matters not provided for in these rules the practice shall be regulated by analogy thereto and to the rules of practice of the Supreme Court of the Province of British Columbia.

CANON 10 - ORDER OF THE DIOCESE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA



CONSTITUTION

1. PURPOSE

The purpose of the Order is to honour and give special recognition to members of the Diocese (and in the case of Honorary Awards, those not part of the Diocese) who have given outstanding service over a significant period of time in their baptismal ministry.

2. INTERPRETATION

The definitions in this section apply in this Constitution.

"Bishop" means the Bishop of the Diocese of British Columbia

"Council" means the advisory council established by section 3.

"Member" means a member of the Order.

"Officer" means an officer of the Order.

"Order" means the order of the Diocese of British Columbia

"Order Cycle" means the period of time from one installation to another, which is expected to be, but not restricted to, every 2 years.

[Canon 10 amended, 100th Synod, 2021]

"Rector" means and includes the incumbent priest or the priest-in-charge of a parish

"Registrar" means the registrar of the Diocese of British Columbia

"Secretary" means the secretary of the order.

3. COMPOSITION

The Order shall consist of the incumbent bishop of the Diocese, former bishops of the Diocese, officers, members, honorary officers and honorary members.

4. ADMINISTRATION

A) The incumbent bishop of the diocese is the head of the Order and is an officer in the Order. At the end of the episcopate the bishop ceases to be the head of the Order but continues as an officer within the Order.

B) The bishop is responsible for the administration of the Order.

C) The secretary of the Order is responsible for

(i) maintaining the records of the Order and of the council;

(ii) arranging for investitures; and

(iii) performing such other functions in respect of the Order as the Bishop may request.

D) The bishop may appoint such officials for the administration of the Order as the bishop considers necessary.

5. COUNCIL

- A) The advisory council for the Order shall consist of the following members:
 - (i) The chair of the council, which shall be the bishop unless the bishop appoints another;
 - (ii) an archdeacon of the Diocese;
 - (iii) another member of the clergy of the Diocese;
 - (iv) no more than three (3) lay members of the Diocese.
- B) Members of the council serve at the pleasure of the bishop but for no longer than three (3) Order cycles.
- C) The bishop may, extend the term of one or more members of the council appointed by one more Order cycle.
- D) The council shall:
 - (i) Consider all those nominations submitted to the bishop for officer and member;
 - (ii) Compile and submit to the bishop a list of those recommendations from the nominees in the divisions of officer and member; and
 - (iii) Advise the bishop on such matters as the bishop may refer to the council.

6. ELIGIBILITY

- A) Officer: Any lay member of the Diocese, or retired clergy of the Diocese, may be appointed as an officer of the Order.
- B) Member: Any lay member of the Diocese may be appointed as a member of the Order.
- C) Honorary Officer: A lay person who is not a member of the Diocese; or clergy who is not a member of the Diocese; may be appointed as an honorary officer.
- D) Honorary Member: A lay person who is not a member of the Diocese may be appointed as an honorary member.
- E) A person is not a member of the Order by reason only of being appointed a member of the council or an official of the Order.

7. NOMINATIONS AND APPOINTMENTS

- A) Nominations for officer and member, as noted below, may be submitted to the bishop for consideration by the council and in turn confirmed by the bishop, at any time during the nomination period. Nominations must be made on the rank specific nomination form designated for that Order cycle.
- B) The bishop may personally appoint in each Order cycle a maximum of two (2) officers and five (5) members.
- C) The awarding of honorary awards is within the purview of the bishop and shall be no greater than one (1) honorary officer and three (3) honorary members in any Order cycle.
- D) Officer
 - (i) Appointment of persons as officers shall be made for extraordinary voluntary commitment and exemplary voluntary service to the Diocese of British Columbia and/or the Anglican Church of Canada.
 - (ii) Nominations may be submitted by any member of the Diocese and supported by four (4) other members of the Diocese, each one from a different parish. At least two (2) of the five (5) nominators must be active clergy of the Diocese.
 - (iii) The number of officers appointed in any Order cycle, other than those in the bishop's personal gift noted in 7.B and 7.C shall not exceed five (5) persons.
- E) Member
 - (i) Appointment of persons as members shall be made in recognition of their outstanding voluntary commitment and the voluntary service of their parish for an extended period; and/or voluntary work on behalf of the Diocese.
 - (ii) Nominations shall be submitted by the rector of a parish on behalf of the parish with respect to one of their parish members.
 - (iii) The number of Members, appointed in any Order cycle, other than those in the bishop's personal gift noted in 7.B and 7.C shall not exceed one person per parish.

8. INSTRUMENT OF APPOINTMENT

- A) Appointments to the Order shall be made by instrument signed by the Secretary and Registrar of the Order and sealed with the Seal of the Order. [Canon 10 amended, 100th Synod, 2021]
- B) Unless otherwise provided in the instrument of appointment, an appointment shall take effect on the date on which the instrument of appointment is sealed.

9. RANKS

The bishop may elevate any member to the rank of officer, such elevations falling within the maximum allowed under 7.B and 7.C

- A) A person elevated to a higher rank is entitled to wear the insignia of the higher rank only.
- B) No person shall hold more than one appointment to the Order at any time.

10. INSIGNIA

The insignia of the Order shall be drawn from the badge of the Diocese as the bishop prescribed, with a differentiation between officer and member. The insignia shall be suspended by the designated ribbon.

officers, members, honorary officers and honorary members may wear such appropriate insignia as the Bishop may prescribe.

11. MOTTO

The motto of the Order shall be:

Faithfulness - This single word has been used to honour the faithful service over a considerable time by the members of the Order to their parish family, The Diocese of British Columbia and the wider church and community. It also acknowledges that our service is rooted in faithful service to the teachings of Christ.

12. INVESTITURE SERVICE

There shall be an investiture service at the conclusion of each Order Cycle at which the Bishop shall invest the new members of the Order or elevate a Member to the rank of Officer. At the Bishop's discretion there may be two (2) investiture services; one in Victoria and the other in a location in or north of Nanaimo.

[Canon 10 amended, 100th Synod, 2021]

13. TERMINATION OF MEMBERSHIP IN THE ORDER

A person's membership in the Order ceases:

- A) upon the death of the person;
- B) when the bishop accepts the person's resignation from the Order, which resignation shall have been made in writing; or
- C) when the bishop makes an ordinance terminating the person's appointment to the Order; and
- D) upon termination of membership in the Order, as noted in B) or C) above, the regalia of the Order shall be returned to the Bishop. In the case of A) above, the insignia may be retained by the family. Such retention does not grant permission for another to wear the insignia. [Canon 10 amended, 100th Synod, 2021]

14. ORDINANCES

The bishop may make ordinances respecting the governance and insignia of the Order and the termination of a person's appointment to the Order.

15. SEAL

- A) The seal of the Order, which is set out in the schedule, shall be committed to the custody of the bishop.
- B) No appointment, termination of appointment, award or ordinance shall have effect unless it has been sealed with the seal of the Order.

16. BOOKS AND RECORDS

- A) A record of all awards of the Order made shall be kept in a register (the “register”) into which all pertinent details of each award of the Order is subscribed, including but not limited to the recipient’s name, the date of the presentation of the awards, the recipient’s parish and the reason the award was made.
- B) Each record in the register, which is signed by the registrar, shall be prima facie proof of the fact set forth therein.
- C) The register shall be kept at the diocesan synod office unless the bishop directs the Secretary otherwise.
- D) The register shall be maintained in accordance with the directions of the registrar.

REGULATION 10.1 - GUIDELINES

a. Composition

The Order is composed of the incumbent bishop of the Diocese as the head of the Order, former bishops of the Diocese, officers of the Order, honorary officers, members of the Order, and honorary members.

b. Eligibility

Officer

1. A member of the laity of the Diocese or a retired member of the clergy of the Diocese who has served in an exemplary volunteer capacity for the Diocese and/or Anglican Church of Canada for a significant period of time. In the case of clergy such time having been in retirement not active service.
2. They must be nominated by a member of the Diocese and supported by four (4) other members of the Diocese. All five (5) being from different parishes and at least 2 of whom are active clergy of the Diocese.
3. Nominees must accept their nomination, be willing to have their names recorded in the register of the Order, and consent to publicity of their investiture including publication of their photograph.
4. Posthumous nominations are not accepted. Death of a nominee after the nomination has been accepted by the Council and approved by the Bishop in accordance with Section 7 of Canon 10, but before the investiture of said person, shall not be considered posthumous.

[Canon 10 amended, 100th Synod, 2021]

5. Besides the two (2) within the bishop’s gift, there can be no more than five (5) appointments in an Order cycle.

Member

1. A member of the laity of the Diocese who has served in a volunteer capacity in the parish, and/or a number of parishes (on committees, parish councils, in special outreach, parish activities), and/or at diocesan level for a significant period of time.
2. Only one person may be nominated by each parish in an Order cycle. The candidate’s name is to be submitted to the bishop office by the rector of that parish on behalf of the parish.
3. Nominees must accept their nomination, be willing to have their names recorded in the register of the Order, and consent to publicity of their investiture including publication of their photograph.
4. Posthumous nominations are not accepted. Death of a nominee after the nomination has been accepted by the Council and approved by the Bishop in accordance with Section 7 of Canon 10, but before the investiture of said person, shall not be considered posthumous.

[Canon 10 amended, 100th Synod, 2021]

5. Besides the five (5) within the bishop’s gift, there can be no more than one appointment per parish in any Order cycle.

Honorary Officer

1. A person who is not a member of the Diocese, they may not even be a Christian, but who has served, in an exemplary capacity, the church or wider community, provincial, national or international in accordance with the ideals of this Diocese and for a considerable time.
2. The award is within the gift of the bishop and only one (1) is permitted in any Order cycle.

Honorary Member

1. A lay person who is not a member of the Diocese, they may not even be a Christian, but who has served, in an exemplary capacity, their local or regional community in accordance with the ideals of this Diocese for a considerable time.
2. The award is within the gift of the bishop and only three (3) are permitted in any Order cycle.

Clergy & Paid Staff

The premise of the whole Order is primarily to recognize lay people who give their time and talents to the ministry and ideals of the Diocese without monetary compensation. It honours volunteers.

Parish or diocesan staff that are paid are also not eligible for nomination resulting from their paid position. However, if they attend another church and volunteer at that church sufficient for them to be nominated, that will be considered.

We also recognize that in smaller communities paid staff does not have that option. Therefore, if they only work a few hours a week AND their nomination is in consideration of the volunteer work they have done and is NOT connected with their paid work, then a nomination will be considered. This exception must be noted in the nomination.

There is also one exception for clergy. Retired clergy who are members of the Diocese (whilst active they may or may not been licensed in this Diocese) and have been engaged in significant volunteer endeavours for the wider church or society, are eligible for nomination to the rank of officer. This must have been for a significant time post retirement.

c. Nomination Process & General Timing

1. It is expected that there will be an investiture every second year. The time from one investiture to another is referred to as “the Order cycle”
2. Once the window of time for nominations is open (expect it to be within the first two (2) months of a year in which an investiture is to occur) the appropriate nomination form is completed and signed then forwarded to the bishop’s office, attention The Secretary of the Order, by the date published for that current “Order cycle”. (usually around April 30th)
Note: Please ensure that the correct form is used for either officer or member as they are different. The form may be modified from Order cycle to Order cycle so make sure the current one is used.
[Canon 10 amended, 100th Synod, 2021]
3. Given there are only 5 Officer Awards in any Order cycle, it is strongly suggested that you DO NOT advise your nominee that you have submitted their name to avoid disappointment. If the nomination is approved by the Bishop the Secretary contacts the individual to seek their approval to proceed.
[Canon 10 amended, 100th Synod, 2021]
4. Nominations for officer and member (but not honorary) are passed to the Order’s advisory council to review and make recommendations to the bishop.

5. No later than four (4) months before the Investiture service, (usually by June 30th) the secretary of the Order will communicate with the recipients about the bishop's wish to bestow an award on them; in the case of officer, to obtain their consent; and to advise all of the investiture arrangements.
6. The recipient will then confirm their acceptance no later than three (3) months prior to the investiture. (usually by the end of July)

d. Time and Place of the Investiture Service

1. The bishop invests new members of the Order at an investiture service approximately once every two (2) years.
2. The expectation is that there will be one investiture, usually on a Saturday in the fall, close to All Saints, at Christ Church Cathedral. However, the rules of the Order do allow for the Bishop to have two investitures, one at Christ Church Cathedral for the lower Island and another in a location in or north of Nanaimo.
[Canon 10 amended, 100th Synod, 2021]
3. In the event that any new officer or member is unable to attend their prescribed region's investiture, it is permissible, with prior approval, for them to be invested at the alternate location.

e. The Insignia

The insignia of the Order is based on the badge of the Diocese of British Columbia. The badge was granted by the Chief Herald of Canada in 2017 and is a combination of both original and new symbols of the Diocese. The original part is the cross at its centre, which was part of the seal of the first bishop of the Diocese, George Hills, and became part of the diocesan coat of arms granted in 1859. The new part is the dragonfly a symbol that was adopted by the Diocese in 2016. First Nations in the Pacific Northwest consider the dragonfly to be a symbol of change, transformation and swiftness, traits the Diocese strives towards. It is also respectful of the journey of reconciliation the Diocese is on with its First Nations neighbours. This dragonfly was designed for the chief herald by Doug LaFortune of the Tsawout First Nation on the Saanich Peninsular.

f. The Motto

Faithfulness - This single word has been used to honour the faithful service over a considerable time by the members of the Order to their parish family, The Diocese of British Columbia and the wider church and community. It also acknowledges that our service is rooted in faithful service to the teachings of Christ.

g. The Regalia

The regalia shall consist of three (3) parts:

1. The neck medallion is to be worn around the neck on the special ribbon it comes with. It is appropriate to wear the medallion at special occasions, in parishes, or at the Diocesan level. Examples of this would be a worship service or event where the Bishop of the Diocese of British Columbia is present, at Synod or Diocesan Services & events and at the investiture of new Officers and Members to the Order.
2. In addition to the medallion the members of the Order are given a small lapel pin that can be worn with everyday dress.
3. Letters Patent that attests to the individual's membership and rank in the Order; that is signed by the Secretary and Registrar and bears the seal of the Order.

The regalia is given for the exclusive use of the recipient and as such can neither be sold or given away without the express written permission of the Bishop and in upon termination in the Order must be dealt with in accordance with section 13. D of the constitution.

[Canon 10 amended, 100th Synod, 2021]

[enacted 98 Synod, 2018)

APPENDICES

- APPENDIX "A" – Royal Letters Patent Creating the See of British Columbia 12th January 1859
- APPENDIX "B" – Concerning Shared Ministry
- APPENDIX "C" – Guidelines for Nominations & Balloting re Election of Bishop
- APPENDIX "D" – Diocesan Mission Fund Guidelines
- APPENDIX "E" – Respectful Conduct Policy
- APPENDIX "F" – Resolutions Committee Guidelines
- APPENDIX "G" – Human Resources Policy Manual
- APPENDIX "H" – Remuneration Rates for Supply & Interim Clergy
- APPENDIX "I" – Steps to Parish Revitalization
- APPENDIX "J" – Regional Ministry Project
- APPENDIX "K" – Privacy Policy
- APPENDIX "L" – Guidelines: The Sale of Rectories and The Use of Funds
- APPENDIX "Z" – Canons of the General Synod Binding Upon the Diocese

APPENDIX "A"

A copy of the Letters Patent, dated January 12, 1859 can be obtained from the
Diocesan Office

(Added to Canons June 2009)

APPENDIX "B"

Diocese of British Columbia and Comox Nanaimo Presbytery Agreement CONCERNING SHARED MINISTRY

"SHARED MINISTRY" is understood to mean a sharing by the Anglican Diocese of British Columbia and the Comox-Nanaimo Presbytery to provide ordained ministry within a pastoral charge/parish whose members may include other than Anglicans and United Church members. Each of these shared ministries has circumstances and history which are unique. The regulations in this document (approved in 1991, revised at least twice since, and substantially revised in 2005) form the basis of the cooperative work of the Diocese of British Columbia and the Comox-Nanaimo Presbytery of the United Church of Canada.

1. PROVIDING FOR BOTH TRADITIONS

The United Church of Canada and the Anglican Church of Canada, while sharing a common faith and many common practices, nevertheless have distinctive ways in which that faith is lived out and distinctive understandings of those practices. In particular, this difference is pronounced in our forms of governance, the United Church of Canada following a presbyterial system and the Anglican being episcopal. Further, we recognize that there is a diversity of faith and practice within our traditions as well as between them.

Despite these differences, there are a number of places on Vancouver Island where Anglicans and United have shared in ministry and worship for years. In these places, the faith and practice of both traditions has been and continues to be acknowledged, but there should also be as high a degree of integration as possible. Individuals should be nurtured in their own tradition, while having the opportunity to appreciate a wider ecumenical experience.

In order to provide support, each shared ministry will be officially linked to both the Diocese of British Columbia and the appropriate presbytery through existing denominational structures. The responsibility for maintaining this linkage will be shared between the incumbent, the bishop (or his representative) and the presbytery (through its representative), and will be assisted by the clergy and laity in other shared ministries.

2. APPOINTMENTS

- a. When it appears that there will be a vacancy in a shared ministry, the incumbent and/or the lay leadership will notify the bishop and presbytery.
- b. Presbytery, in conjunction with the Diocese, will convene a joint needs assessment committee. This group will begin the work on a profile of the shared ministry to be given to potential applicants, along with a copy of this agreement concerning shared ministry. By mutual agreement, the joint needs assessment may be replaced by another process.
- c. Following the declaration of a vacancy, a selection committee will be established and the vacancy advertised in both denominations.
- d. The selection committee should seek the best possible person regardless of denomination. In exceptional circumstances ordained candidates of other denominations acceptable to both the bishop and presbytery may be considered. No appointment to a shared ministry will be made without the consent of both the bishop and presbytery.
- e. The process of appointment will be that of the denomination of the ordained candidate chosen and will be done in consultation with the other denomination.
- f. The term of appointment may or may not be fixed. Length of ministries will follow the usual process of a parish or pastoral charge. Due to the differences in methods of appointments, notice of a vacancy or proposed vacancy must be given very early. Ideally, this should be by the end of January in the year in which a vacancy is contemplated.
- g. Those appointed to shared ministries must be open to and in sympathy with the basic concept of that ministry as briefly outlined in this document.
- h. Those eligible for appointment to a shared ministry should normally have had a minimum of two years' experience of pastoral responsibility in their own denomination. If it is decided to appoint someone with less than two years' experience, then that person should be under appropriate supervision.
- i. Remuneration and benefits for the incumbent will be paid according to his/her denominational standards.
- j. All incumbents will be licensed and given permission to officiate according to the rites of the other denomination.
- k. Copies of this document will be given to each new appointee, and each shall be signed, and kept and filed in the appropriate denominational personnel file.

3. TRAINING

- a. The bishop and presbytery will appoint a person to orient the new incumbent to shared ministry on Vancouver Island. This person should be someone already in a shared ministry, from the other denomination. If the person coming into the shared ministry is new to the Diocese or presbytery, the bishop and chair of presbytery should ensure that there is orientation to the person's own denominational structure.
- b. It is recommended that those entering a shared ministry for the first time should have an internship of at least one month in a congregation of the other denomination prior to their appointment.
- c. Ongoing educational programs will be encouraged by the Diocese and presbytery to assist clergy and laity involved in shared ministries.
- d. An annual shared ministry consultation/conference for clergy and laity will be organized and supported by the Diocese and presbytery in consultation with the shared ministry parishes/pastoral charges. In addition to lay and clergy representatives from the shared ministries, military chaplains involved in shared ministry will be invited. Those in other expressions of shared ministry (such as Anglican-Lutheran) will also be invited to attend. From the Diocese, the bishop, diocesan finance officer, the diocesan executive Officer, and the local territorial archdeacon will be invited. From presbytery will be invited the chair and the members of the shared ministry committee. This will be convened by the chair of the shared ministry committee and the diocesan executive officer or diocesan finance officer.

4. SUPERVISION

Each denomination will ensure through their respective channels of authority the effective exercise of responsibility for the oversight of shared ministries. This will provide for the direction, support, guidance, and nurture of shared ministries and their incumbents by:

- a. the provision of persons to liaise between the Diocese and congregation, and presbytery and congregation.
- b. being a resource in the appointment of clergy.
- c. seeing that adequate training opportunities are available for both clergy and laity in shared ministry.
- d. arranging for evaluation as provided under section 11.
- e. simplifying denominational requirements in order that one joint annual report be prepared for presentation to presbytery and Diocese.
- f. being available for consultation on liturgical practice, mission/outreach, and other denominational matters.

5. RECORDS AND REPORTING

The following records are to be maintained according to denominational requirements:

- a. Minutes of all committee and congregational meetings.
- b. Audited or reviewed financial records.
- c. United Church membership roll.
- d. Roll of Anglican communicants and current list of electors.
- e. Current list of households indicating their denominational affiliation.
- f. Joint baptismal, confirmation, marriage and burial records.
- g. Vestry book in which all services will be recorded.

If financial records are kept jointly, year-end reports to each denomination will report congregational totals with a note that it is a shared ministry.

Please note that Anglican archives are kept in the archives building adjacent to the diocesan office in Victoria, while UCC archives are at the Vancouver School of Theology. Archival material need only be deposited, as appropriate, at one location, but a note of their deposit should be filed at the other archive.

6. LOCAL ORGANIZATION

- a. The offices of trustees, wardens, presbytery representatives and Synod delegates will be maintained in accordance with denominational requirements.
- b. Where there is one parish/pastoral charge committee the responsibilities of finance, stewardship, buildings, membership, worship, the duties of elders and ministry and personnel committee will be maintained.
- c. Descriptions of local arrangements should be approved by the Diocese and presbytery and kept on file at the local church and denominational offices. They should be reviewed as clergy change, and at three-year intervals after new appointments.

7. WORSHIP AND DOCTRINE

- a. Congregations are encouraged to worship as one body. In planning worship one service monthly should follow the tradition of each denomination.

- b. Baptism and confirmation must be administered according to the rites and traditions of the member's denomination.
- c. The Lord's supper, also called Holy Communion, or Eucharist, will be the principal Sunday service at least once a month.
- d. The church committee, in consultation with the incumbent, may establish a liturgical or worship committee for the planning and evaluation of worship. It will include representatives from each denomination.
- e. Recognizing the tradition of elders (U.C.) and licensed Eucharistic assistants (A.C.), any member of the congregation of suitable Christian maturity may serve in the capacity of Eucharistic assistant and/or service elder under the supervision of the incumbent and the church committee after suitable instruction. There will be an annual liturgy of commissioning for these positions during a regular worship service.

8. MARRIAGE

- a. Anglican and United Church clergy will respect their own consciences and the requirements of their denominations with regard to conducting marriage.
- b. United Church clergy will be supportive of the marriage canon of the Anglican Church of Canada and diocesan policies relating to it. There is no longer a diocesan matrimonial commission, but clergy are still required to use the forms created for the application of divorced persons seeking re-marriage by the rites of the Anglican Church.
- c. As this is a sensitive matter local congregations will be encouraged to negotiate a local statement of policy regarding marriages accepted by and deposited with both Diocese and presbytery, that will support clergy of both denominations.
- d. Where there is conflict concerning conscience or denominational requirements, the local incumbent will invite a licensed minister of the other denomination to conduct the marriage.

9. PROPERTY

- a. Where property is owned by individual denominations, it will continue to be held according to the policy of that denomination.
- b. Where property is jointly owned, the terms of agreement to hold such property will be drawn up to cover the specific situation. All such agreements shall be submitted to the presbytery and Diocese for approval. Existing arrangements shall serve as models.
- c. Provision shall be made at the local level to supervise and maintain all property and buildings and to consult about property and buildings with the denominational authority concerning denominational policy.

10. FINANCE

- a. Provision of, or changes in financial support or grants will be made only with consultation with, and the approval of, the other denomination. Consultation is therefore required between the Diocese and both presbytery and conference.
- b. In order to ensure equal participation, funding will normally be provided in equal amounts from Anglican and United Church sources, independent of the denomination of the incumbent. Information on the yearly applications will show the total amount of mission support, if any, and the portion being applied for from the respective denomination.
- c. The diocesan and presbytery assessment will be equal and of a fixed amount, agreed on by all involved, and forwarded regularly.

11. EVALUATION

- a. All shared ministries will be visited by representatives of Diocese and presbytery after the first year, at times of change of clergy, and at such other times as are mutually desirable, especially when establishing, modifying substantially, or terminating any shared ministry.
- b. Where an official evaluation is being made to a shared ministry both presbytery and Diocese shall be represented and a full report of the findings made to each body.
- c. The organizational structure of each shared ministry will be reviewed jointly by Diocese and presbytery by the shared ministry committee.

This Agreement was reviewed and endorsed unanimously by the Shared Ministry Consultation on April 28, 2005.

Agreed, on behalf of Comox Nanaimo Presbytery:

(date)

Rev. Phil Spencer, Chair of Comox Nanaimo Presbytery

Agreed on behalf of The Anglican Synod of the Diocese of BC.:

(date)

Rt. Rev. James A. J. Cowan, Bishop of British Columbia

APPENDIX "C"

SCHEDULE OF GUIDELINES FOR NOMINATING & BALLOTING PROCEDURES FOR ELECTION OF A BISHOP

1. Registration, Seating of Electors, and Scrutineers

- a. The election shall take place at the cathedral of the diocese if practicable, otherwise in a parish church of the diocese in the cathedral city designated for the purpose by the chair of the electoral synod.
- b. On the day and at the place selected personal registration of delegates will normally commence before the celebration of Holy Communion and be completed prior to the convening of the first session of the electoral Synod.
- c. Upon registration, those entitled to vote will be given an identification badge which they must wear during the entire period of the election. As soon as the names of the members of the clergy and lay representatives entitled to vote shall be ascertained, the list shall be signed by the chair of the electoral Synod. The delegates shall then be seated alphabetically by orders. Following the celebration of Holy Communion all persons who are not duly registered delegates shall withdraw from the election floor and may observe the proceedings from designated areas.
- d. The chair shall appoint scrutineers to take the ballot, as follows:
 - (i) For the clergy vote, two clerical members of Synod and one lay member of Synod.
 - (ii) For the lay vote, two lay members of Synod and one clerical member of Synod.
- e. The list of those entitled to vote shall be handed to the chair and scrutineers, and anyone not on that list shall not be entitled to vote.
- f. These procedures are the responsibility of the Electoral Procedures Committee.

2. Balloting Procedure

- a. This procedure calls for the chancellor and registrar and two lay and two clerical scrutineers, who are all Synod delegates, appointed by the chair.
- b. The following procedures assume that paper ballots are used. They may be printed with the names of the candidates for that ballot, with boxes beside them where an elector may indicate their preference, or the electors may be provided with blank pieces of paper and asked to write the name of their preferred candidate. At the discretion of the chair and upon the advice of the electoral procedures committee, other means of voting may be used, such as electronic voting, in which case the following procedures will be adapted at the direction of the chair.
- c. At the head of the centre aisle in the cathedral, there shall be one table on each side of the aisle, one for clergy, one for laity.
- d. At the clergy table, the chancellor and one lay scrutineer, and at the lay table, the registrar and one clerical scrutineer.
- e. The chancellor or registrar calls out the names of the delegates, using the delegate checkoff sheets as reference; the names can be called out more or less simultaneously with just enough staggering to avoid actual auditory interference.
- f. The delegate comes forward. The chancellor or registrar checks off the name, and the scrutineer gives one ballot to the delegate.
- g. There are three tables on each side for marking ballots; the delegate goes to one of them and marks the ballot, folds it, takes to a fourth table (one on each side) on which is the ballot box, places the ballot therein and returns up the side aisle to their seat.

- h. There is a scrutineer on each side, who monitors the three balloting tables and the ballot box on that side as well.
- i. When the process is complete, the scrutineers take the ballots into a suitable nearby room for counting.
- j. The chancellor will announce the results of each ballot.

[Regulation 1.4.01 adopted as per 100th Synod, May 29, 2021]

APPENDIX "D"

The Diocese of British Columbia Diocesan Mission Fund Guidelines

The capital of the Diocesan Mission Fund shall consist of monies donated, bequeathed or otherwise added to the fund and shall be preserved intact.

1. Purpose

The income from the Diocesan Mission Fund is to be used to support the mission of the Church in this Diocese, enabling the Diocese, its parishes and people to initiate and carry out mission projects in evangelism and outreach. Our understanding of mission is informed by the Diocesan Mission Policy Statement and the Diocesan Vision.

2. The Committee

a. Membership of the Diocesan Mission Fund Committee shall be determined in accordance with Regulation 3.07 h., namely:

- The diocesan executive officer
- The diocesan finance officer
- Not less than three (3) and no more than six (6) others to be elected by diocesan council.

These individuals are appointed at the first meeting of Diocesan Council following a Synod, on nomination from the Nominations Committee.

b. The Diocesan Executive Officer will receive applications from parishes, individuals, and groups on behalf of the Committee.

c. The Committee will meet at least quarterly, prior to the March, June, September, and December Diocesan Council meetings. The deadline for application is the first day of those months. Meetings may also be held at the call of the chair. Meetings may take place over the internet, or by e-mail. Following these meetings, the Committee may make recommendations to Diocesan Council for its consideration.

d. The chair will communicate with all applicants following the Diocesan Council meeting concerning the disposition of all applications.

3. Criteria for Recommendation for Approval

a. Applications should state clearly the project for which the funds are being requested, and its aims. They should include a proposed budget, showing projected income and expenses. They need to state how much is being requested from the Mission Fund.

b. Parishes will be encouraged to apply to the Fund for assistance in initiating parish-based, parish sponsored, and parish-run programs. Priority will be given to ventures that reach beyond the parish.

c. The Committee especially welcomes applications for Vacation Bible Schools and special youth ministry projects.

d. Applicants should describe their efforts to raise funds from other sources.

e. The Committee welcomes applications from persons commissioned by the Diocese to serve as missionary volunteers in Partner Churches of the Anglican Communion.

f. The Committee expects that persons, parishes, and groups receiving grants will report on how the project or program worked out. For persons and groups travelling outside of the Diocese, the Committee expects them to undertake to interpret the mission of the church to the people of the Diocese through various educational means while they are away and when they return home.

g. The Diocesan Mission Fund will not be used to fund capital projects, i.e. projects related to the purchase or upgrading of buildings or land.

h. Applicants should not presume on ongoing or annual funding for their projects. Mission funds should be seen as "seed" grants. Applications for continued funding may be made.

APPENDIX "E"

[Appendix E repealed and replaced by Diocesan Council November 24, 2022]

Respectful Conduct Policy

I GENERAL PROVISIONS

1. The Diocese of British Columbia undertakes to ensure that all activities and work in which it is engaged uphold the values of love, truth and justice proclaimed in the Gospel of Jesus Christ.
2. The Diocese welcomes diversity and strives to provide an environment in which each individual is treated fairly and with dignity and respect.
3. Each employee and volunteer has the right to work in an atmosphere which promotes equal opportunity, prohibits discriminatory practices and is free from bullying, harassment, discrimination and sexual misconduct.
4. Violations of this policy (including bullying and harassment, discrimination and sexual misconduct) will not be tolerated and all reasonable complaints will be investigated.
5. Pastoral care is available to any complainants, respondents, their families, or others affected within the diocesan community.
6. It is not the intention of this policy to prohibit normal social interaction, nor to prevent the Diocese from exercising, in good faith, its normal managerial/supervisory rights and responsibilities.
7. This policy applies to every bishop, priest, deacon, or lay person under the jurisdiction of the Bishop of the Diocese of British Columbia. The Canons of the Diocese of British Columbia, the Ecclesiastical Province of British Columbia and Yukon, and of the General Synod of the Anglican Church of Canada which have been, or shall be from time to time, passed, as these bear on Oaths, Licensing, Discipline, and the Exercise of Ministry, along with Appendix G and Appendix Z of the Canons of the Diocese of British Columbia, and the Bishop's Letter of Appointment and License govern the discharge of this policy.
8. All clergy, employees and volunteers are required to be familiar with this policy, and to agree in writing to adhere to it. Other organizations functioning in the name of the Church or on its property are required to adhere to this policy or an equivalent one.
9. When new clergy are appointed or diocesan and parish staff are hired, agreement to comply with all personnel policies of the church including this respectful conduct policy is required in writing as a condition of employment or appointment.
10. When volunteers for diocesan or parish boards or committees or other councils are chosen, agreement to comply with this respectful conduct policy is required as a condition of volunteering.
11. The Bishop's office oversees the orientation and ongoing training of clergy and synod office employees and volunteers concerning the workplace issues of harassment, discrimination, sexual misconduct and ethical behaviour. Churchwardens and incumbents of parishes and those in charge of other diocesan ministries are responsible for ensuring that lay employees and volunteers consent to adhere to this policy.
12. This policy statement will be reviewed every year. All employees and volunteers will be provided with a copy.
13. Any word or phrase not defined below has the same meaning as used in the Constitution, the Canons and Appendix G to the Canons.

II PROCEDURE

1. Reports of incidents or complaints of workplace bullying and harassment, or discrimination may be made verbally or in writing. Allegations of sexual misconduct should generally be made in writing.
2. It is the responsibility of the Diocese to investigate all complaints and will do so in a fair and impartial manner, providing both the Complainant and Respondent fair and equal treatment in evaluating the allegations. Allegations of conduct contrary to this policy and involving persons who are not employees or volunteers of the Diocese will be addressed on a case-by-case basis.

III BULLYING AND HARASSMENT

1. Bullying and harassment

- a) includes any inappropriate conduct or comment by a person towards another that the person knew or reasonably ought to have known would cause the other to be humiliated or intimidated, but
- b) excludes any reasonable action taken by an employer or supervisor relating to the management and direction of employees or volunteers, or the place of employment.

Examples of conduct or comments that might constitute bullying and harassment include verbal aggression or insults, calling someone derogatory names, or harmful hazing, initiation practices, vandalizing personal belongings, and spreading malicious rumors.

Bullying and harassing behavior does not include expressing differences in opinion; offering constructive feedback, guidance or advice about work-related behavior; and reasonable action taken relating to the management and direction of employees or volunteers (e.g., managing performance, taking reasonable disciplinary actions, assigning work).

2. Employees and volunteers must:

- not engage in the bullying and harassment of others
- report if bullying and harassment is observed or experienced

3. Application

This policy statement applies to all employees, including permanent, temporary, casual, contract, student workers, and to volunteers. It applies to interpersonal and electronic communications, such as email.

Individuals found guilty of bullying or harassment will be disciplined. Discipline may include suspension or dismissal and barring from attendance at any property in the diocese for a defined term or indefinitely.

4. Reporting and Investigation Procedures

The investigation process and reporting procedures are described in the link provided. Additional resources can be found at www.worksafefbc.com/bullying/.

IV DISCRIMINATION

1. Discrimination includes differences in treatment of individuals on the basis of race, colour, ancestry, place of origin, political belief, religion, marital status, family status, physical or mental disability, sex, sexual orientation, age, gender expression, gender identity, indigenous identity or criminal conviction that is unrelated to the employment of the individual.
2. The Diocese is committed to maintaining a fair and just work environment with employment equity. The Diocese strives to eliminate discrimination in all levels of employment.

3. Individuals will be entitled to be considered for employment, hired, trained, and promoted in a way that is free of discrimination that is unrelated to employment, including any systemic or deliberate practices and policies that may discriminate.

V SEXUAL MISCONDUCT

Definitions

Canon Pastor

The Canon Pastor is appointed by the Bishop and is responsible for the administration of this policy.

Complainant and Respondent

“Complainant” and “Respondent” are terms which describe the person bringing the complaint and the person who is accused of sexual misconduct.

Consent

Consent means giving permission for something to happen. Consent must be voluntary. Consent has not been given if an individual agrees to any sexual activity under threat, or if consent is obtained by fraud or through the influence of a person in authority over that person. Children cannot give consent. Consent for sexual activity is not possible in a pastoral or fiduciary relationship.

Pastoral Relationship

A pastoral relationship is a fiduciary relationship carried out in the name of or on behalf of the Diocese, Parish Church, or place of ministry, as the case may be, between a member of the Clergy, Lay Employee or Volunteer and any person to whom such Clergy, Lay Employee or Volunteer provides pastoral counselling, pastoral care, instruction in sacred music, spiritual direction, spiritual guidance or from whom the Clergy, Lay Employee or Volunteer has received confession, or confidential or privileged information. In assuming responsibility for such a relationship, the Clergy, Lay Employee or Volunteer acknowledges responsibility for the well-being of the other person, intends to respect that individual’s personal integrity and determines not to abuse the power inherent in the relationship. Any sexual activity or conduct in which a person in a pastoral relationship with another takes advantage of the vulnerability of the person under their pastoral care or other guidance or leadership, regardless of who appears to have initiated it, shall be deemed to be sexual misconduct.

Safe Church

The Safe Church program is administered by the synod office staff in collaboration with parish safe church liaisons. Safe Church training is proactive in prevention by offering resources and education that covers relevant subject matter, including but not limited to sexual misconduct and/or harassment, bullying, abuse, and social media safety. The Safe Church program also includes a screening process which requires specific persons to obtain a Police Information Check with a Vulnerable Persons Sector check and provide it to the synod office.

Sexual Assault

Sexual assault is any intentional use of force or threat of use of force and involving some form of sexual activity against another person without his/her consent. Sexual assault may be criminal in nature

Sexual Exploitation

Sexual exploitation is any form of sexual contact or invitation to sexual contact, with any person by a professional person, cleric or anyone in a position of authority, trust or power over that person whether or not there is consent from the individual (please see Consent). It may be a criminal offence. Sexual exploitation refers to the act of taking advantage of the vulnerability of a person, with whom there is a fiduciary and/or pastoral relationship (please see Pastoral Relationship), for one’s own pleasure/gain.

Sexual Harassment

Sexual harassment includes engaging in a course of vexatious comment or conduct that is known, or ought reasonably to be known, to be unwelcome. Sexual harassment is behaviour that has the effect of undermining, coercing, intimidating, humiliating or demeaning an individual on the basis of gender. It may have the effect of creating a place of ministry or

workplace which is hostile or offensive. Such behaviour may consist of a single incident or several incidents over a period of time. The harasser could be of the same or different gender as the person harassed and may be a supervisor, co-worker/minister, client, parishioner, volunteer or an external person providing service. Sexual harassment can occur in or outside the office or church building but is not limited to a work-related activity. Examples:

- threats or verbal abuse
- unwelcome sexual remarks, jokes, innuendo or taunting about a person's body or sexual orientation
- distribution by mail, fax or other electronic means of material of a sexual nature which potentially could be offensive
- displaying sexist, pornographic or derogatory pictures
- unwelcome invitations or requests or sexually suggestive remarks
- leering or other sexual gestures
- unnecessary physical contact, such as patting or pinching

Sexual Misconduct

Sexual misconduct for the purposes of this Policy is sexual exploitation, sexual harassment, or sexual assault.

Principles

1. All employees, volunteers, parishioners and others participating in parish or diocesan activities or events have the right to an environment that is free of sexual misconduct.
2. Clergy and those responsible for liturgical, pastoral, educational or recreational activities in the Diocese of British Columbia are expected to maintain ethical standards of mutual respect, responsibility and caring, as well as modelling wholeness and healthy sexuality in all their relationships with those for whom they have responsibility.
3. Professional counsellor/client relationships must be respected and maintained by all clergy and other professionals in the service of the diocese or parish in every pastoral or counselling situation. Exploitation of this trust through sexual activity, touching for sexual purposes, or the suggestion or depiction of any such activity, will not be tolerated.
4. An accused person is presumed innocent until proven guilty. The fact that either formal or informal procedures have been initiated does not create an inference of guilt.
5. As a first principle, every effort will be made on the part of all parties concerned to hold in confidence information obtained in the process of a complaint made under this policy.
6. Preserving the safety and well-being of a complainant, or others who might be affected, is a priority.
7. Anonymous complaints will generally not be investigated or acted upon. The Bishop, however, may initiate an investigation under the procedures of this policy into any situation where there is reasonable suspicion of sexual misconduct, whether or not a complaint has been made.

Prevention

1. This sexual misconduct policy is intended
 - a. to help prevent sexual misconduct from occurring;
 - b. to provide workable and fair procedures for responding to complaints of sexual misconduct; and
 - c. to provide a basis and framework for ongoing training and education on issues of sexual misconduct and the implementation of the policy.
2. The Diocese of British Columbia actively strives to prevent sexual misconduct and deal with every accusation promptly, seriously and systematically, in cooperation with the proper authorities, where appropriate. We cooperate with investigations being undertaken under the Criminal Code, B.C. Human Rights Code, or the Child, Family and Community Service Act. Nothing will be done to interfere with any of these investigations.

3. Appropriate Safe Church training and screening must be completed by all clergy and all paid parish staff. Lay persons wishing to volunteer must complete Safe Church training and screening according to their volunteer role. These roles include but are not limited to: parish council members; wardens; choir director or organist and choral scholars; treasurer, envelope secretary and all others who handle money; children and youth workers, camp leaders and volunteers; honorary assistants; pastoral visitors; refugee volunteers; volunteers at parish events; volunteers in leadership roles; and social media assistants and tech support.

Procedure

1. This sexual misconduct policy is administered by the Canon Pastor.
2. Any person with a complaint, is encouraged to come forward or seek advice, without fear of retaliation or reprisals.
3. The Bishop may initiate an investigation under the relevant procedures of this policy where there is reasonable suspicion of sexual misconduct, whether or not a complaint has been made.
4. If a person wishes to make a formal complaint under this Respectful Conduct Policy, they must notify the Canon Pastor or diocesan executive officer in writing.
5. All complaints under this policy are dealt with confidentially, within the stated guidelines. However, confidentiality may be limited as necessary for the administration of this policy, or as required by law, or where anyone is at risk, or if confidentiality is waived by the parties.
6. This policy is not intended to preclude a complainant from seeking legal counsel or seeking a criminal or civil remedy.
7. No person or persons shall knowingly make a false or vexatious complaint.
8. Details of the procedure for investigation of complaints of sexual misconduct are available on request to the Bishop's office. Generally, the Canon Pastor appoints an investigative team which submits a report to the Canon Pastor. The Canon Pastor submits the report to the Bishop. The Bishop appoints an assessment panel, to review the investigative report and prepare recommendations for action. The Bishop makes the final decision. An appeal of the Bishop's decision may be initiated to the diocesan court within thirty days.
9. Individuals found guilty of sexual misconduct will be disciplined. Discipline may include suspension or dismissal and barring from attendance at any property in the diocese for a defined term or indefinitely.
10. The nature and type of discipline are determined by the Bishop on the advice of the Bishop's assessment panel.
11. Sexual misconduct may be criminal in nature and will be dealt with seriously.
12. Where a person suspects on reasonable grounds that a child is or may be in need of protection, this suspicion must be reported to child protection authorities.
13. Where the complaint involves abuse that allegedly occurred when the adult complainant was a child, no report will be made pursuant to paragraph 12 above without the consent of the complainant unless either there is suspicion that other children are currently being abused or the person receiving the report has grave concerns for the safety of other persons.

APPENDIX "F"

RESOLUTIONS COMMITTEE GUIDELINES

1. Task

It is the responsibility of the committee:

- a. to receive, and prepare for debate, resolutions proposed for the consideration of the Synod;
- b. to ensure that proposed resolutions contain clear and concise statements of what is intended by the sponsors;
- c. to consolidate, and, if necessary, reword resolutions which deal with the same subject, after consultation with the sponsors; and
- d. generally to ensure that the resolutions do not contradict the resolutions procedures which form part of these guidelines.

2. Resolutions Procedures

- a. All resolutions not already printed in the convening circular except those of a procedural or a courtesy nature, or that arise in the course of debate, shall be written on the prescribed form and submitted to the Resolutions Committee for consideration before being put to the Synod.
- b. Where in the opinion of the Committee, there is no need for a resolution to be debated, the resolution shall be placed on a list to be known as a No Debate List. The No Debate List shall be circulated on the floor of Synod not less than 2 hours before consideration.
- c. The committee shall not debate the merits of any proposed resolutions, but will ensure that it contains a clear and concise statement of what is proposed.
- d. Any resolution presented to the committee may be accompanied by an explanatory note setting forth the considerations leading to the proposal. This note will not form part of the resolution.
- e. No resolutions shall include any preambles (i.e. "Whereas, etc. etc.").
- f. The committee is authorized to consolidate, and, if necessary, re-word resolutions which deal with the same subject, with the understanding that in doing so the committee will consult with the sponsors of the resolutions.
- g. The sponsors of any resolution which is recommended for change by the committee must be consulted and asked for their agreement to the change(s) proposed. If agreement cannot be reached the committee has authority to present its version, and the sponsors will have the opportunity to propose any amendments they believe desirable.
- h. The committee may reject, or return for amendment, any resolution it considers to be:
 - i. outside the jurisdiction of the Diocesan Synod; unclear or ambiguous;
 - ii. inaccurate;
 - iii. of a strictly local rather than a diocesan character;
 - iv. impossible of performance; or
 - v. calculated to be a source of embarrassment to the Church.
- i. No notice of motion, except one of a procedural or a courtesy nature, will be received beyond the time stated on the agenda for the reception of notices of motion except with the consent of a two-thirds majority of the Synod.

- j. Any resolution which requires the expenditure of funds, the source of which have not been identified prior to the Synod session must be referred by the sponsors to the Expenditures Committee.
- k. Normally resolutions will be dealt with in an order which is appropriate to the elements of the agenda or in the order in which they are received. However, if time for debate is limited, the Agenda Committee will decide which resolutions will go forward for debate and which should be recommended for reference to appropriate bodies other than the Synod. Motions with reference to reports from committees or commissions shall take precedence over other motions on the agenda.
- l. Resolutions on a No Debate List may be removed from the No Debate List by a member of Synod, prior to the No Debate List being brought forward for consideration, by either:
 - i. giving a written objection to the Resolutions Committee stating that objecting member will speak against the resolution; or
 - ii. providing a notice of motion in writing, duly moved and seconded, to amend the resolution; or,
 - iii. giving a written objection to the Resolutions Committee stating that objecting member requires clarification of the resolution;
- m. When a No Debate List is brought before Synod no debate shall take place on any resolution on the list and no motion to amend a resolution on the list shall be entertained. The whole list shall be put to Synod in one question. If that question shall be defeated, then each resolution shall be reconsidered individually, provided that no debate or motion to amend shall be permitted on any of those resolutions.

APPENDIX "G"

[Appendix G repealed and replaced by Diocesan Council April 28, 2022]

**DIOCESE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA
Human Resources Policy Manual**

- I GENERAL PROVISIONS
- II CLERGY
- III LAY EMPLOYEES
- IV VOLUNTEERS
- V DEFINITIONS
- VI FORMS

I GENERAL PROVISIONS

1. The Diocese is a local expression of the Anglican Church of Canada ministering on Vancouver Island, across the Gulf Islands of the Salish Sea (Strait of Georgia), Broughton Archipelago and Kingcome Inlet.
2. This manual includes the current policies of the Diocese regarding the terms and conditions of employment of Clergy and Lay Employees. The Diocese is committed to compliance with all applicable laws and regulations of Canada and British Columbia. The Diocese is also committed to compliance with the Canons and Regulations of the General, Provincial and Diocesan Synods of the Anglican Church of Canada, concerning employment standards, compensation and related procedures.
3. The Diocese is committed to maintaining a fair and just work environment with employment equity. The Diocese strives to eliminate discriminatory employment barriers in all levels of employment.
4. Individuals will be entitled to be considered for employment, hired, trained and promoted in a way that is free of barriers, including any systemic or deliberate practices and policies that may discriminate.
5. All employees are expected to conduct themselves in a manner consistent with the values of the Anglican Church of Canada, including normally accepted principles of honest and ethical behavior. Conduct of Clergy is expected to be consistent with their ordination vows and oaths.
6. All employees are required to review the Respectful Conduct Policy of the Diocese which appears in Appendix E of the Canons.
7. All employees are required to review the Information Security Policy, the Privacy Policy and the Social Media Policy.
8. All employees must exercise all reasonable care to ensure files and other documents or information within their control are secure, in compliance with the Information Security Policy.
9. All employees must exercise the utmost discretion with regard to matters which are properly confidential. Any employee who violates confidentiality shall be subject to disciplinary action up to and including immediate dismissal.
10. This manual may be amended or updated from time to time. All employees of the Diocese are bound by the manual as amended or updated and on the date of the amendment or updating. The current edition of this manual is available on the Diocesan Website.
11. The Diocese provides a written offer of employment (the "Offer Letter") describing the specific terms of employment including position description, compensation and related details.
12. Every employee is given a copy of this policy manual at the time an offer of employment is made or at the time a contract is executed (as the case may be) and is required to [acknowledge receipt](#).
13. Statutory and other Paid Holidays: Employees are entitled to paid time off on Statutory Holidays as determined by the *Employment Standards Act* of British Columbia. Lay Employees (other than those holding management positions) who are required to work on Statutory Holidays are entitled to statutory holiday pay according to the provisions of the *Employment Standards Act* of British Columbia. In addition to statutory holidays, the Diocese provides paid time off on Paid Holidays. Clergy are expected to be available on some Statutory Holidays and Paid Holidays as required by their work.
14. Maternity leave: The Diocese is committed to supporting its employees in their work and family life and recognizes the unique situation brought about by pregnancy. Pregnant employees will be granted maternity leave pursuant to the *Employment Standards Act* of British Columbia. For Clergy, Form C-1 is required to be completed and sent to

the Archdeacon for the Region where the Clergy is employed with a copy to the Bishop's office, at least three months in advance of the date of the leave. For Lay Employees, Form L-1 is required to be completed and sent to the employee's Supervisor, at least three months in advance of the date of the leave.

15. Parental leave: The Anglican Diocese is committed to supporting its employees in their work and family life. The church recognizes the unique situation brought about by new parenthood and provides leave for new parents. Clergy will be granted parental leave pursuant to the *Employment Standards Act* of British Columbia. For Clergy, Form C-1 is required to be completed and sent to the Archdeacon for the Region where the Clergy is employed with a copy to the Bishop's office, at least three months in advance of the date of the leave. For Lay Employees, Form L-1 is required to be completed and sent to the employee's Supervisor, at least three months in advance of the date of the leave.

II CLERGY

1. RECRUITMENT

Clergy are recruited in a process established by the Bishop from time to time, and by the authority of the Bishop.

A probationary period of three months will apply to Clergy who are newly hired in the Diocese, as described in the Offer Letter.

2. HOURS OF WORK

The average working hours for full-time Clergy are forty (40) hours per week. Clergy may work more than an average work week from time to time due to the nature of the work being undertaken and are expected to work the hours required to complete their work. It is the responsibility of the Bishop, the Regional Archdeacons and the Churchwardens to provide guidance on Clergy workloads in order to avoid situations where the workload becomes unreasonable. Clergy are managers within the meaning of the *Employment Standards Act* of British Columbia and are therefore exempt from overtime requirements.

3. VACATION

- (a) The Diocese recognizes the benefit of vacation as it provides time to rest and reflect and promotes a healthy work-life balance. Accordingly, Clergy are encouraged to take their full vacation entitlement each year.
- (b) Clergy are entitled to paid vacation each year based on years of service as determined by the Bishop. Factors considered include date of ordination into Holy Orders in the Anglican Church of Canada and active service in licensed ministry.
- (c) The minimum vacation entitlement for Clergy is four weeks each year; effective 2023 increasing to five weeks after five years of service and increasing again to six weeks after ten years of service. Vacation may be taken at any time during the year, provided advance written notice has been given. The Diocese reserves the right to designate times of the year when vacations may or may not be taken.
- (d) Clergy proposing vacation should take into consideration the responsibilities of their position and must consult the Churchwardens in their Parish and the Archdeacon of their Region before confirming plans. Form C-1 is required to be completed and sent to the Archdeacon for the Region where the Clergy is employed with a copy to the Bishop's office, at least four weeks before the start of any proposed vacation.
- (e) Clergy wishing to carry-over any unused vacation must seek the prior consent of the Bishop. Any carry over vacation must be taken by December 31st of the following year and must be taken prior to the current year's vacation entitlement.

- (f) If an employee becomes ill during a period of annual vacation, the vacation can be converted to sick leave on presentation of a validating doctor's certificate (if the employee has available sick time).

4. SICK LEAVE

Clergy are entitled to accumulate sick leave with pay at a rate of one week per quarter year of employment to a maximum accumulation of one month. A doctor's certificate may be required. In the event of an illness that continues for more than 30 days, an application for Short Term Disability benefits must be completed and sent to the Archdeacon for the Region where the Clergy is employed with a copy to the Bishop's office.

5. CONTINUING EDUCATION LEAVE & EXTENDED STUDY LEAVE

- (a) Clergy are entitled to one week of paid continuing education leave each year in addition to annual vacation. Continuing education leave is non-cumulative and does not include participation in mandatory diocesan educational events. Clergy proposing education leave should take into consideration the responsibilities of their position and consult the Archdeacon of their Region before confirming plans. Form C-1 is required to be completed and sent to the Archdeacon for the Region where the Clergy is employed with a copy to the Bishop's office, at least four weeks before the start of any proposed education leave.
- (b) Clergy are also entitled to six weeks of paid extended study leave every five years. Clergy proposing extended study leave should take into consideration the responsibilities of their position and consult the Archdeacon of their Region before confirming plans. Form C-1 is required to be completed and sent to the Archdeacon for the Region where the Clergy is employed with a copy to the Bishop's office, at least three months before the start of any proposed extended study leave.
- (c) Clergy are entitled to education leave and extended study leave in addition to annual vacation.

6. CONTINUING EDUCATION PLAN

All permanent Clergy participate in the General Synod Continuing Education Plan which provides funding for continuing education. Contributions are made as required by the plan administrator.

7. TRAVEL

Clergy's salary includes the cost of normal parish-related travel. The cost of operating a motor vehicle on parish business may be deducted for income tax purposes as described in the *Income Tax Act*. Clergy who are required to travel more than usual parish business as part of assigned responsibilities are entitled to reimbursement for use of a personal vehicle at the rate set by the Finance Committee of the Diocese and for all other expenses incurred during the course of travel, providing they are deemed reasonable.

8. SUPPORT AND REVIEW

The Bishop meets with Clergy to discuss the mission, goals and objectives of their Parish Church, and to discuss any challenges or difficulties encountered during the year. Archdeacons assist the Bishop in the oversight of the Diocese, including consultation, supervision, guidance and pastoral support to all Clergy in their respective Regions. The Archdeacon in each Region holds periodic regional meetings, giving the Archdeacon and the Clergy in the Region an opportunity to provide support and exchange ideas.

9. RETIREMENT

Clergy may retire upon three months' written notice to the Archdeacon for the Region where the Clergy is employed with a copy to the Bishop's office.

III LAY EMPLOYEES

1. RECRUITMENT

Parish Churches recruit Lay Employees based on merit. Job descriptions and salaries are consistent with guidelines established by the Diocese.

2. PROBATION

At the end of three months probationary period, Lay Employees receive a written evaluation and notice of having:

- (a) satisfactorily completed the probationary period,
- (b) their employment terminated, or
- (c) been placed on a further three months probationary period.

3. HOURS OF WORK

Regular working hours are detailed in the offer of employment. Working hours may be adjusted or increased in the event of increases in workload or emergency. Notice of any adjustment in working hours will be provided as much as possible in the circumstances.

Regular hours of employment may be adjusted, or flexible work schedules established to better suit the work to be performed. Any changes to regular working hours will be set in consultation with the Lay Employee.

Lay Employees (other than those holding management positions) who may be required to work overtime will be compensated in compliance with the provisions of the *Employment Standards Act* of British Columbia.

4. VACATION

- (a) The Diocese recognizes the benefit of vacation as it provides time to rest and reflect and promotes a healthy work-life balance. Accordingly, Lay Employees are encouraged to take their full vacation entitlement each year.
- (b) The Diocese provides Lay Employees with at least as much vacation pay and time off for vacation as they are entitled to in accordance with the *Employment Standards Act* of British Columbia.
- (c) Lay Employees arranging vacations should take into consideration the responsibilities of their position. Prior approval is required for the proposed scheduling of vacation. Form L-1 must be completed and provided to the employee's Supervisor, at least two weeks before the start of any proposed vacation.

Incumbent	a member of the Clergy who is responsible for a parish church
Information Security Policy	the Diocesan policy on information security; the current version of which is on the Website
Lay Employee	a person who is not ordained occupying a position established in the Diocese who is fulfilling the duties of the position and who has accepted a written offer of employment and is receiving Compensation for services rendered
Offer Letter	a letter describing the specific terms of employment including position description, compensation and related details
Paid Holidays	Easter Monday and Boxing Day
Parish Church	one of the churches in the Diocese
Priest	member of the Clergy appointed by the Bishop.
Privacy Policy	the Diocesan policy on privacy; the current version of which is on the Website
Region	currently one of four regions in the Diocese, namely: Cowichan Mid-Vancouver Island; Western, Peninsula & Gulf Islands; Greater Victoria; and, Mid-North Islands
Respectful Conduct Policy	the Diocesan policy on creating and maintaining a safe and respectful work environment, encompassing the topics of sexual misconduct, discrimination, bullying and personal harassment; the current version of which is on the Website
Salary	money paid to an Employee for services rendered as outlined in the offer of employment
Social Media Policy	the Diocesan policy on social media; the current version of which is on the Website
Statutory Holiday	New Year's Day, Family Day, Good Friday, Victoria Day, Canada Day, British Columbia Day, Labour Day, Thanksgiving Day, Remembrance Day and Christmas Day
Stipend	Salary paid to Clergy
Supervisor	the person to whom a Lay Employee reports, as described in the Offer Letter
Volunteer	a person filling a position for which no Compensation is offered or received
Website	the Diocesan website found at www.bc.anglican.ca

VI FORMS
(continued on pages 141-142)



900 Vancouver Street
Victoria BC V8V 3V7
p 250.386.7781 tf 1.800.582.8627
w bc.anglican.ca

FORM C-1
CLERGY ABSENCE REQUEST

Name: _____

Parish: _____

Check:	Short absences:	Proposed start date and end date:
<input type="checkbox"/>	Vacation	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Continuing Education	
Check:	Long-term absences:	Proposed start date and end date:
<input type="checkbox"/>	Maternity*	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Parental*	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Extended Medical Leave*	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Extended Study*	

*The bishop's office will arrange and appoint appropriate parish coverage for long-term absences.

For short absences, please describe your parish coverage plan:

Clergy Signature: _____

Date: _____

Please submit to your Regional Archdeacon and the bishop's office for approval at least four (4) weeks before the proposed start date for short absences and at least three (3) months before the proposed start date for long-term absences. Upon approval, this form must be forwarded to the payroll department (payroll@bc.anglican.ca).

Approval by Regional Archdeacon

Archdeacon name: _____ Date: _____

Signature: _____



900 Vancouver Street
Victoria BC V8V 3V7
p 250.386.7781 tf 1.800.582.8627
w bc.anglican.ca

**FORM L-1
LAY EMPLOYEE ABSENCE REQUEST**

Name: _____

Parish: _____

Check:	Type of planned absence:	Proposed start date and end date:
<input type="checkbox"/>	Vacation	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Professional Development	
Check:	Long-term absences:	Proposed start date and end date:
<input type="checkbox"/>	Extended Medical Leave*	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Maternity*	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Parental*	

*The incumbent and/or wardens will arrange appropriate parish coverage for long-term absences.

For short absences, please describe your parish coverage plan:

Employee Signature: _____ Date: _____

Please submit to your Supervisor for approval at least two (2) weeks before the proposed start date for short absences and at least three (3) months before the proposed start date of long-term absences. Upon approval, this form must be forwarded to the payroll department (payroll@bc.anglican.ca).

Approval by Supervisor

Supervisor name: _____ Date: _____

Signature: _____

FORM A-1
DIOCESAN POLICY ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

By initialing beside the policies listed below, I, _____
(PRINT CLEARLY) acknowledge that I have received and reviewed these policies in their entirety. I understand the scope, intent and principles outlined in the policies and will, to the best of my ability, adhere to them in all respects.

Initial:

- _____ Human Resource Policy Manual
- _____ Respectful Conduct Policy
- _____ Information Security Policy
- _____ Privacy Policy
- _____ Social Media Policy

Signature

Witness

Signed on (month/day/year): _____

APPENDIX “H”

[Deleted 101st Synod 2023]

**THE ANGLICAN SYNOD OF THE DIOCESE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA
DIOCESAN STIPEND RANGE**

Obtain current stipend range from the Diocesan Finance Officer

Steps to Parish Revitalization - Supporting our Parishes

The Diocese of British Columbia is a family of parishes and congregations who love, support, encourage and affirm one another in our common commitment to the mission of God in the world. Each parish and congregation is a missionary outpost called to be an active, vibrant and thriving community of faith that advances the gospel of God's love for all people and witnesses both the Christian faith and our Anglican heritage to the people of the Province of British Columbia.

On occasion individual parishes and congregations may require special assistance in advancing this mission, particularly in the areas of stewardship and church finances. Therefore, it is not inappropriate for the diocese to reach out and offer parishes a helping hand in becoming faithful stewards of their finances and property.

Of course, all of us in the diocese are stewards of all that God has given us, and this includes parish rectors and wardens who act as trustees of the diocese rather than autonomous entities. So when a parish is in financial difficulty - struggling to pay its bills, to meet its obligations and to engage in meaningful ministry in the community - the diocese may act to renew and restore the parish to new life, if at all possible. If that option does not prove feasible, then the diocese must still protect persons and property, for future ministry opportunities as the need arises.

In the Anglican family of churches, what affects one parish impacts all parishes. Therefore, when a parish is unable to pay its FSA for four months in any twelve-month period, an appropriate diocesan pastoral response is required, and especially so when a parish is no longer able to function in any viable way. Because of the urgency of the matter, the diocesan response should be completed in a maximum of eight weeks. Moreover, a parish that requires diocesan intervention twice within a three-year period should be considered terminal, unless countervailing vital signs are evident.

The pastoral process for assisting parishes in financial difficulty is as follows:

1. Conversation in person by the Executive Officer of the Diocese and the Chair of the Finance Committee with wardens and rector to identify the issues and nature of the crisis. This conversation should seek to affirm and build up the parish, while at the same time reviewing the parish plan and financial capabilities to evaluate viability. A diocesan trustee should be appointed to assist the parish in all aspects of parish ministry, especially in financial priorities and decision-making.

The trustee should be appointed within the first two weeks following the opening conversation. A report would be made to Diocesan Council. The trustee will work collaboratively with the rector and current wardens in consultation with the Bishop.

2. In an attempt at open communication and transparency, a special vestry meeting will be called and facilitated by the trustee of the office of the bishop. The trustee will report findings in writing to the bishop, diocesan council and finance committee within two weeks of completion of step 1.

3. In an attempt at a parish turnaround, the trustee of the diocese in collaboration with the rector and wardens will oversee the management of all parish finances, including income and expenditures for the interim period of a minimum of six months. If deemed necessary by the trustee, an interim management team including a priest or deacon and wardens may be installed for a six-month period.

4. Develop a new plan of future possibilities, such as parish restructuring and revitalization, assuming the ministry of another parish, merging with an adjacent parish and, as a last resort, the termination of the parish as appropriate.

Other Considerations:

- Institute annual mutual ministry reviews of each parish starting in 2009.
- Staff of the diocese should be considered resource personnel rather than interveners.
- Change the remuneration of clergy from solely based on years of service to be based on a new formula that takes into account such factors as:
 1. Average weekly worship attendance,
 2. The requirements of the existing, or new establishing parish plan
 3. The number of identifiable givers (stewardship level),
 4. The complexity and size of the parish,
 5. Budget size.

APPENDIX "J"

Regional Ministry Project

1. Each Parish assesses Mission & Ministry needs within the parish and/or the Region, possibly using the Questionnaire found in the "Assessment Kit."
2. A Parish may decide on a mission project for the Region, and write a proposal for presentation to the Parishes of the Region.
3. The Proposal is sent to representatives of every parish in the Region and to the Bishop, inviting attendance at a regional meeting and stating the date, time and place of the meeting.

Representatives include:
 - all active clergy within the region.
 - Synod Delegates from each parish within the region.
 - (other members from each parish may attend the meeting)
4. A Steering Committee (SC) made up of persons with expertise and/or interest in the project is appointed.
5. The SC names a Chairperson, and completes a feasibility study of the project. This feasibility study or "assessment kit" could include some of the following questions:
 - a. What is the area of ministry? (eg. pastoral, youth, education, parish, community...)
 - b. Briefly stated, what is the ministry's goal?
 - c. What need does this ministry fill for whom, what numbers?
 - d. How did this need come about?
 - e. What type of expertise is required & is this available in a parish?
 - f. What type of facility may be required & is it available in a parish?
 - g. What funding is required - what is the proposed budget what is the source of funding?
 - h. How would the project be administered?
 - i. When is the proposed starting date & what is the short-term plan?
 - j. How long will the project run & what is the long-term plan?
 - k. How and when will the project's effectiveness be evaluated?
6. The SC's written feasibility study report is presented to a meeting of the regional group with a copy of the report going to the Bishop.
7. Parish representatives arrange for the proposal & feasibility study to be presented to their own Parish Councils for study and decision.
8. Parish representatives pass on their parish's decision about the project to the Chairperson of the Steering Committee for action in accordance with Section 5, sub-sections g., h., & i.

It is suggested that a Regional Ministry Diocesan Advisory Group be formed. Membership of this group would be two people from Finance Committee and two people from Program Committee. The purpose of the Advisory Group would be to be available to assist parishes and regional groups in working through the process outlined in points 1 - 8 of this document.

Diocese of British Columbia PRIVACY POLICY AND PROCEDURES

I. POLICY

The Diocese, including its offices, agencies, parishes, employees, volunteers and other representatives, will adhere to the provisions of the *Personal Information Protection Act (PIPA)* relating to the collection, accuracy, protection, use, retention, archival transfer and disclosure of personal information.

As defined in the *Act*, personal information consists of all data about an identifiable individual, including employees but excluding their work contact information and work product information. Among other individuals, the Diocese holds personal information of employees, volunteers, other representatives, parishioners and donors.

I. Consent

In accordance with Part 3 of *P/PA*, the Diocese will collect, use and disclose the personal information of an individual for reasonable, specified purposes if the person has provided consent, has been provided notice and given a reasonable opportunity to decline, or as otherwise authorized under the *Act*. The form of consent will be appropriate for the degree of sensitivity of the personal information. The specific type of collection, use or disclosure will cease on the subsequent withdrawal of consent unless the information is required by the Diocese to meet a legal obligation.

In accordance with section 8 of the *Act*, an individual is deemed to have provided consent if, at the time that the consent is deemed to have been given, the purpose would have been considered obvious to a reasonable person.

ii. Collection

The Diocese will collect personal information in compliance with Part 4 of *P/PA*, along with the general guidelines under Consent (above). A reasonable amount of personal information will be gathered only for acceptable purposes, and must be gathered directly from the individual concerned after the person has been informed of the purposes of the collection.

iii. Use

Personal information will be utilized in accordance with Part 5 of *P/PA*, along with the general guidelines under Consent (above). It may be used only for the purposes for which it was collected unless an individual consents to a new use or the *Act* authorizes a new use without consent.

iv. Disclosure

Personal information will be disclosed in accordance with Part 5 of *PIPA*, along with the general guidelines under Consent (above). It may be disclosed only for the purposes for which it was collected unless an individual consents to a new disclosure or *PIPA* authorizes a new disclosure without consent. In accordance with the *Act*, under prescribed conditions some personal information may be disclosed for research and statistical purposes.

Personal information may be released for archival or historical purposes if its disclosure is not too sensitive, a research agreement meeting prescribed requirements is in place, the information is about someone who has been dead for twenty or more years, or the information is in a record which has been in existence for one hundred or more years.

v. Accuracy

In accordance with Part 9 of *P/PA*, the Diocese make a reasonable effort to ensure that personal information is accurate and complete if it is likely to be used to make a decision which affects the individual to whom it relates or is likely to be legally disclosed to another organization.

vi. Protection

Personal information will be protected in accordance with Part 9 of *P/PA*, through reasonable security arrangements to prevent its unauthorized access, collection, use, disclosure, copying, modification or disposal. With the exception of officially designated archival records, documents containing personal information will be destroyed in a secure manner (including shredding of hard copy records, secure destruction of computer disks, etc.).

vii. Retention

In accordance with Part 9 of *P/PA*, the Diocese must destroy or anonymize its documents containing personal information as soon as the purpose for which it was collected is no longer being served, and retention is no longer needed for additional legal or business purposes. However, if the personal information is used to make a decision which directly affects an individual, it must be retained at least one year after its use so that the individual has a reasonable opportunity to gain access to it. Retention of officially designated archival records is considered a business purpose.

II. REQUEST AND COMPLAINT PROCESS

In accordance with sections 5,23 and 24 of *P/PA*, individuals may access their own personal information subject to limited exceptions, and may enquire about its use by the Diocese. They may also register a complaint, and request that an error or omission be corrected. All enquiries must be made to the Bishop in writing. A request or complaint must provide sufficient detail to identify all relevant personal information.

Fees may be assigned to recover the administrative cost of responding to a request.

As *PIPA* requires the designation of one or more Privacy Officers, the Bishop has appointed the Executive Officer and the Director of Administration and Finance to provide privacy advice and assistance.

Also as required under the *Act*, the following contact information is provided:

Address: 900 Vancouver Street. Victoria British Columbia V8V 3W, Canada

Office hours: 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.

Telephone (250) 386-7781

Fax (250) 386-4013

E-mail: Synod@bc.anglican.ca

APPENDIX “L”

GUIDELINES: THE SALE OF RECTORIES AND THE USE OF FUNDS

Preface

From time to time, the diocese may at the request of a parish sell a rectory for any variety of reasons. The sale proceeds are required to be invested under the parish’s name in the Consolidated Trust Fund as a separate Rectory Trust. These guidelines reflect the current practices and considerations regarding the decision to sell a rectory and the use of funds from the disposition of a rectory.

Intent of Owning Rectories

The “housing” component is an important part of the compensation package. This component was originally satisfied through the parish rectory. In recent years, some parishes and their incumbents have chosen to sell the rectory and provide the incumbent with a housing allowance instead.

Rectories are owned by the diocese (Canon 6.3) and monies derived from their sale are invested in the Consolidated Trust Fund. The parish receives quarterly income payments from the Rectory Trust and it is applied towards offsetting the clergy’s housing allowance stipend.

Use of Funds from the Sale of a Rectory:

The following practices are followed when selling a rectory:

1. The selling of a rectory, like the selling of any property in the diocese, must be done according to Canon 6.11.
2. The net proceeds are used to purchase units in the Consolidated Trust Fund.
3. Diocesan Council (with guidance from the Investment and Finance Committees) sets a payment rate and any returns generated by the fund in excess of the payout are reflected in an increase in the unit value.
4. The investment payment is distributed quarterly to the parish to use towards the housing allowance of the incumbent.

Accessing Rectory Fund Capital

Ongoing proper church maintenance is important in the stewardship of the asset. Capital improvements are required as the original building structure and components approach a stage of replacement due to age, lack of proper maintenance or inefficiency.

Parishes with Rectory Trusts will be permitted to access a cumulative maximum of \$35,000 from their trust to perform approved capital improvements. A capital improvement will meet the definition set out in this policy and will require approval from the Diocesan Asset Manager. A parish should consider the loss of income from funds withdrawn and the reduction of monies available for payment of the incumbent’s housing allowance.

All withdrawals from the Consolidated Trust Fund require approval by the Finance Committee and Diocesan Council. Any request to access the funds should be initiated at least 30 days prior to requiring the monies to allow co-ordination with Committee’s and Council’s monthly meetings.

For amounts in excess of \$20,000, the Diocesan Asset Manager will provide additional details of the proposed capital improvements to Finance Committee and Diocesan Council for approval as set out in Canons. For other capital improvements made by parishes, the Diocesan Asset Manager will need assurance that work is done by competent construction workers that have evidence of liability insurance and up to date WorkSafe BC filings.

Capital Improvements include:

Mechanical, Electrical and Structural improvements
Windows and Doors
Roof Replacement
Kitchen Upgrades
Flooring Upgrades and Replacement
Building Envelope Work of a Capital Nature
Exterior Painting of Buildings
Site Work of a Capital Nature

This policy will be in effect until such time as revisions are determined necessary.

APPENDIX “2”

CANONS OF THE GENERAL SYNOD

The following Canons of the General Synod of the Anglican Church of Canada are binding upon this Synod. Copies are attached.

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| Canon XII | Continuing Education Plan
Appendix I - Regulations for the Operation of the Continuing Education Plan |
| Canon XVII | The Issue of Licences; Registers, Inhibitions and Transfers |
| Canon XVIII | Discipline |
| Canon XIX | Relinquishment or Abandonment of the Ministry |
| Canon XXI | On Marriage in the Church |